University of Mumbai



No. UG/44 of 2019-20

CIRCULAR:-

Attention of the Principals of the Affiliated Colleges, Directors of the recognized Institutions in Science & Technology Faculty is invited to this office Circular No. UG/249 of 2010 dated 12th August, 2010 relating to the revised syllabus of Fourth Year (Sem.VII & VIII) of the

They are hereby informed that the recommendations made by the Board of Studies in Civil Engineering at its meeting held on 11th April, 2019 have been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 15th April, 2019 vide item No. 4.51 and that in accordance therewith, the revised syllabus as per the (CBCGS) for the B.E. Civil Engineering (Sem. VII & VIII) has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2019-20, accordingly. (The same is available on the University's website www.mu.ac.in).

MUMBAI - 400 032 oth July, 2019 To

low (Dr. Ajay Deshmukh) REGISTRAR

The Principals of the affiliated Colleges, and Directors of the recognized Institutions in Science & Technology Faculty. (Circular No. UG/334 of 2017-18 dated 9th January, 2018.)

A.C/4.51/15/04/2019

No. UG/44 -A of 2018-19

MUMBAI-400 032

9th July, 2019

Copy forwarded with Compliments for information to:-

1) The I/c Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology,

2) The Chairman, Board of Studies in Civil Engineering,

3) The Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation,

4) The Director, Board of Students Development,

5) The Co-ordinator, University Computerization Centre,

chom

(Dr. Ajay Deshmukh) REGISTRAR

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Revised syllabus (Rev- 2016) from Academic Year 2016 -17

Under

FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY

Civil Engineering

Second Year with Effect from A.Y. 2017-18

Third Year with Effect from A.Y. 2018-19

Final Year with Effect from A.Y. 2019-20

As per Choice Based Credit and Grading System

with effect from the A.Y. 2016–17

Dean, Faculty of Science and Technology

Preamble:

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome-based education in the process of curriculum development. Faculty of Technology, University of Mumbai, in one of its meeting unanimously resolved that, each Board of Studies shall prepare some Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) and give freedom to affiliated Institutes to add few (PEOs). It is also resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. It was also resolved that, maximum senior faculty from colleges and experts from industry to be involved while revising the curriculum. I am happy to state that, each Board of studies has adhered to the resolutions passed by Faculty of Technology and developed curriculum accordingly. In addition to outcome-based education, semester-based credit and grading system is also introduced to ensure quality of engineering education. Choice based Credit and Grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. University of Mumbai has taken a lead in implementing the system through its affiliated Institutes and Faculty of Technology has devised a transparent credit assignment policy and adopted ten points scales to grade learner's performance. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and remaining 2-3 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc. Choice based Credit and grading system is implemented from the academic year 2016-17 through optional courses at department and institute level. This will be effective for SE, TE and BE from academic year 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 respectively.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande

Dean(I/c) Faculty of Science and Technology,

Member - Academic Council,

University of Mumbai, Mumbai

Chairman

Preamble:

Engineering education in India is expanding and is set to increase manifold. The major challenge in the current scenario is to ensure quality to the stakeholders along with expansion. To meet this challenge, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education and reflects the fact that in achieving recognition, the institution or program of study is committed and open to external review to meet certain minimum specified standards. The major emphasis of this accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. Program outcomes are essentially a range of skills and knowledge that a student will have at the time of graduation from the program. In line with this Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating the philosophy of outcome-based education in the process of curriculum development. As the Chairman, Board of Studies in Civil Engineering of the University of Mumbai, I am happy to state here that, the Program Educational Objectives for Undergraduate Program were finalized in a brain storming session, which was attended by more than 40 members from different affiliated Institutes of the University. They are either Heads of Departments or their senior representatives from the Department of Civil Engineering. The Program Educational Objectives finalized for the undergraduate program in Civil Engineering are listed below; 1. To prepare the Learner with a sound foundation in the mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals 2. To motivate the Learner in the art of self-learning and to use modern tools for solving real life problems 3. To inculcate a professional and ethical attitude, good leadership qualities and commitment to social responsibilities in the Learner's thought process 4. To prepare the Learner for a successful career in Indian and Multinational Organisations In addition to Program Educational Objectives, for each course of the program, objectives and expected outcomes from a learner's point of view are also included in the curriculum to support the philosophy of outcome-based education. I strongly believe that even a small step taken in the right direction will definitely help in providing quality education to the major stakeholders.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande

Chairman, Board of Studies in Civil Engineering,

University of Mumbai

University of Mumbai

Scheme of Instructions and Examination

Second Year Engineering (Civil Engineering)

(With effect from 2017- 2018)

(Semester-III)

		Т	eaching Sche	eme	Credits Assigned				
Subject	Subject Name	(Contact Hou	rs)					
Coue		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
CE-C301	Applied Mathematics -III*	4	-	1	4	-	1	5	
CE-C302	Surveying- I	4	2	-	4	1	-	5	
CE-C303	Strength of Materials	4	2	-	4	1	-	5	
CE-C304	Engineering Geology	3	2	-	3	1	-	4	
CE-C305	Fluid Mechanics-I	3	2	-	3	1	-	4	
Total		18	8	1	18	4	1	23	

					Exam	ination Scl	heme		
				Theor	·у				
Subject	Subject Name	Interr	nal Asse	essment	End	Exam	TW	Oral &	Total
Code		Test1	Test2	Avg	Sem	Duration		Practical	
					Exam				
CE-C301	Applied Mathematics- III	20	20	20	80	3	25	-	125
CE-C302	Surveying- I	20	20	20	80	3	25	25**	150
CE-C303	Strength of Materials	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
CE-C304	Engineering Geology	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
CE-C305	Fluid Mechanics -I	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
Total				100	400	-	125	100	725

*Common with Mechanical/ Automobile/ Mechatronics

** For the course 'Surveying-I (CE-C 302)", the oral examination will be conducted in conjunction with practical/s

University of Mumbai Scheme of Instructions and Examination

Second Year Engineering (Civil Engineering)

(With effect from 2017-2018)

(Semester -IV)

		Teachin	g Scheme	(Contact	Credits Assigned				
Subject	Subject Name		Hours)						
Code		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
CE-C401	Applied Mathematics-IV*	4	-	1	4	-	1	5	
CE-C402	Surveying-II	3	3	-	3	1.5	-	4.5	
CE-C403	Structural Analysis-I	4	2	-	4	1	-	5	
CE-C404	Building Design & Drawing	2	3	-	2	1.5	-	3.5	
CE-C405	Building Materials & Construction Technology	4	2	-	4	1	-	5	
CE-C406	Fluid Mechanics-II	3	2	-	3	1	-	4	
Total		20	12	1	20	6	1	27	

]	Exami	nation Sch	eme		
Subject				Theor	·у				
Code	Subject Name	Intern	Internal Assessment			Exam	TW	Oral &	Total
		Test1 Test2 Avg.		Avg.	Sem	Duration		Practical	
					Exam	(in Hrs)			
CE-C401	Applied Mathematics- IV*	20	20	20	80	3	25		125
CE-C402	Surveying-II	20	20	20	80	3	50	25**	175
CE-C403	Structural Analysis-I	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
CE-C404	Building Design & Drawing	20	20	20	80	4	25	25@	150
CE-C405	Building Materials & Construction Technology	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
CE-C406	Fluid Mechanics-II	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
Total				120	480		175	125	900

* Common with Mechanical/ Automobile/ Mechatronics

** For the course 'Surveying-II (CE-C 402), the oral examination will be conducted in conjunction with practical/s

@ For the course 'Building Design and Drawing (CE-C 404)', the oral examination shall be conducted in conjunction with the sketching examination.

University of Mumbai Scheme of Instructions and Examination

Third Year Engineering (Civil Engineering)

(With effect from 2018- 2019)

(Semester -V)

Subject	Subject Name	Teachi (Cont	ing Scho act Hou	eme Irs)	Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Practs.	Tut.	Theory	Practs.	Tut.	Total	
CE-C501	Structural Analysis – II	4	2		4	1		5	
CE-C502	Geotechnical Engineering – I	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C503	Applied Hydraulics	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C504	Environmental Engineering -I	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C505	Transportation Engineering – I	3	2		3	1		4	
CE- DLO506X	Department Level Optional Course – I	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C507	Business and Communication Ethics		4#			2		2	
	Total	19	16		19	8	-	27	

					Exami	nation Scl	heme			
				Theor	сy					
Subject	Subject Name	Internal Assessment End				Exam.	Term			
Code		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	Duration	Work	Practs	Oral	Total
					Exam.	(In Hrs.)		•		
CE-C501	Structural Analysis-II	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-C502	Geotechnical	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
	Engineering – I	20	20	20	00	5	25		25	150
CE-C503	Applied	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
	Hydraulics	20	20	20	80	5	23		25	150
CE-C504	Environmental	20	20	20	00	2	25		25	150
	Engineering -I	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-C505	Transportation	•	•	•		2				1 = 0
	Engineering – I	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-	Department Level	20	20	20	00	2	0.5		25	150
DLO506X	Optional Course -I	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-C507	Business and									
	Communication Ethics						50*			50
	Total			120	480		200		150	950

University of Mumbai Scheme of Instructions and Examination Third Year Engineering (Civil Engineering) (With effect from 2018- 2019) (Semester -VI)

Subject	Subject Name	Teachi (Conta	ng Scho act Hou	eme 1rs)	Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract	Tut.	Theory	Practs	Tut.	Total	
CE-C601	Geotechnical Engineering. – II	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C602	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures	4	2		4	1		5	
CE-C603	Transportation Engineering. – II	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C604	Environmental Engineering. – II	3	2		3	1		4	
CE-C605	Water Resource Engineering –I	3	2		3	1		4	
CE- DLO606X	Department Level Optional Course – II	3	2		3	1	-	4	
CE-C607	Software Applications in Civil Engineering		2			1		1	
	Total		14		19	7		26	

		Examination Scheme										
Subject				Theo	ry							
Code	Subject Name	Internal Assessment			End Sem.	Exam. Duration	Term	Pract.	Oral	Tatal		
		Test1	Test2	Avg	Exam	(InHrs.)	VV UI K			10181		
CE-C601	Geotechnical Engineering-II	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150		
CE-C602	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures	20	20	20	80	4	25		25 [@]	150		
CE-C603	Transportation Engineering- II	20	20	20	80	3	25			125		
CE-C604	Environmental Engineering-II	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150		
CE-C605	Water Resource Engineering-I	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150		
CE- DLO606X	Department Level Optional Course-II	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150		
CE-C607	Software Applications in Civil Engineering						25		25	50		
	Total	120	120	120	480		175		150	925		

For the course 'Business and Communication Ethics (CE- C507), although 04 (Four) clock hours are mentioned under the head of Practical, 02 (Two) clock hours out of these 04 (Four) clock hours may be utilized as the Theory at the Institute/ College Level so as to enable the instructor (teacher) to impart the theoretical aspects of the said course. Accordingly, the provision may be made in the Time Table.

* Further, the oral examination in respect of the course 'Business and Communication Ethics (CE-C 507)' will be an internal oral and will be conducted in conjunction with seminar/ presentation.

@ For the course, Design and Drawing of Steel Structures (CE-C 602), the oral examination will be conducted in conjunction with sketching.

Department Level Optional Course –I	Department Level Optional Course- II
CE-DLO5061: Advanced Surveying	CE-DLO6061: Advanced Construction Equipment
CE-DLO5062: Advanced Concrete Technology	CE-DLO6062: Traffic Engineering and Management
CE-DLO5063: Building Services and Repairs	CE-DLO6063: Ground Improvement Techniques
CE-DLO5064: Advanced Structural Mechanics	CE-DLO6064: Advanced Structural Analysis

University of Mumbai Scheme of Instructions and Examination Fourth Year Engineering (Civil Engineering) (With effect from 2019-2020) (Semester -VII)

Subject	Subject Name	Teach (Cont	ing Sche tact Hou	Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Practs.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
CE-C701	Quantity Survey Estimation and Valuation	4	2		4	1	-	5
CE-C702	Theory of Reinforced Concrete Structures	4	2		4	1		5
CE-C703	Water Resource Engineering -II	3		2	3		2	5
CE- DLO704X	Department Level Optional Course-III	3		2	3		2	5
ILO701X	Institute Level Optional Course-I	3			3			3
CE-C705	Project – Part I		6			3		3
	Total	17	10	4	17	5	4	26

		Examination Scheme								
a				The	ory					
Subject	Subject Nome	Internal End Exam			Exam.	-				
Code	Subject Mame	Ass	Assessment		Sem.	Duration	Term	Pract	Oral	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg	Exam.	(InHrs.)	Work			
	Quantity Survey Estimation									
CE-C701	and Valuation	20	20	20	80	4	25		25	150
CE C702	Theory of Reinforced									
CE-C702	Concrete Structures	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE C703	Water Resource									
CE-C/05	Engineering-II	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-	Department Level Optional									
DLO704X	Course-III	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
II O701 V	Institute Level Optional									
ILO/01X	Course I	20	20	20	80	3			-	100
CE-P705	Project – Part I						50		25 [@]	75
	Total	100	100	100	400		150		125	775

@ For Project Part-I (CE-P 706), the oral examination shall be based on the presentation/ seminar before the board of internal examiners to be appointed by the Head of the concerned Department.

University of Mumbai Scheme of Instructions and Examination Fourth Year Engineering (Civil Engineering) (With effect from 2019-2020) (Semester- VIII)

Subject	Subject Name	Teacl (Cor	ning Scho ntact Hou	eme 1rs)	Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Practs	Tut.	Theory	Practs	Tut	Total	
CE-C801	Design and Drawing of Reinforced Concrete Structures	4	2		4	1	-	5	
CE-C802	Construction Management	4	2		4	1	-	5	
CE- DLO803X	Department Level Optional Course- IV	4	2		4	1		5	
ILO802X	Institute Level Optional Course- II	3			3			3	
CE-P804	Project – Part II		12			6		6	
	Total		18	-	15	9	-	24	

		Examination Scheme								
	Theory									
Subject	Subject]	[nterna	1	End	Exam.	Term			
Code	Name	As	sessmei	nt	Sem	Duration	Work	Pract	Oral	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(In Hrs.)				
	Design and Drawing of									
CE-C801	Reinforced Concrete	20	20	20	80	4	25		25	150
	Structures									
CE-C802	Construction Management	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
CE-	Department Level									
DLO803X	Optional Course-IV	20	20	20	80	3	25		25	150
ILO802X	Institute Level Optional Course II	20	20	20	80	3	25			100
CE-P804	Project – Part II						50		50#	100
	Total	80	80	80	320		150		125	650

[#] The oral examination for the Project- Part II (CE-P 806) shall be based on the presentation/ seminar to be delivered by the projectee/s before the board of examiners. The board of internal examiners will comprise of the internal examiners and the external examiners to be approved by the University from the pool of eligible examiners.

Guidelines for Project, i.e., Dissertation (Part-I and II)

(i) Students can form groups with minimum of 2 (Two) students and not more than 4 (Four) students.

(ii) Faculty load: In Semester VII: 01 (One) clock hour per week per project group and in Semester VIII: 02 (Two) clock hours per week per project group.

(iii) Each faculty member shall be permitted to guide maximum 04 (Four) project groups.

Department Level Optional Course – III	Department Level Optional Course – IV
(Semester – VII)	(Semester – VIII)
CE-DLO7041: Pre-stressed Concrete	CE-DLO8031: Advanced Design of Steel Structures
CE-DLO7042: Solid Waste management	CE-DLO8032: Industrial Waste Treatment
CE-DLO7043: Pavement Sub-grade and Materials	CE-DLO8033: Pavement Design and Construction CE-DLO8034: Bridge Engineering and Design
CE-DLO7044: Structural Dynamics CE-DLO7045: Application of GIS and Remote	CE-DLO8035: Appraisal and Implementation of Infrastructure Projects
Sensing CE-DL 07046: Foundation Analysis and Design	CE-DLO8036: Soil Dynamics
	CE-DLO8037: Applied Hydrology and Flood Control

Institute Level Optional Course – I	Institute Level Optional Course – II
(Semester –VII)	(Semester – VIII)
ILO7011: Product Lifecycle Management	ILO8021: Project Management
ILO7012: Reliability Engineering	ILO8022: Finance Management
ILO7013: Management Information Systems	ILO8023: Entrepreneurship Development and
ILO7014: Design of Experiments	Management
ILO7015: Operations Research	ILO8024: Human Resources Management
ILO7016: Cyber Security and Laws	ILO8025: Professional Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
ILO7017: Disaster Management and Mitigation Measures	ILO8026: Research Methodology
ILO7018: Energy Audit and Management	ILO8027: Intellectual Property Rights and Patenting
IL 07019: Development Engineering	ILO8028: Digital Business Management
	ILO8029: Environment Management

Semester-VII

Semester VII							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits					
CE-C 701	Quantity Survey, Estimation & Valuation	5					

Teaching Scheme							
C	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04	01		05	

Evaluation Scheme								
Theory Term Work/ Practical/O						ctical/Oral	Total	
Internal Assessment		End	Duration					
Tost 1	Toot 2	Average	Sem	of End	TW	PR	OR	
Test I	Test Z	Average	Exam	Sem Exam				
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

Any structure, i.e., building, bridge, dam etc. consists of various building materials. Due to rise in the cost of materials, the structure has to be designed so that it is safe, serviceable and economical. Without proper design and estimation, it may lead to the increase in cost of construction and it further affects the economical aspect of the structure. A prior knowledge of various building materials is required for the construction and it controls the cost of the structure, save wastage of labour-hours and eventually helps in giving the correct amount required and quantity of various materials required. It also helps in scheduling of men, materials and machine to be used in the project at stages. The scope of the subject includes estimating, costing, analysis of rates, specification, valuation, tender and contracts etc.

Objectives

•To read, understand and interpret plans, sections, detailed drawings and specifications for a construction project.

• To study the various methods of detailed and approximate estimates.

•To emphasize the importance of relevant IS: 1200- 1964 codes and relevant Indian Standard specifications, taking out quantities from the given requirements of the work, and drafting specifications.

•To conduct a material and labour survey to understand the current market rates for the various materials required for construction and the different categories of labour required.

•To perform the rate analysis for various items: standard and non-standard and the use of DSR in this process.

•To study the process of tendering and its various stages, various types of contracts, its suitability and validity as per the Indian Contract Act of 1872 and draft various clauses and conditions of a contract.

•To study the arbitration process.

•To study assessment of the value of a property.

Detailed Syllabus								
Module		Sub-Modules/ Contents						
	Intr	oduction						
	1.1	Importance of Course	03					
I.	1.2	Measurement systems for various items of civil engineering						
		structures.	-					
	1.3	Units of measurement of various items of works						
	1.4	I.S1200						

	Spe	cifications & Rate Analysis	
	2.1	Types & importance of specifications, rules to be followed for	08
		drafting the specifications of various items of work etc	
II.	2.2	Rate analysis, its importance & necessity, Factors affecting rate	
		analysis, Task work, sources of materials, Study of IS 7272 regarding	
		labour output ,District Schedule of Rates(DSR)	
		Rate analysis of important items of construction works.	
	Esti	mates	
	3.1	Approximate Estimate	
		Definition & Purposes of approximate estimates, Methods for	
		preparing approximate estimates & numerical based on methods,	14
		Various terms such as administrative approval, Technical sanction,	14
		Contingencies, Work charged establishments etc.	
111.	3.2	Detailed Estimate	
		Definition & purposes of detailed estimate, Data required for	
		preparation of detailed estimate. Methods of taking out quantities such	
		as long wall & short wall method, Centre line method etc Bar Bending	
		various structural elements as per code IS2502 Preparation of detailed	
		estimate of R C C framed structures	
	Esti	mation of Earthwork for Roads & Canals	
	4 1	Matheda of computation of volume of carthwork such as mean area	06
TX 7	4.1	method mid-sectional area method Prismoidal formula Tranezoidal	
1.		formula Spot level method etc. & numericals based on methods Mass	
		haul diagram & its necessity. Terms like lead & lift etc.	
	-		
	Ten	ders & Contracts	
	5.1	Tenders	00
		Definition & types of tenders, Tender notice & its inclusions, Pre-	00
		qualification of contractors, Pre-bid meeting, Procedure for submission & Opening of tender accentence & mission of tender	
		Submission & Opening of tender, acceptance & rejection of tender,	
V.		Tender validity period, E-Tendering	
••	52	Contracts	
	0.2	Definition, basic forms such as Valid, void & voidable contract.	
		General types of contract with their suitability, conditions of contract	
	5.3	Dispute resolution methods	
		Causes of disputes & disputes resolution methods such as litigation,	
		mediation & arbitration	
	Val	uation	
	6.1	Difference between cost, price & value, Types of value, Valuation &	
X/T	011	its purposes. Various terms such as depreciation, sinking fund.	00
V 1.		capitalized value, years purchase etc. Methods for calculating	09
		depreciation of building	
	6.2	Methods of valuation such as Rental method, land & building method,	
		Belting method etc.	
	6.3	Freehold Properties, Leasehold Properties, Easement rights	
	6.4	Numericals based on valuation	

Contribution to Outcomes

On completion of the course, the learners will be able to:

- 1) **apply** the measurement systems to various civil engineering items of work.
- 2) draft the specifications for various items of work & determine unit rates of items of works
- 3) **estimate** approximate cost of the structures by using various methods&**prepare** detailed estimates

of various civil engineering structures by referring drawings.

- 4) **assess** the quantities of earthwork &**construct** mass haul diagrams.
- 5) draft tender notice & demonstrate the significance of the tender as well as contract process.
- 6) **determine** the present fair value of any constructed building at stated time.

Theory examination:

Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

The **first** question will be **compulsory** based on computation of quantities of various items of work by referring drawings.

The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module or contents thereof.

There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term Work:

The term work shall consist of the following:

- 1) At least **eight** assignments based on entire syllabus
- 2) Detailed estimate of any **Three** of the following with the required material survey for the same.
 - Single Storied building (RCC) Road work
 - Load bearing structure Cross drainage work
- 3) Valuation report in a standard format of the Government/ Private company/Firm.

The use of quantity survey software and the use of worksheets/databases while solving some of the afore-mentioned assignments is desirable.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work including that of the report on assignments. The final certification and acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weight age of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments : 20 Marks

Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to. 75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- 1) Estimating, Costing, Specifications and Valuation: Chakraborty, M., Kolkata.
- 2) Building and Engineering Contracts: Patil, B. S., University Press, Hyderabad.
- 3) Estimating and costing: Datta, B. N., UBS Publications
- 4) Relevant Indian Standard Specifications, BIS Publications
- 5) World Bank approved contract documents

Semester VII							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits					
CE-C 702	Theory of Reinforced Concrete Structures	05					

Teaching Scheme							
C	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04	01		05	

	Evaluation Scheme								
Theory Term Work/ Practical/Ora						actical/Oral	Total		
Internal Assessment		End	Duration						
Test 1	Test 2	Avenage	Sem	of End	TW	PR	OR		
lest l	Test Z	Average	Exam	Sem Exam					
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150	

Working stress Method (WSM) makes use of the concept of modular ratio based on the higher factor of safety in evaluating the stresses in two different materials of the RCC i.e. steel and the concrete. The limit state method (LSM) is based on the statistical probability which provides the rational solution to the design problem. The philosophy lies behind LSM uses multiple safety factors format which attempts to provide adequate safety at the ultimate load as well as adequate serviceability at service load by considering all possible limit states. The subject involves the application of working stress and limit state method in the analysis and design of various elements of the civil engineering structures.

Objectives

- 1. To develop the clear understanding of design philosophy amongst the students for the design of reinforced concrete structure using (WSM) working stress method and (LSM) limit state method.
- 2. To study the various clauses of IS: 456-2000 and its significance in the RCC design.
- 3. To apply the concepts of LSM in the analysis and design of beams, slabs and columns.
- 4. To study the concept of Serviceability and durability for deflection and crack width calculation in RCC structures.
- 5. To study the concept of reinforced concrete footing design subjected to axial load and moment.
- 6. To develop the concept of design using ready charts and curves for column subjected to axial load and moments.

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Contents	Periods
I.	Working Stress Method	12
	Concept of reinforced concrete, Working Stress Method (WSM) of design for	
	reinforced concrete, permissible stresses as per IS-456-2000; stress- strain	
	curve of concrete and steel, characteristics of concrete steel reinforcement.	
	Concept of balanced, under reinforced and over reinforced sections. Analysis	
	design of singly reinforced and doubly reinforced rectangular beams for	

	flexure, shear by WSM, Analysis and design of Cracked and un-cracked RCC	
	column sections by WSM	
II.	Limit State Method	03
	Introduction to limit state method of design as per IS-456-2000; concepts of	
	probability and reliability, characteristic loads, characteristic strength, partial	
	safety factors for loads and materials, introduction to various limit states.	
III.	Limit State of Collapse – Flexure, Shear, Bond and Torsion	15
	Limit state of collapse in flexure, shear and Limit state of serviceability in	
	deflection and cracking, design of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular	
	and T sections for flexure, design of members in shear and bond, design of	
	beam subjected to bending and torsion. Requirements governing reinforcement	
	detailing. Deflection and crack width calculation for RCC members.	
IV.	Design of Slabs using LSM:	06
	Design of one way, one way continuous slab and two way slabs with all end	
	conditions as per IS-456-2000.	
V.	Limit State of Collapse – Compression:	08
	Limit state of collapse compression for short and slender column. Members	
	subjected to combined axial and uni-axial as well as biaxial bending.	
	Development of interactive curves and their use in column design.	
VI.	Design of Foundations:	08
	Isolated square and rectangular footings subjected to axial load and moments.	
	Design of combined rectangular pad footings, slab beam type footing. Design	
	of Raft foundations (No numerical to be asked on raft foundations in the	
	exam)	
	Total	52

Contribution to Outcomes

On successful completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the pros and cons of the WSM and LSM.
- 2. Understand the various clauses specified in IS: 456-2000 for designing structural members with the safety and economy.
- 3. Carry out analysis and design of various elements of the reinforced concrete structures such as beam, slab, column, footings using the concept of Limit state method.
- 4. Understand and the use of readymade design curves from Special publications of Bureau of Indian standards.

Theory Examination:-

- 1. Use of IS:456-2000 shall be allowed in the examination.
- 2. Question paper will comprise of **six** questions; each carrying 20 marks.
- 3. The **first** question will be **compulsory** will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- 4. The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of the entire syllabus. For this, the modules shall be divided proportionately further; and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module contents thereof.
- 5. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.
- 6. The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.
- 7. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Term Work:

The term-work shall comprise of the neatly written report of the assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least two problems on each modules/ sub-modules contents thereof.At least one numerical on raft foundation shall be included in assignments.

Distribution of Term-work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work including that of the report on assignments. The final certification acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments, the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- Assignments : 20 Marks
- Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

- 1. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures: Dayaratnam, P; Oxford and IBH.
- 2. Limit State Design Reinforced Concrete: Jain A. K, Nemchand and Bros., Roorkee
- 3. Limit State Design Reinforced Concrete: *Shah and Karve*, Structure Publications, Pune.
- 4. Ultimate Strength Design for Structural Concrete: *Arthur, P. D. and Ramakrishnan, V.,* Wheeler and Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Reinforced Concrete: H.J. Shah, Charotar Publishers, Anand.
- 6. Fundamentals of Reinforced Concrete: Sinha& Roy, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- 7. Illustrated Reinforced Concrete Design: Dr. V. L. Shah and Dr. S. R. Karve, Structure Publications, Pune.
- 8. Reinforced Concrete Design: *Wang, C. K., Salmon, C. G., and Pincheira, J. A*, John Wiley (2007), 7th Edition.
- 9. Reinforced Concrete Fundamentals: *Ferguson, P. M., Breen, J. E., and Jirsa, J. O.*, John Wiley & Sons (1988) 5th Edition.
- 10. RCC Design (WSM and LSM): *Punmia, B. C., Jain, A. K., and Jain, Arun, K.*, Laxmi Publications.
- 11. Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete (as per IS: 456-2000): *Punmia, B. C., Jain, A. K., and Jain, Arun, K.*, Laxmi Publications.
- 12. Design of RCC structural Elements (RCC Vol-I): *Bhavikatti*, S. S., New Age International Publications.
- 13. Reinforced Concrete: Syal and Goel; Wheeler Publishers.
- 14. Relevant IS Codes: BIS Publications, New Delhi.
- 15. Reinforced Concrete Design: *Pillai,S.U.*and*Menon,Devdas*, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 16. Reinforced Concrete Designby S.N. Sinha, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 17. Theory of Reinforced concrete structures by N. Subramanian, Oxford University Press.

Semester VII						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits				
CE-C 703	Water Resources Engineering II	05				

Teaching Scheme								
C	Credits Assigned							
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total		
03	-	02	03	-	02	05		

Evaluation Scheme									
Theory						Term W Practical	Total		
Internal Assessment			End	Duration of					
Test 1	Test 2	Average	Sem Evor	End Sem	TW	PR	OR		
		_	Ехаш	Exam					
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150	

This subject provides necessary knowledge about design of gravity dams, earthen dams, energy dissipaters, canal headwork's, and canal structures. This subject is also useful with respect to facts, concepts, principles and procedures related to canal design, canal lining, cross drainage works and water logging. Further students will be able to plan and execute the construction of these structures.

Objectives

- 1. To understand different types of dams and its suitability to a particular region.
- 2. To study design consideration of earthen dams
- 3. To study various types of Spillways
- 4. To understand the importance of silt theories for design of irrigation channels
- 5. To study the classification of canals and design of canal system.

Detailed Syllabus

Modul e	Topics	Periods
Ι	Gravity dams	08
	Definition, typical cross section, forces acting on gravity dam, modes of	
	failure and structural stability analysis, profile of dam- elementary and	
	practical profile, low and high gravity dam, design consideration and fixing of	
	section of dam, methods of design, construction of galleries in dams, types of	
	joints, temperature control in concrete dams, foundation treatment, Arch dams,	
	types of arch dams	
II	Earth and rock fill dams:	06
	Types of earth dams, method of construction, causes and failures of earth	
	dams, design criteria, selecting suitable preliminary section, seepage line for	
	different conditions and its location, seepage control through embankment and	
	through foundations, Swedish circle method with pore pressure, details of	
	construction and maintenance, types of rock fill dams, stability analysis,	
	advantages	
III	Spillways and flood control works:	06
	Introduction, location of spillway, design consideration of main spillway,	

	controlled and uncontrolled spillway, types of spillways, design principles of ogee spillway. Chute spillway. Siphon spillway and shaft spillway, energy dissipation below overflow and other types of spillways, design of bucket type energy dissipater and stilling basin, flood mitigation reservoirs. Crest gates, types, advantagSes, design of radial gate, outlet works through dams, intake structures.	
IV	Irrigation Channels (Silt Theories)	07
	Kennedy's theory, Kennedy's methods of channel designs silt supporting	
	capacity according to Kennedy's theory. Drawbacks in Kenned' % theory	
	Lacey's regime theory, Lacey's theory applied to channel design. Comparison	
	of Kennedys and Lace 'S theory defects in Lacey's theory. Introduction to	
	Sediment transport in channels.	
V	Canal Head works and Distribution System	06
	Canals: Classification, canal alignment, canal losses, estimation of discharge,	
	cross sections of irrigation canals, maintenance of irrigation canal, canal	
	lining, economics of canal lining, water logging, effect of water logging,	
	remedial measures.	
VI	Canal structures	06
	Canal falls, types of canal falls, canal escapes, types, canal head regulators,	
	cross regulators, canal outlets and its types cross drainage works and types of	
	cross drainage works.	

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Design the section of gravity dams, earth and rockfill dams, arch dams and buttress dams.
- 2. Design spillways and energy dissipaters.
- 3. Apply silt theories to design irrigation canals.
- 4. Explain various types of canals and its maintenance.
- 5. Explain different cross drainage works of a canal system.

Theory examination:

1. The question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. The first question will be compulsory and will have short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

3. The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of the entire syllabus. For this, the modules shall be divided proportionately and further, the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.

4. The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.

5. Total four questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work consisting of the

assignments.

Term Work:

The term work shall comprise of the neatly written report based on assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least four problems on each sub-modules and contents thereof further.

Distribution of the Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and acceptance of term work warrants the satisfactory and appropriate completion of the assignments.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- Assignments : 20 Marks
- Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

• 75%-80% : 03 Marks; 81%-90%: 04 Marks 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- 1. Irrigation and Water Power Engineering: *B.C. Punmia, PandeB.B.Lal, A.K Jain.* Laxmi Publications Pvt, Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures: *S.K. Ukarande*, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd.ISBN,9789383656899.
- 3. Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering: *P.N. Modi*, Standard Book House, Delhi, ISBN 978-81-87401-29-0.
- 4. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publishers. Delhi.
- 5. Design of Irrigation Structures: S. K. Sharma, S. Chand and Co.
- 6. Theory and Design of Irrigation Structures: R. S. Varshney and R, C. Gupta, Nem Chand
- 7. Engineering for Dams, Vol. I to III: Crager, Justin and Hinds, John Wiley
- 8. Design of Small Dams: USBR.
- 9. Hydro Power Structures: R. S. Varshney, Nem Chand and Bross.
- 10. Concrete Dams: R. S. Varshney, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.

Semester-VII										
Subjec	Subject Code Sub								(Credits
CE-DI	.O 7041			Pre-stress	ed Concre	ete				5
Teaching Scheme										
	Cont	act Hours			(Credi	ts Assią	gned		
Theor	y Pr	actical '	Futorials	5 Theory	y Pract	ical	TW/1	Futorials]	Fotal
3		-	2	3	-		2			5
	•		E	Evaluation S	Scheme		•			
		Theory			Termwo	rk/Pı	actical	/Oral/Tut	ori	Total
				als						
Internal Assessments			ESE	Duration	TW/TU		PR	OR		
IAE-I	IAE-II	Average		of ESE						
20	20	20	80	3Hr	25		-	25		150

The course is aimed to make the student to be aware of highly mechanized technology in civil engineering construction and to develop the basic understanding of prestressed concrete which is used in a wide range of building and civil structures. A Prestressed Concrete section improves performance/efficiency, reduces structural thicknesses, and material savings compared with simple reinforced concrete sections. Typical applications of prestressed concrete include high rise buildings, residential slabs and bridge structures etc.

Objectives

1. To bring the students to such a level so as to enable them to take the appropriate decision in respect of choice of prestressed section over R. C. C. as a civil engineer.

2. To make the candidate to understand the analysis of Prestressed Concrete sections and losses in prestress.

3. To make the candidate able to understand and implement the guidelines of Indian Standard code for analysis and design sections using limit state philosophy.

Detailed Syllabus						
Module	Sub module/Contents	Periods				
1	Introduction to prestressed concrete and analysis of prestressed	04				
	concrete section :					
	Basic concept and general principles, materials used and their properties,					
	methods, techniques and systems of prestressing					
2	Analysis of Prestressed Concrete Section:	10				
	Loading stages, stress method, load balancing method and internal resisting					
	couple method of analysis, cable profiles, pressure line, kern points, choice					
	and efficiency of sections					
3	Losses in prestress:	06				
	Loss of stresses due to elastic deformation of concrete, creep in concrete,					
	creep in steel, shrinkage in concrete, relaxation in steel, anchorage slip and					
	friction					
4	Analysis of Prestressed Concrete Members in Limit State of	03				
	Serviceability deflection:					
	Short time and long time deflection of uncracked members, permissible					
	limits					
5	Analysis and Design of Prestressed Concrete Members for Limit State	05				
	of Collapse Shear					
	Calculation of principle tension, permissible principle tension, Analysis and					

	Design of members in shear (sections uncracked in flexure)	
6	Analysis and Design of Prestressed Concrete Members for Limit State	03
	of Collapse Flexure	
	General philosophy of design, Analysis and design of members in flexure	
7	Analysis and Design of Prestressed Concrete Members for Limit State	05
	of Serviceability Cracking	
	permissible stresses in concrete and steel at different stages, suitability of	
	section, safe cable zone	

Contribution to outcome

On successful completion of the course, the students shall be able:

1. To understand the concept of pre-stressing its casting techniques and applications, behaviour of the pre-stressed structures vis-à-vis that of the RCC structure.

2. To take the decision with respect to the choice of pre-stressed section over RCC.

3. To analyze the various pre-stressed components of the structure and design the same using relevant IS Code.

Theory Examination:-

1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

3. The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.

4. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

5. The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.

6. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus, site visit and the term work.

Site Visit/ Field Visit:

The students shall visit the site where the construction of structure using pre-stressed concrete is going on. The students shall prepare the detailed report thereof and submit as a part of the term work.

Term Work:

The term work shall consist of the assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least three problems/ questions on each modules/ sub-modules and contents thereof further. The report of the site visit/ field visit shall also form a part of the term work.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon its quality. The final certification and acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments, properly compiled report of the site visit /field visit and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the student.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work. Assignments: 15 Marks Report of the Site Visit/Field Visit: 05 Marks Attendance: 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- 1. Prestressed Concrete: N. Krishna Raju, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 2. Prestressed Concrete: N. Rajgopalan, Narosa Publishing House.
- 3. Fundamentals of Prestressed Concrete: Sinha, N.C.andS.K. Roy, S.C. Chand and Company.
- 4. Prestressed Concrete Structures: *Dayaratnam*, *P*., Oxford andIBH
- 5. Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures: T.Y.LinandN.H. Burns, John Willey, New York.
- 6. Design of Prestressed Concrete: Nilson Arthur, McGraw Hill Book Company.
- 7. Prestressed Concrete Vol—I: IY.Guyon, Contractors Record, London.
- 8. Prestressed Concrete: S. Ramamurtham, DhanpatRaiandSon's
- 9. Relevant latest IS codes (IS:1343-2012)

Semester-VII										
Subject Code Su					ct Name				C	redits
CE-DL	O 7042			Solid Wast	e Manage	ement				5
Teaching Scheme										
Contact Hours Credits Assigned										
Theor	y Pra	actical '	Futorials	Theory	y Prac	tical	TV	V/Tutorials	Т	otal
3		-	2	3	-	-		2		5
			E	Evaluation S	Scheme					
		Theory			Teamwork/Practical/Oral/Tutorial				Total	
							S			
Internal Assessments			ESE	Duration	TW/T	Pl	R	OR		
IAE-I	IAE-II	Average		of ESE	U					
20	20	20	80	3Hr	25	-		25		150

This course will be of interest to those wishing to understand the principles and techniques of solid waste management, including the legislative, environmental, economic and social drivers. Students will be introduced to the selection and design of appropriate methods of storage, collection, transfer, treatment and disposal in both industrialized and developing countries. The course also provides the opportunity to visit recycling facilities and disposal sites to better understand links between theory and practice.

Objectives

- To make the students conversant with different aspects of the types, sources, generation, storage, collection, transport, processing and disposal of municipal solid waste.
- To provide knowledge of different types of sources, sampling and characteristics of solid waste.
- To impart knowledge and skills in the collection, storage, transport and recycling options for solid wastes including the related engineering principles, design criteria, methods and equipments.
- To fully appreciate the current practices available and implement the systems available in solid waste management.
- To be aware of the significance of recycling, reduce, reuse of solid wastes and also to impart students with the skill of design and operation of disposal system based on latest technology.
- To provide students prerequisite knowledge necessary for higher studies and research in the field of Solid waste management.

Module	Sub Modules/Contents	Periods
1.	Introducing Municipal Solid Waste Management	03
	Overview: problems and issues of solid waste management - Need for solid	
	waste management-Functional elements such as waste generation, storage,	
	collection, transfer and transport, processing, recovery and disposal in the	
	management of solid waste.	
2.	Generation and characteristics of waste	03
	Sources, Types, composition, quantity, sampling and characteristics of	
	waste, factors affecting generation of solid wastes	

3.	Waste collection, storage and transport Collection and storage of municipal solid waste; Methods of collection - House to House collection -collection routes; on site storage methods- materials used for containers -Recycling and Reuse of waste -Need for transfer and transport; transfer station-selection of location, operation and maintenance; transportation Methods-manual, Mechanical methods with or without compaction, economy in transportation of waste optimization of transportation routes.	10
4.	Waste processing techniques Processing techniques-biological and chemical conversion technologies – composting and its methods, Vermi-composting, mechanical composting, In vessel composting, incineration, pyrolysis, gasification.	04
5.	Disposal of Solid Waste Segregation, Volume reduction at source, recovery and recycle; dumping of solid waste-sanitary waste- sanitary landfills-site selection-design and operation of sanitary landfill - leachate and landfill gas management- landfill closure and environmental monitoring-landfill remediation; Municipal solid waste in Indian conditions, legal aspects of solid waste disposal, Plastic waste disposal.	10
6.	Types of Solid Waste Industrial Waste products during manufacturing and packing, operation of pollution control facilities, generation, and minimization at source, recycling, disposal. Hazardous waste Definition, sources, hazardous characteristics, management, treatment and disposal Electronic waste Waste characteristics, generation, collection, transport and disposal Biomedical waste Definition, sources, classification, collection, segregation- Color coding, treatment and disposal.	09

Contribution to outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to understand the various methods of disposal of solid waste. They will have better understanding of the nature and characteristics of solid waste and regulatory requirements regarding solid waste management and further they will have an ability to plan waste minimization. Besides, they will be prepared to contribute practical solutions to environmental problems in our society.

After the completion of the course the student should be able to

- Explain generation, storage, collection, transfer and transport, processing, recovery and disposal in the management of solid waste.
- Understand the characteristics of different types of solid waste and the factors affecting variation.
- Identify the methods of collection, storage and transportation of solid waste.
- Suggest suitable technical solutions for processing of wastes.
- Ability to plan waste minimization and disposal of municipal solid waste.
- Ensure the safe handling and treatment of Hazardous, Electronic and Biomedical waste.

Theory Examination:-

1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. The first question will be compulsory which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

3. The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module contents thereof.

4. The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.

5. Total four questions need to be attempted.

Site Visit: The students will visit landfilling /composting site in the nearby vicinity and prepare detailed report thereof. This report will form a part of the term work.

Oral Examination:-

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work consisting of the

Assignments, Tutorials including the site visit report.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term work shall be judiciously awarded for the various components depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and acceptance of term work warrants the satisfactory and appropriate completion of the assignments. Each student shall prepare a report on any industrial/hazardous/municipal solid waste comprising source, characterization, transportation, recycles, treatment and disposal.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- 1. Report (on any industrial/hazardous/municipal solid waste/site visit): 05 Marks
- 2. Seminar : 05Marks
- 3. Attendance : 05 Marks
- 4. Assignments and Tutorials :10 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to

75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

1. Integrated Solid Waste Management: Techobanglous, Thisen and Vigil, McGraw Hill International.

2. Hazardous Waste Management: Lagrega, Buckingham and Evans, McGraw Hill International.

3. Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries: A.D. Bhide, Nagpur publications.

4. Environmental Pollution Control Engineering: C.S. Rao, Wiley Eastern, Manual of solid waste of management, CPHEEO.

5. E-Waste: Implications, Regulations, and Management in India and Current Global Best Practices, Rakesh Johri, The Energy and Resources Institute.

6. Biomedical Waste Management in India: <u>Jugal Kishore</u> and <u>G. K. Ingle</u>, Century Publications.

Subject	~ .				Sem	este	r-VII					
Subject Code Subject Name						Cre	dits					
CE-DLO) 7043		Pave	emen	t Subgr	ade	and M	ateri	als		5	5
Teaching Scheme									•			
	Conta	ct Hours			Credits Assigned							
Theory	Pra	octical	Tutorial	S	Theory		Practical		TW/Tutorials		Tot	tal
3		-	2		3		-		2		5	1
		•]	Evalu	ation S	Sche	eme					
		Theory				Te	ermworl	k/Pra	actica	al/Oral/Tuto	r To	otal
									ials			
Interna	al Asses	sments	ESE	Duration		T	W/TU	PH	R	OR		
IAE-I I	IAE-II	Average		of	ESE							
20	20	20	80	3	BHr		25	-		25	1	50

Highway and airways mode of transportation contributes to the economical, industrial, social and cultural development of any country. For the design and construction of highway and airfield, it is imperative to know the properties of the materials such as soil, aggregates and bitumen used in the construction of pavements. The various tests are required to be conducted to evaluate the properties of these materials for the scientific design of the pavements and economic utilization of the different materials. The course also deals with the soil survey, stresses in soil and various ways and means of improving the soil and implementing techniques of improvement. The course also deals with the various surface and sub-surface drainage.

Objectives

- To give the students hands on experience on various material properties and testing procedures of pavement materials as per IRC standards.
- To study the significance of the soil subgrade along with its functions.
- To study the soil classification for highway engineering purpose as per different classification system.
- To understand the concept of stresses in soil.
- To enable the student to identify the basic deficiencies of various soil deposits and to arrive upon the various ways and means of improving the soil and implementing the techniques of improvement.
- Learn bituminous mix and cement concrete mix designs
- Learn basic principles of superpave technology of bituminous mixes

Module	Sub-Modules/ Contents	Periods
I.	Soil: Soil-Classification methods, Tests: CBR test, effect of lateral confinement on CBR and E value of Subgrade soil, Consistency, Engineering Properties and Modulus of sub-grade reaction ofsoil, estimation of modulus of subgrade reaction, Static and cyclic plate load test, correction for plate size, correction for worst moisture content. Soil classification as per HRB.	08

Detailed Syllabus

II.	Stresses in Soil: Theories of elastic and plastic behavior of soils, Cyclic triaxial test on subgrade soils, resilient deformation, resilient strain, resilient modulus Stabilized Soils: Method of sampling and Preparation of Stabilized Soils for testing, Relation for Moisture content and Dry Density of Stabilized mixes, UCS of Stabilized soil, test for: soil bituminous, soil lime and soil fly ash mixes.	06
III.	Aggregate: Classification, requirements, Blending of aggregates, Importance of aggregate shape factor in mix design. Grading requirements for aggregate, selection of bases and sub-base material (including stabilized materials),	04
IV.	Bitumen, Tar and Bituminous Mix Design ; requirements, criteria for selection of different binders, Temperature susceptibility, Bituminous emulsion and Cutbacks, fillers, extenders Polymers, Crum rubber, and rubber modified bitumen and anti-Stripping agents on pavement performance.	08
V.	Bituminous Mix Design: selection of different grade of bitumen, skid qualities, types of bituminous surfaces, bituminous mix design, Marshall Stability test, design aspect of paving concrete.Experimental characteristics of road aggregate.	06
VI.	Introduction to Super pave Technology: Methods of selection of suitable ingredient for super pave method, Gyratory compaction, rolling thin film oven, pressure aging vessel, rotational viscometer, dynamic shear rheometer, bending beam rheometer, direct tension test. Use of super pave perform and grade binder specifications. Comparison between Marshal Mix method and Super pave method.	07

Contribution to Outcomes

On the successful completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- Understand the soil classification in accordance with various soil classify the system and evaluate the ability of the soil as a subgrade material.
- Understand the requirements and desirable properties of the various materials to be used in the construction of pavements.
- Understand the characterization of different paving materials along with the tests to be conducted on these materials.
- Know the various ground improvement methods.
- Understand subgrade soil strength in terms of standard engineering parameters
- Application of basic principles of mix design of cement concrete and bituminous mixes

Theory Examination:

Question paper will comprise of **six** questions; each carrying 20 marks.

The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof. There can be an internal choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions. Total four questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term Work:

The term-work shall comprise of the neatly written report comprising of the assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least two problems/ two questions on each modules/ sub-modules and contents thereof further.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work which will comprise of the report on assignments. The final certification and acceptance of term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the termwork; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments : 20 Marks

Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

- 1. Principles of Pavement Design, Second Edition, 1975: *Yoder, E.J.*, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York.
- 2. Concrete Roads: *HMSO*, Road Research Laboratory, London.
- 3. Highway Engineering: *Khanna, S.K., Justo, C,E.G. and Veeraragavan, A.*,Nem Chand and Brothers, Roorkee (10th Revised Edition, 2014)
- 4. Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering; *Dr. L. R. Kadiyali and Dr. N. B.Lal*, Khana Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. Highway Engineering, *Sharma*, *S.K.*, S. Chand Technical Publishers, New Delhi (3rd Revised Edition, 2013).
- 6. Principles of Transportation and Highway Engineering: *Rao, G.V.*, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publications, New Delhi

				S	emes	ster-VI	[
Subject Code Subject Name								Cı	edits			
CE-DL	CE-DLO 7044 Structural Dynamics							5				
	Teaching Scheme											
Contact Hours Credits Assigned												
Theor	y Pra	actical	Tuto	rials	Th	Theory Practical TW/Tutor			rials	Total		
3		-	2	2		3	3 -		2			4
				Eva	luati	on Sch	eme					
		Theory				Term	work/P	ractio	cal/C)ral/Tu	torials	Total
Interr	nal Assess	ments	ESE	Dura	tio TW/TU PR C		R					
IAE-I	IAE-II	Avg.		n of E	ESE							
20	20	20	80	3H	r	2	5	-		2	25	150

Course Objective

- To expose the students to understand the basic theory of structural dynamics, structural behaviour under vibratory load and the effect of damping.
- To study the difference between static load and different types of dynamic loads.
- To study the free vibration analysis of SDOF systems, concept of damping and dynamic analysis of SDOF system subjected to different dynamic loads.
- To study the dynamic degrees of freedom and calculation of the frequencies and mode shapes for lumped mass for discrete Two DOF systems,
- To study the modal analysis of Two DOF systems and analysis of systems with distributed mass for continuous system.

Module	Contents	Hrs			
I.	Introduction to structural Dynamics- Definition of Basic Problem in				
	Dynamics. Static vs. Dynamic loads.				
	Different types of dynamics loads				
II	Introduction to single Degree of freedom (SDOF) Systems.	10			
	Undamped vibration of SDOF system natural frequency and period of				
	vibration				
	Damping in structures, viscous damping and Coulomb damping, effect of				
	damping on frequency of vibration and amplitude of vibration,				
	Logarithmic decrement.				
	Forced vibration, response to periodic loading, response to pulsating				
	forces, dynamic load factor.				
	Response of structure subjected to General dynamic load, Duhamel's				
	Integral Numerical				
	Evaluation of Dynamics Response of SDOF system.				
	Equivalent stiffness of spring in series and parallel				
III	Introduction to vibration isolation.	4			
	Distributed mass system idealized as SDOF system, use of Rayleigh's				
	method.				
	Response of SDOF system subjected to ground motion				
IV	Lumped mass multi-degree of freedom (Two DOF) system, coupled	12			
	and uncoupled system				
	Direct determination of frequencies of vibration and mod shape.				
	Orthogonality principle.				
	Vibration of Two DOF systems with initial conditions				

Details Syllabus

Γ

	Approximate method of determination of natural frequencies of vibration	
	and mode shapes – Energy methods	
V	Earthquake analysis – Introduction.	12
	Seismicity of a region, causes of earthquake	
	Intensity of earthquake, Richter Scale, Measurement of Earthquake ground	
	motion, Seismogram, construction of seismograph	
	Application of modal analysis concept to seismic disturbance, Introduction	
	to Response spectrum method.	
VI	I.S code provisions for seismic analysis of buildings.	6
	Approximate method of earthquake analysis- Seismic co-efficient method	
	and its limitation	
	Introduction to time history analysis.(6)	

Contributions to Outcomes

The students are expected to understand the difference between static and dynamic loads and analysis. They are expected to evaluate the response of SDOF and Two DOF systems to different types of dynamic loads including ground motions. They are also expected to understand the basics of random vibrations and the application of this concept to analyze Linear SDOF systems.

Term Work:

The term-work shall comprise of the neatly written report of the assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least four problems on each modules/ sub-module content thereof further. There shall be theory questions as well.

Distribution of Term-work Marks

The marks of term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work including that of the report on experiments assignments. The final certification acceptance of term-work warrants the satisfactory the appropriate completion of the assignments the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- Assignments: 20 Marks
- Attendance: 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Theory Examination:

1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

3. The students will have to attempt any **four** questions out of **total six** questions.

4. The questions can be of **mixed nature** irrespective of modules.

Oral Examination

Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus and the afore-mentioned term work.

Recommended Books:-

1. Craig R.R.: 'Structural Dynamics-An Introduction to Computer Methods', John Wiley and Sons.

- 2. Anil K. Chopra: 'Dynamics of Structures', Prentice Hall India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. CloguhandPenzein: 'Dynamics of Structures' TataMc-Graw Hill Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. John M. Biggs: 'Structural Dynamics', TataMc-Graw Hill.
- 5. Mario Paz: 'Structural Dynamics Theory and Computation', CBS Publisher.

Semester VIII						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits				
CE-DLO 7045	Applications of Geographic Information Systems &	05				
	Remote Sensing					

Teaching Scheme							
Co	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
03		02	04		02	05	

	Evaluation Scheme								
Theory				Term Work/ Practical/Oral			Total		
Internal Assessment		End Sem	Duration of						
Tost 1	Test 2	Avorago	Exam	End Sem	TW	PR	OR		
I est I	I est 2	Average		Exam					
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.	25	-	25	150	

Geographic Information Systems & Remote Sensing Applications provides power of mapping to civil engineers. GIS lets us visualize, question, analyze and interpret date to understand relationships, patterns and trends. In this subject, the students get acquainted with the detailed study of GIS & Remote sensing. Data models of spatial and non-spatial information are also explained. An overview on digitizing, editing and structuring of map data is also provided for error detection, correction and appropriate topology creation. Digital Elevation Models (DEM) and their needs are also incorporated along with the applications of Remote Sensing and GIS. Solution can be provided for Various Civil Engineering problems using Integration GIS-GPS & Remote Sensing Techniques.

Objectives

- To Study principles of physics of Electromagnetic radiation as applied to remote sensing.
- To Learn the GIS data & its processing using Softwares
- To get acquainted with GPS Satellite & their segments
- To Understand the GIS & RS Applications in various fields of Civil Engineering

Module	Content	Periods
Ι	Remote sensing (RS): Introduction, physics of remote sensing- electromagnetic radiations and their characteristics, thermal emissions, multi-concept in remote sensing, remote sensing satellites and their data products, sensors and orbital characteristics, spectral reflectance curves for earth surface features, methods of remotely sensed data interpretation- visual interpretation, concept of fcc, digital image processing- digital image and its characteristics, satellite data formats, image rectification and restoration, image enhancement- contrast manipulation, spatial feature manipulation, multi-image manipulation.	8
II	Geographical Information System (GIS): History, Introduction , spatial and non- spatial information,	8

	geographical concept and terminology, advantages of GIS, Basic component of GIS Commercially available GIS hardware and Software Field data, statistical data, maps, aerial Photographs, satellite data, points, lines, and areas features, vector and raster data, data entry through keyboard, digitizer and scanners, pre-processing of data rectification and registration, interpolation techniques, introduction to GIS softwares (Arc GIS, QGIS, Gram++. etc)	
III	Global Positioning System (G.P.S) : G.P.S. Segments: Spaces Segment, Control Segment, User Segment Features of G.P.S. Satellites, Principle of Operation Surveying with G.P.S.: Methods of observations, Absolute Positioning, Relative Positioning, differential G.P.S., Kinematics of G.P.S. G.P.S. Receivers: Navigational Receivers, Surveying Receivers, Geodetic Receivers, Computation of Co- ordinates:- Transformation from Global to Local Datum , Geodetic Coordinates to map co- ordinates , G.P.S. Heights and mean sea level Heights Applications of G.P.S	5
IV	Application of G.I.S.& R.S. in Water Resources & Environmental Studies: Site selection of Hydraulic Structures, Surface water delineation, surface keys for subsurface water, Steps in water investigations of the area, Water management	6
V	Application of G.I.S.& R.S. in Infrastructure Management; Role of GIS in Town Planning , Urban Transport Planning, Underground Infrastructure Management	6
VI	Application of G.I.S.& R.S in Disaster Management : RS and GIS applications for disaster vulnerable zones, fire hazards, flood and storm water inundations, earthquake impact assessment, post Tsunami/ cyclone damage assessment.	6

Contribution to Outcomes

After completion of course, student will be able to:

CO1. Explain the principles of physics of Electromagnetic radiation as applied to remote sensing.

CO2. Describe Spatial and non-spatial database of geographic information system

CO3 Demonstrate the GPS Satellites & their Segments.

CO4. Apply the GIS & RS techniques in Water Resources & Environmental Management.

CO5. Integrate the GIS-GPS & RS techniques for Infrastructure Management

CO 6 Illustrate applications of GIS& RS in Disaster Management

Theory examination:

Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module or contents thereof.

There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.

Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term Work:

The term work will comprise of the neatly written report based on assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least four problems and /or questions on each sub-modules and contents thereof further

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work including that of the report on assignments. The final certification and acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weight age of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments : 20 Marks

Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- 1. Introduction to GeographicInformationSystems:Kang-TsungChang,TataMcGrawHill.
- 2. Text book on Remote Sensing -C.S.Agrawal and P.K.Garg, Wheeler Publishing, New-Delhi.
- 3 G.I.S- Anji Reddy, publishers- MGH.
- 4. GIS, SpatialAnalysis, andModeling:Maguire,D.,M.Batty,andM.Goodchild.2005.ESRIPress.
- 5 Remote sensing in Civil Engineering T. J. M. Kennie and M. C. Mathews, Surry University press, London
- 6. Principles of Remote Sensing- P.N.Patel and Surendra Singh, Scientific Publishers, Jodhapur.7. RemoteSensingandImageInterpretation: LillesandandKiefere:, JohnWiley,1987.
- 8. GlobalPositioningSystem: Signals, Measurements, andPerformance, PratapMisraandPe r Enge(2nd Ed.), 2006.

9. Introduction to geomatics –QGIS user guide – Mr.C.V. Nishinkanth, Mrs.AnnuNishinkanth, Dr S S Vasudevan, Dr P Ramkumar, Publishers-

Semester VII						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits				
CEC-DLO7046	Foundation Analysis and Design	5				

Teaching Scheme							
Co	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorials Tot				
03 - 02 03 - 02 05						05	

Evaluation Scheme									
Theory					Term Work/			Total	
					Practical/Oral				
Inter	rnal Asses	ssment	End	Duration of					
Tost 1	Test 2 Average		Tost 2	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test I Test 2 Average Exam Exam		Exam							
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150	

Objectives

- To study the bearing capacity and settlement of shallow foundations and To understand the design concepts for shallow foundations including strip and raft foundations
- To study the estimation of vertical stresses in soil
- To study different types of well foundations
- To study the load carrying capacity of pile and design of under reamed piles
- To study Cantilever sheet piles including anchored sheet piles in cohesion-less and cohesive soils and to analyse braced cuts
- To learn different types of machine foundations and understand the design philosophy; and carry out the design thereof.

Detailed Syllabus					
Module	Sub Modules/Contents	Periods			
I	Estimation of stresses in soils: Boussinesque and Westergaard's theories, Newmark Chart, Practical applications.	06			
II	Shallow Foundation : Basic requirements of foundation, types and selection of foundation, design of shallow foundations by Terzaghi's and IS code method; total settlement analysis including elastic settlements; Structural design of strip and raft foundation.	07			
ш	Pile Foundation : Introduction, Necessity of piles, Types of pile foundation, load carrying capacity of single pile and pile in group, , group efficiency, group settlements, design of single pile and pile cap, design of under-reamed pile foundation				
IV	Floating Foundation and Well Foundation: Floating Foundation- Introduction, Floatation, bottom elastic heave, Design of floating foundation on piles, Well Foundation- Introduction, forces acting on well foundation.	06			
V	Sheet piles and Braced cuts: Cantilever sheet piles including anchored sheet piles in cohesion-less and cohesive soils: lateral earth pressure diagram, computation of embedment depth. Difference in open cut and retaining wall theories, apparent earth pressure diagram, Average apparent earth pressure diagram for cohesion-less and cohesive soils. Estimation of strut loads in	08			

	braced cuts placed in cohesion-less and cohesive soils.							
VI	Machine Foundations: Introduction, Dynamic soil properties, types of machine vibrations, basic principal of machine foundation.	06						

Contribution to outcomes

- 1. On successful completion of the course, the learner shall have an: 1. Ability to identify, formulate and solve geotechnical engineering problems
- 2. Ability to design a suitable foundation system from economic and safe aspects
- 3. Ability to design machine foundations
- **4.** Ability to relate easily to allied subjects such soil dynamics; advanced engineering geology, rock mechanics etc.
- **5.** Ability to understand design of sheet piles
- 6. Ability to analyze vertical stresses developed in soil and used in practical problems

Theory Examination:-

- 1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The first question will be compulsory which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- 3. The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module contents thereof.
- 4. The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 5. Total four questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:-

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work consisting of the Assignments, Tutorials.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term work shall be judiciously awarded for the various components depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and acceptance of term work warrants the satisfactory and appropriate completion of the assignments. Each student shall prepare a report on any industrial/hazardous/municipal solid waste comprising source, characterization, transportation, recycles, treatment and disposal.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- 5. Attendance : 05 Marks
- 6. Assignments and Tutorials :20 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to

75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

1. Bowels J.E.: 'Analytical and Computer Methods in Foundation', *McGraw Hill Book Co. New York*, 1974

2. Das, B. M.: 'Geotechnical Engineering Handbook', J. Ross Publishing, 2010

3. Verghese, P. C.: 'Foundation Engineering', PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2012

4. Verghese, P. C.: 'Design of Reinforced Concrete Foundations', PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2011

5. N. Subramanian: 'Reinforced Concrete Structures', Oxford University Press, 2013

6. Alam Singh: 'Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering', Vol. I- II. Standard Book House, Delhi

7. Swami Saran: 'Analysis and Design of Substructures', Oxford and IBH publishing company, Delhi 1998

Semester-VIII

Semester VIII						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits				
CE-C 801	Design and Drawing of Reinforced Concrete	5				
	Structures					

Teaching Scheme							
Co	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Total			
04	02		04	01		05	

Evaluation Scheme								
Theory					Term Work/			Total
				Practical/Oral				
Inter	nal Asses	ssment	End	Duration of	f			
Teat 1	T		Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test I Test 2 Average		Exam	Exam					
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

Reinforced concrete construction are widely used for residential, commercial and industrial structures. IS code has specified the use of Limit State Method (LSM) design philosophy for design of structures. Pre-stressed Concrete structures are another class of structures used for bridge girders, long span slabs etc.Civil engineers must have knowledge of designing and detailing of RCC and PSC structures to make structures safe and serviceable during its life span.Also the knowledge about response of structures during an earthquake is prerequisite of design engineers. During previous semester students have studied design of basic elements by LSM. This course coves complete design of G+3 structures in addition to advanced topics of design of water tank and retaining wall. The course also contains PSC beam topics and introduces Earthquake Resistant Design of structures, drawing and detailing of structures.

Objectives

- To explain the LSM design procedure of G+ 3 structures by proper application of IS code clauses including loading calculation, analysis and design of individual elements.
- To acquaint the concepts in the design of staircase, water tank and retaining wall.
- To explain concept of Pre-stressed Concrete members.
- To introduce Earthquake Resistant Design method.
- To explain drawing and detailing of structures.
- To develop the concept of design using ready charts and curves for different elements of structure.

Detailed Syllabus				
Module	Contents	Periods		
Ι	COMPREHENSIVE DESIGN OF BUILDING:	12		
	Complete design of residential/commercial/industrial G+ 3 structures. Load			
	transfer mechanism, arrangement of beams, slabs ,columns. Design of footing,			
	beams, columns, staircase, lintels, chajja.			
II	DESIGN OF STAIRCASE:	3		
	Design of dog legged and open well staircase			
III	DESIGN OF RETAINING WALL:	7		

by seismic coefficient method.Ductile design and detailing as per IS:13920. PRESTRESSED CONCRETE: Prestressed Concrete: Basic principles of prestressed concrete, materials used, systems of prestressing, losses in prestress, analysis of beam sections at transfer and service loads.	7
by seismic coefficient method.Ductile design and detailing as per IS:13920. PRESTRESSED CONCRETE: Prestressed Concrete: Basic principles of prestressed concrete, materials used, systems of prestressing, losses in prestress, analysis of beam sections at	7
by seismic coefficient method.Ductile design and detailing as per IS:13920. PRESTRESSED CONCRETE: Prestressed Concrete: Prestressed Concrete:	7
by seismic coefficient method.Ductile design and detailing as per IS:13920.	7
by seismic coefficient method. Ductile design and detailing as per IS:13920.	
Earthquake and ground motion, response of structure, design forces calculation	
EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN OF STRUCTURES:	12
Design of elevated water tank.frame and shaft type of staging.	
Use of IS coefficient method and approximate method.	
rectangular water tanks resting on ground and underground. Codal provisions.	
Classification of Water Tank, Permissible Stresses, design of circular and	
DESIGN OF WATER TANK	11
Design of Cantilever and Counterfort retaining wall	
	Design of Cantilever and Counterfort retaining wallDESIGN OF WATER TANKClassification of Water Tank, Permissible Stresses, design of circular and rectangular water tanks resting on ground and underground. Codal provisions. Use of IS coefficient method and approximate method. Design of elevated water tank.frame and shaft type of staging.EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN OF STRUCTURES: Earthquake and ground motion, response of structure, design forces calculation

Contribution to Outcomes

On successful completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

- Design independently RCC structure by applying IS code provisions.
- Design staircase, water tank and retaining wall.
- Explain principles of PSC and calculate losses.
- Draw and explain the structural detailing.
- Explain response of structure during an earthquake and calculate design forces.

Theory Examination:-

- 8. Question paper will comprise of five questions. First question will carry 32 marks and remaining four will carry 16 marks each. The **first** question will be **compulsory**. From remaining four questions any **three** questions can be answered. Total **four** questions need be attempted.
- 9. The **first** question will be based on design project from following. (any one out of given two is to be answered)
- a) Design of slab and continuous beam (max three span) or design of column from terrace to footing.
- b) Design of counterfort retaining wall
- c) Design of overhead water tank including design of staging
- 10. The next four questions will be based on remaining modules of syllabusand the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the module and number of hours allotted for the module. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.
- 11. All relevant IS codes will be allowed during examination.

Oral Examination:@

The oral examination accompanied by **sketching** will be based on entire syllabus and the term work and site visit report.

Term Work:

The term work shall consist of a neatly written Design Report including detailed drawings on the following topics:

- 1. Design report of (G+3) building using relevant IS codes.
- 2. Design report of counter fort retaining wall OR overhead water tank and staging.
- 3. Report of one site visit to under construction building/PSC site.
- 4. Assignments consisting of max five questions each on module III to VI.

Design report and at least four A-1 (Full imperial) size drawings sheets for above two projects shall be submitted as term work. All drawing work is to be done in pencil only. Design of building project will be done using design aids and anyone of available software.

Distribution of Term Work Marks: The marks of term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon its quality. The final certification and acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments, properly compiled design report; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- 1. Design report and drawing sheets : 15marks
- 2. Assignments and site visit report: 05 marks
- 3. Attendance : 05 marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

Attendance	Marks awarded
75%- 80%	03 Marks
81%- 90%	04 Marks
91% onwards	05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

- 18. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures: Dayaratnam, P; Oxford and IBH.
- 19. Limit State Design Reinforced Concrete: *Shah and Karve*, Structure Publications, Pune.
- 20. Reinforced Concrete Limit State Design: Ashok K. Jain, Nemchand& bro.
- 21. Reinforced Concrete: H.J. Shah, Charotar Publishers, Anand.
- 22. Illustrated Reinforced Concrete Design: Dr. V. L. Shah and Dr. S. R. Karve, Structure Publications, Pune.
- 23. Reinforced Concrete Design: Wang, C. K., Salmon, C. G., and Pincheira, J. A, John Wiley.
- 24. Reinforced Concrete Fundamentals: Ferguson, P. M., Breen, J. E., and Jirsa, J. O., John Wiley & Sons.
- 25. Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures: Lin T.Y. and Ned Burns; John Wiley.
- 26. Prestressed concrete : Krishna Raju, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing House, NewDelhi
- 27. Prestressed concrete, problems and solutions, Krishna Raju, CBS Publishers and distributors, New Delhi.
- 28. Prestressed concrete : N. Rajgopalan, Narosa Publishers.
- 29. Earthquake resistant design of structures: S. K. Duggal, Oxford University Press.
- 30. Earthquake resistant design of structures: Pankaj Agarwal, Manish Shrikhande, PHI, New Delhi.
- 31. Relevant IS Codes: BIS Publications, New Delhi

Semester VIII					
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits			
CE-C 802	Construction Management	5			

Teaching Scheme							
C	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorials Tota				
04	02		04 01 05				

	Evaluation Scheme							
Theory					Term Work/			Total
					Practical/Oral			
Internal Assessment End Dura			Duration of					
Tost 1	Tost 2	Avorago	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test I	Test 2	Average	Exam	Exam				
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

This course is intended to teach students the management skills to be applied during all the stages of Civil Engineering Project. The professional construction engineering practice will be rendered meaningless if service is not offered with a scientific approach and managerial practices. This course deals with the techniques to be applied for scheduling projects, optimizing time-cost and other resources in construction, monitoring & ensuring quality and safety aspects in projects.

Objectives

- To understand the basic functions and construction management.
- To learn scheduling techniques such as CPM &PERT.
- To gain knowledge of time-cost optimization & effective utilization of resourceson construction sites.
- To understand allocating the resources and project monitoring
- To know about safety and quality aspect of construction works..

Detailed Syllabus					
Module	Sub Modules/Contents	Periods			
	Introduction to Construction Management:				
	1.1 Concept of Management, Principles of management, contribution				
Ι	byeminent personalities towards growth of management thoughts.				
	1.2 Significance of construction, management, objectives& functions of	04			
	construction management				
	1.3 Resources required for construction.				
	Construction Projects:				
	2.1 Role of Construction industry in economic development of country				
	2.2 Unique features of construction industry.				
	2.3 Construction projects- Classification, Characteristics, Project life cycle etc.	05			
	2.4Roles and responsibilities of various agencies associated with a				
II	Construction project.				
	2.5 Pre-requisites of commencing construction work such as sanctions,				
	Approvals to be sought, and feasibility studies.				
	2.6 Site layout, organizing & mobilizing the site				

	Construction project planning & Scheduling:	
	3.1 Stages of planning in the view of owner/Department as well as contractor.	
	3.2 W.B.S, Bar Charts.	
III	3.3 Network-Terminology, Network Rules, Fulkerson's rule, skip numbering,	
	Precedence network etc.	
	3.4 C.P.M- Activity & event with their types, activity times, event times,	12
	Critical path, forward pass, backward pass, float & its types.	
	3.5 P.E.R.T- Assumption underlying PERT analysis time estimates, slack& its	
	types, probability of completing the project etc.	
	Resources Management & Allocation :	
	4.1 Material Management- Importance, objectives, functions of material	
IV	management, Inventory control, A-B-C analysis, E.O.Q etc.	
	4.2 Human Resource Management- Manpower planning, recruitment, Selection	
	training, performance evaluation of worker etc.	
	4.3 Resources Allocation Methods- Resource levelling resource smoothening.	10
	Project Monitoring& Cost Control :	
	5.1 Supervision, record keeping, Periodic progress reports etc.	
	5.2 Updating- Purpose of frequency of updating method of updating anetwork	
	etc.	
V	5.3 Time cost optimization in construction projects compression &	08
	decompression of network etc.	
	5.4 Common causes of time over run & cost overrun & Corrective measures.	
	Safety & Health on Construction Sites	
	6.1 Common causes of accidents on construction sites, costs of accident,	
VI	precautionary measures to avoid accidents,	
	6.2 Occupational health hazards in construction industry.	03
	6.3 Safety & Health Campaign.	
	6.4 O.S.H.A	
	Quality Control :	
VII	7.1 Concept of Quality, quality control check list in quality control etc.	0.2
	7.2 Role of inspection in quality control,	03
	7.3 Quality manual, Quality assurance statistical quality control	
1 /111	Construction Labors & Legislation :	02
VIII	8.1 Need for legislation & Importance of labour laws.	03
	8.2 Acts applicable to Indian construction labours such as Payment of wages	
	act, Minimum wages act, Workmen's compensation act, Factories act etc.	

Contribution to Outcomes

On completion of the course, the learners will be able to:-

1) understand & apply the knowledge of management functions like planning, scheduling, executing & controlling the construction projects.

- 2) Prepare feasible project schedule by using various scheduling techniques.
- 3) gain knowledge of managing various resources & recommend best method of allocating the resources to the project.
- 4) develop optimum relationship between time & cost for construction projects
- 5) Implement quality & safety measures on construction sites during execution of civil engineering projects.
- 6) Understand the importance of labour legislation

Term Work: At least 10 assignments covering the entire syllabus.

Theory Examination:

- 1) The question paper will comprise of six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2) The first question will be compulsory & out of remaining questions students have to attempt Any three questions.
- 3) Total four questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination: The oral examination shall be based on the entire syllabus & the Term-work Prepared by the students including assignments..

Recommended books:

- 1) Construction Engineering and Management: S.Seetaraman.
- 2) Construction Planning & Management Dr.U.K.Shrivastava.
- 3) Professional Construction Management: Barrie D.S. & Paulson B C, McGraw Hill
- 4) Construction Project Management: Chitkara K K Tata McGraw Hill
- 5) Handbook of Construction Management: P K Joy, Macmillan, India
- 6) Critical Path Methods in Construction Practice: Antill J M & Woodhead R W, Wiley
- 7) Construction Hazard and Safety Handbook: King &Hudson,Butterworths

	Semester VIII	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits
CE-C DLO8031	Advanced Design of Steel Structures	5

Teaching Scheme							
Co	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04 01 05				

Evaluation Scheme								
Theory					Term Work/ Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment End Duration			Duration of					
Tost 1	Tost 2	Avorago	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test 1 Test 2 Averag		Average	Exam	Exam				
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150
-•	-•		00	•••••••			20	100

There are various types of the Civil Engineering structures which are subjected to various types of loading and their combination. Most of the industrial structures for which the higher strength is a prime concern, are made up of steel .These special structure are design by working stress method and limit state method. The design approaches of different components given in the syllabus are based on limit state method and working state method.

Objectives

To understand the analysis and design concept of round tubular structures

To understand the design concept of different type of steel water tank

To understand the design concept of lattice tower and steel chimney

To understand the design concept of gantry girder

To develop Civil Engineering graduates having clear understanding of concepts and practical knowledge of modern Civil Engineering techniques for design of steel structures.

Use of various relevant IS codes for designing such special steel structures

Detailed Syllabus				
Module	Sub – Modules / Contents	Periods		
Ι	1. Introduction to Steel Structure	03		
	Introduction to types of steel, mechanical properties of Structural steel, advantages of steel as structural material, design philosophies of Working Stress Method (WSM), Limit state method and design of simple bolted connection.			
	2. Moment Resistant Beam End Connections :	05		
	Design of moment resistant bolted and welded beam end connections by			
	limit state method			
II	3. Round Tubular Structural Members :	06		

	Properties of steel tubes, design of tension member and compression	
	member, design of welded connections, design of flexural members,	
	analysis and design of tubular trusses including purlins and supports.	
III	4. Elevated Steel Tanks and Stacks :	14
	Loads acting on tanks including wind and earthquake, design of circular	
	tanks with hemispherical and conical bottom, supporting ring beam,	
	staging for circular tanks including design of columns and foundation,	
	design of rectangular steel tanks including design of staging, columns and	
	foundation(consider the effect of wind and earthquake)	
IV	5. Gantry Girder :	07
	Loads acting on gantry girder, Analysis of gantry girder, design of gantry	
	girder by limit state method.	
	6. Lattice Tower :	09
V	Different configuration of lattice towers, loads acting on lattice towers,	
	Analysis of lattice tower, design of lattice tower including welded or	
	bolted connections for members by limit state method.(consider the	
	effect of wind and earthquake)	
VI	7. Steel Chimney :	08
	Forces acting on chimney, design of self supporting welded and bolted	
	chimney and components including design of foundation(consider the	
	effect of wind and earthquake)	

Contribution to Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able

- 1. To perform the analysis and design of special steel structures
- 2. The will be able to analysis and design the gantry girder by limit state method.
- 3. They will be able to analysis and design steel chimney, lattice tower, tubular truss and watertank
- 4. Students should able to independently design steel structures using relevant IS codes.

Theory Examination:-

- 1. Question paper will comprise of six question; each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The first question will be compulsory and will have short question having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- 3. The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of the entire syllabus. For this, the modules shall be divided proportionately and further, the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.
- 4. The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 5. Total four questions need to be attempted

Oral Examination:

The oral examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work consisting of the assignments and projects.

Term Work:

The Term work shall consists of a design report and detailed drawings on three projects as indicated below:

1) Roofing system including details of supports using tubular section

- 2) Design of elevated circular tank with conical bottom or rectangular steel tank.
- 3) Design of lattice tower or steel chimney.

The drawing should be drawn in pencil only on minimum of A-1 (imperial) size drawing sheets. Each student has to appear for at least two written test during term .The term work shall comprise of the neatly written report based on assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus.

Distribution of the Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work.

The final certification and acceptance of term work warrants the satisfactory and appropriate completion of the assignments and projects.

Recommended Books:

- 1 Design of Steel Structures : N Subramanian, Oxford- University Press
- 2 Design of Steel Structures: Punamia, A. K. Jain & Arun Kumar Jain .Laxmi Publication
- 3 Design of Steel Structures: Dayaratnam, Wheeler Publication, New Delhi.
- 4 Design of steel structures: Krishnamachar B.S, & AjithaSinha D.

Reference Books:

- 1. Design of Steel Structures: Mac. Ginely T.
- 2. Design of Steel Structures: Kazimi S. M. & Jindal R. S., Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Design of Steel Structures: Breslar, Lin and Scalzi, John Willey, New York.
- 4. Design of Steel Structures: Arya and Ajmani, New chand& Bros.
- 5. Relevant IS codes, BIS Publication, New Delhi
- 6. Steel structures, Controlling behavior through design: R. Englekirk, Wiley
- 7. LRFD Steel Design : William T. Segui, PWS Publishing
- 8. Design of Steel Structures: Edwin H. Gaylord, Charles N. Gaylord and James. Stallmeyer, McGraw-Hill

	Semester VIII	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits
CE-C DLO8032	Industrial Waste Treatment	5

Teaching Scheme							
C	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04	05			

Evaluation Scheme								
Theory					Term Work/			Total
					Practical/Oral			
Internal Assessment			End	Duration of				
Teat 1	Test 1 Test 2	Average	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test I			Exam	Exam				
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

Industrial waste waters are generally much more polluted than the domestic or even commercial wastewaters. Such industrial wastewaters cannot always be treated easily by the normal methods of treating domestic wastewaters, and certain specially designed methods. In order to achieve this aim, it is generally always necessary, and advantageous to isolate and remove the troubling pollutants from the wastewaters, before subjecting them to usual treatment processes. Thus Wastewater treatment is closely related to the <u>standards</u> and/or expectations set for the effluent quality. Wastewater treatment processes are designed to achieve improvements in the quality of the wastewater.

Objectives

- To provide knowledge of different types and characteristics of industrial wastes. Also to make the students conversant with effluent and stream standards.
- To study the problems faced by many industrial plants with new effluent limits to be met with their existing treatment plant.
- To understand in-depth yet practical review of wastewater treatment technologies and how to optimize their operation.
- To develop rational approaches towards sustainable waste water management via sludge recovery and treatments.
- To provide an understanding of the mechanisms and processes used to treat waters that have been contaminated in some way by various industrial activities prior to its release into the environment or its re-use.
- To study the sources of contaminants, legislative framework for their remediation as well as the technical aspects of the unit operations involved. To Utilize EIA documents for policy development, project planning or for legal or political action planning.

	Detailed Syllabus	
Module	Sub Modules/Contents	Periods
1	General:Liquid wastes from industries – their volumes and characteristics, Effect of disposal into natural water courses, Municipal sewers and on land, stream standards and effluent standards.	04
2	Sampling and analysis of industrial wastes, Treatability study, good housekeeping, bioassay test, population equivalence.	04
3	Stream sanitation: Effects of industrial wastes on self-purification of streams and fish life, Statement and significance of the parameters of Streeter and Phelp's equation and BOD equations, Deoxygenating and reaeration, Oxygen sag and numerical based on this.	06
4	General treatment of industrial wastes:Neutralization, Equalization, segregation. Modification of conventional aerobic and anaerobic biological treatment methods. Dewatering and disposal of sludges,unit operation– floatation, Vacuum filtration, Centrifugation, Filter press and membrane filters, Advanced treatment.	12
5	Detailed consideration of wastes produced from following industries: Manufacturing processes normally followed , Volume and effects of raw and treated effluent on streams, Sewers, Characteristics of effluents and land Treatment methods, reuse-recovery 1) Sugar-sugarcane 2) Distilleries 3) Pulp & paper: Sulphate process 4) Textiles: Cotton 5) Dairy 6) Tanneries 7)Electroplating	16
6	Provision of various acts pertaining to industrial wastes / effluents, introduction to environmental impact assessment and environmental audit. Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs): Location, Need, Design, Operation & Maintenance Problems and Economical aspects.	10

Contribution to outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will have an ability to understand the industrial waste sources, effects and its treatment. The students will understand the various methods of disposal of industrial waste. They will have an understanding of the nature and characteristic of industrial waste and regulatory requirements regarding industrial waste treatment and further, they will have an ability to plan industrial waste minimization.

Students should able to

- 1. Understand the characteristics of industrial wastewater.
- 2. Identify sampling method and analyze industrial waste.
- 3. Design facilities for the processing and reclamation of industrial waste water.

4. Explain on-site treatment methods and solve Analyze and design wastewater treatment systems. (floatation, vacuum filtration, centrifugation, filter press and membrane filters)

5. Detailed on-site manufacturing processes and treatments of industrial waste water.

6.Analyze proposed development project plans for possible environmental effects and to improve treated effluent quality to confirm standard prescribed by regulatory agencies.

Theory Examination:-

1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. The first question will be compulsory which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

3. The remaining five questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module contents thereof.

4. The students will have to attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.

5. Total four questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:-

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work consisting of the assignments and Tutorial including the site visit report.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term work shall be judiciously awarded for the various components depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and acceptance of term work warrants the satisfactory and appropriate completion of the assignments. Each student shall prepare a report comprising design criteria and flow sheet of the proposed treatment scheme including laboratory analysis for any one industrial waste. Demonstration of available software for design of effluent treatment plant is to be considered.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- 7. Report (on any industry/site visit): 05 Marks
- 8. Seminar: 05Marks
- 9. Attendance : 05 Marks
- 10. Assignments and Tutorials :10 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to

75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

- 1. Waste Water Treatment: Rao & Datta, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co.
- 2. Environmental Pollution and control in chemical process industries: S.C.Bhatia, Khanna Publication.
- 3. Industrial Water Pollution Control: W W Eckenfelder Jr, Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Industrial Water Pollution Management: E F Gurnham, John Wiley.
- 5. Biological Waste Treatment: Eckenfelder & Connor Pergamon Press.
- 6. Theories and Practices of Industrial Waste Treatment: Addisoon Wesley.
- 7. Pollution Control in Process Industries: S P Mahajan, Tata mcgraw Hill.

- 8. Industrial Waste: W Rudolfs ,(Ed), L E C Publishers Inc.
- 9. The Treatment of Industrial Wastes: E D BesselievreMcgraw Hill.
- 10. Industrial Waste Disposal: R D Ross, (Ed), Reinhld Bok Croporation.
- 11. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment and Reuse : Metcalf and Eddy, Tata mcgraw Hill
- 12. Industrial Wastewater Management Handbook, Hardam S. Azad.
- 13. Industrial Waste Treatment, Frank Woodwoard.
- 14. Environmental Impact Assessment :Larry W. Canter, Mcgraw Hill Book Company.
- 15. Environmental Impact Analysis Handbook :G.J. Rao and C.D. Weeten ,Mcgraw Hill
- 16. Environmental Management, Vijay Kulkarni and T. V. Ramchandra, Capital Publishing
- 17. Environmental Audit, MhaskarA.K., Enviro Media Publications.

Semester VIII						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits				
CE-C DLO8033	Pavement Design and Construction	5				

Teaching Scheme								
Co	Credits Assigned							
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total		
04	02		04 01 05					

]	Evaluation Sch	eme			
Theory					Term Work/ Practical/Oral			Total
Internal AssessmentTest 1Test 2Average		End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR	OR		
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

The pavements are classified according to mode of transportation (highway and airways) and structural behaviour (flexible and rigid). The design of any pavement warrants the proper analysis thereof. The course deals with the various methods of the analyses and design of pavements. The evaluation of the pavements on routine basis and subsequent maintenance is essential to avoid the distresses in pavements. The course also covers the various distresses likely to take place in the pavements and various methods of evaluating the existing pavements. The distressed pavement needs either strengthening or rehabilitation depending upon the distresses the pavement has undergone. For the proper working and maintenance of the pavement, the concept of pavement management system has emerged. The course also covers these aspects. It also gives major thrust on the low volume roads and construction of concrete roads.

Objectives

- To study the different types of pavements(highway and airfield) depending upon the mode of transportation, use and structural behaviour.
- To understand the concept of consideration of wheel loads, axle loads, wheel-axle configuration and allied aspects as a pre-requisite in the analysis and design of the pavement.
- To study the various types of structural responses (stresses and deformations) inducing the pavements due to wheel load and other climatic variations.
- To study the various methods of analysis and design of the pavements and its subsequent applications to the various types of pavements.
- To study the different types of distresses in pavement, evaluation of the existing pavements using different methods and rehabilitation of the distressed pavements.
- To study the construction of the concrete roads and low volume roads.
- To study the quality control and quality assurance in the road construction and introduce pavement management system.

Detailed Syllabus						
Module	Sub-Modules/ Contents	Periods				
I.	Pavement structure and functional attributes, factors affecting pavement design, types of wheel loads for highways and airports, development of design method for highway and airport pavements. Stresses in flexible pavements, 1-layer, 2-layer, 3-layers theories, EWLF,ESWL Stresses in Rigid pavement: load and temperature stresses, combined stresses.	12				
II.	 Flexible Pavement Design Airport pavement: Corps of Engineer's method, FAA method CDOT method, Asphalt institute method. Highway Pavement: Empirical methods using no soil strength criteria, empirical method based no soil strength criteria: CBR method as specified by IRC-37 1970,1984,2001,2012,2018 Road note 29 methods, AASHTO method, Asphalt institute method. Fatigue and rutting as a failure criterion. Rigid Pavement Design: Airport pavements: PCA methods, corps of Engineer's method, FAA method. Joints and reinforcement requirement. Highway pavement: Current British procedure, IRC-58-2012,2015. 	16				
III.	 Evaluation and strengthening: flexible and rigid pavement distresses, condition and evaluation surveys, present serviceability index, roughness measurement, Benkelman beam deflections, design of overlays(IRC-81-1997), skid resistance and measurement. Concrete road construction: Mix design, concrete strength, size of aggregates, gradation, and workability, preparation of base form work, placing of reinforcement, compaction, and finishing, curing, joints. 	12				
IV.	Low Cost Roads (Rural Areas) (IRC-SP-20-2002) Classification of low cost roads, construction of low cost roads, stabilization of subgrade, base and its advantages, construction of granular base courses, macadam surface, macadam bases, low cost materials and methods used for highway construction, suitability of different types of roads under different situation. Soils.	05				
V	Quality control (QC) and Quality assurance (QA) during construction of various pavements, importance, process control and end product control, statistical methods in quality control, control charts, frequency of testing etc. (IRC-SP-11-1997) (MORTH SECTION 900).	05				
VI	Introduction to pavement management systems.	02				

Course Outcome

On successful completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- Understand the structural actions involved in the pavement due to different types of load acting thereon and the various methods of analysis of pavements.
- Understand the applications of the analysis in the design of pavements using different methods of pavement design.

- Know the different types of distresses occurring in the existing pavements and carry out the structural and functional evaluation of the pavements.
- Apply the knowledge of evaluation in pre-empting the failure and to arrive upon the methodology of the rehabilitation of pavements.
- Understand the various aspects of the construction of concrete roads and low volume roads.
- Understand the pavement management system and quality control and assurance criteria and subsequently, its application in the highway construction.

Theory Examination:-

- 1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- 3. The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.
- 4. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.
- 5. The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.
- 6. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:-

The oral examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term work:

The term-work shall comprise of the neatly written assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least three problems and/ or questions on each modules/ sub-modules and contents thereof, further.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon its quality of the term work. The final certification and the acceptance of the term-work warrant the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and further, minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- Assignments : 20 Marks
- Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:-

- 1. Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering: L.R.Kadiyali, Khanna publications.
- Highway Engineering: *Khanna S.K. and Justo* C.E.G. Nem Chand (Revised 10th Edition, 2014)
 Pavement design
- 4. Principles, Practice and Design of Highway Engineering (Including Airport Pavements): *Sharma, S.K.*, S. Chand Technical Publications (3rd Revised Edition, 2013) 4.Pavement Analysis and Design: *Yang H. Huang*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1993
- 5. Pavement Design: Yoder and Witzech, McGraw-Hill, 1982.
- 6. The Design and Performance of Road Pavements: Croney, David et al, McGraw Hill.

	Semester VIII	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits
CE-C DLO8034	Bridge Engineering and Design	5

Teaching Scheme								
Co	Credits Assigned							
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total		
04	02		04	01		05		

Evaluation Scheme										
Theory					Term Work/			Total		
						Practical/Oral				
Internal Assessment			End	Duration of						
Test 1 Test 2	Toot 2	est 2 Average	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR			
	Test 2		Exam	Exam						
20	20	20	80	04 Hrs.	25	-	25	150		

In the age of increase in traffic load and rapid transportation, bridges are a very important part of a nation's transportation infrastructure associated with the economic growth. They allow for roads and railways to cross over otherwise impassable obstacles such as rivers, valleys or other roads etc. Bridges are being built mainly with reinforced concrete, prestressed concrete or steel depending on various factors such as environment& site conditions, nature of loads and span etc. The civil engineering profession is much concerned with proper planning, design and construction, as well as maintenance, repairs and rehabilitation of bridges which are of utmostimportance. In this subject, students will be well acquainted with the types of bridges and their selection based on the specific needs. They will learn analysis and design of superstructure of substructure (foundation, Pier, abutments) using relevant IRC. They will also understand the analysis and design of a lattice girder bridge in steel for railway loading using relevant bridge rules and IRS.

Objectives

1. To bring the students to such a levelthat they being civil engineers will be able to take the appropriate decision in respect of choice of site, type of bridge, components of bridge, superstructure, sub structure, foundation, type of bearing and launching method of girder and construction methods.

2.To make the candidate to understand the analysis and design of reinforced concrete culvert/Prestressed Concrete bridges using relevant IRCs.

3. To make the candidate to understand the analysis and design of lattice girder steel bridge for railway loading using relevant IRS code.

Detailed Syllabus						
Module	Sub module/Contents	Periods				
1	Introduction:	06				
	Types of Bridges, Selection of suitable site and type of bridge,					
	Components of a bridge, aesthetics, economic span					
2	Design Loads and their Distribution:	10				
	IRC loads:IRC-Class AA tracked and wheeled, 70R tracked and					
	wheeled, Class-A, Class-B, distribution of loads on RC culverts,					
	Prestressed Concrete deck slab and girdered bridge, IRS loads : Railway					
	loading and distribution on lattice girder bridge					

3	Design of Superstructure:	20
	Design of prestressed concrete deck slab bridge, I-girder bridge and box	
	girder bridge for roadway,	
	Design of RC Culvert, Design of balanced cantilever RC bridge for	
	roadway,	
	Design of steel lattice girder bridge for railway	
4	Substructure:	06
	Different types of foundations, their choice and methods of construction,	
	well foundation, pile foundation, piers and abutments, wing walls	
5	Bearing:	03
	Various types of bearings and their suitability	
6	Construction Methods:	03
	Various methods of erection of bridge girders, cantilever method of	
	construction of bridge	

Contribution to outcome

On successful completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

1. Select the suitable type of bridge according to the site condition.

2. Understand IRC loads, distribution of these loads on deck slab and among longitudinal beams/girders of a bridge.

3. Design of culvert, balanced cantilever reinforced concrete bridge, prestressed concrete deck slab bridge, I-girdered and box girdered bridge, lattice girder railway bridge.

4. Understand different types of foundations, piers and abutments, their methods of construction.

5. Understand various types of bearings and their suitability, erection of bridge superstructure.

Theory Examination: -

1. Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20 marks.

2. The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.

3. The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.

4. There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.

5. The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.

6. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Site Visit/ Field Visit:

The students shall visit the site where the construction of bridge structure using pre-stressed concrete is going on. The students shall prepare the detailed report thereof and submit as a part of the term work.

Oral Examination:

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus, term work and site/field visit. **Term work:**

The termwork shall comprise of the neatly written assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus. There shall be minimum four problems for design of roadway bridges and one railway bridge.

Presentation on any emerging trend in bridges, its design, methods of erection and construction, types of foundations and bearings etc relevant to syllabus.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and the acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and further, minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments: 10 Marks

Presentation: 05 Marks

A Bridge site visit report or A project on Design of superstructure of a bridge using software: 05 Marks

Attendance: 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

A-Recommended Books:

- 1. Design of Bridges: Raju N. K., Oxford and IBH fifth Edition.
- 2. Bridge Engineering: Ponnuswamy S., Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. Concrete Bridge Practice: Raina V. K., Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Essentials of Bridge Engineering: Victor D.J, Oxford and IBH.

5. Design of Bridge Superstructures: *T.R. Jagdeesh*and*M.A. Jayaram*, Prentice Hall India Private Ltd., New Delhi.

6. Bridge Engineering Handbook: Chen W. F. and Duan L., CRC Press, 2000.

7. Bridge Bearings and Expansion Joints: David Lee, E & FN Spon.

B-IRC Codes:

IRC: SP13- 2004, IRC: 5- 2015, IRC: 6- 2016, IRC: 18-2000, IRC: 21-2000, IRC: 24-2001, IRC: 27-2009, IRC: 45, IRC: 78-2014, IRC: 83 (i)-1999, IRC: 83 (ii)-1987, IRC: 83 (iii)-2002, IRC:112- 2011

C-IRS Codes:

IRS- 2003, Bridge rules (Railway board): Rules specifying the loads for design of superstructure and sub-structure of bridges and for assessment of the strength of existing bridges-2008.

Indian railway standard code of practice for the design of steel or wrought iron bridges carrying rail, road or pedestrian traffic (steel bridge code) adopted- 2003

Semester VIII							
Subject CodeSubject NameCredits							
CE-DLO 8035	CE-DLO 8035 Appraisal & Implementation of Infrastructure						
	Projects						

Teaching Scheme							
Co	Credits Assigned						
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04	01		05	

Evaluation Scheme										
Theory					Term Work/			Total		
					Practical/Oral					
Internal Assessment			End	Duration of						
Test 1 Test 2			Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR			
Test I	Test 2	Average Ex	Exam	Exam						
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.	25	-	25	150		

This course is intended to make students aware of the appraisal criteria for any Civil engineering project. This course will make students understand the importance of feasibility studies and acquaint them with the process of preparing a project report, both of which play a significant role in deciding the viability of a project. The professional construction engineering practice will be rendered meaningless if student do not grasp the knowledge of financial analysis. This course shall be helpful to students in studying all the economic aspects of Infrastructure projects.

Objectives

- To know the procedure of feasibility studies for any infrastructure project.
- To learn the procedure of appraisals required for deciding the worthiness of any project.
- To learn the procedure of forecasting demand and know its importance.
- To know the components and importance of technical appraisal.
- To make students acquainted with important decision making tools like Break even analysis, SWOT analysis and other ways to carry out economic analysis of a project.
- To get acquainted with different methods of implementing a project.

Detailed Syllabus						
Module		Sub-Modules/ Contents	Periods			
	Con	struction Projects and Report Preparation				
I.	1.1	Classification of construction projects.Project Formulation and phases involved in it.	04			
	1.2	Feasibility studies, SWOT analysis.Preparation of Project report.				
	Project Appraisal					
II.	2.1	Importance and phases in a project development cycle for major infrastructure projects.	08			
	2.2	Importance of Appraisal, its need and steps involved in it.				
	Mar	·ket Appraisal	10			
III.	3.1	Importance and methods of carrying out demand analysis. Sources to gather project related information and ways to carry out market				
		survey.				

	3.2	Methods to forecast demands.Uncertainities involved in demand forecasting.	
	Tec	hnical and Managerial Appraisal	
IV.	4.1	Method to study the technical appraisal/viability of a project in terms of its location, type of land and intended use of building, technology requirements of the project, Size and complexity of tools and plants, raw materials to be used and their impact on the vicinity, energy requirements, water supply and disposal of effluents if any.	08
	4.2	Study of managerial requirements of a project, Desirable organisational structure and hierarchy to manage as well as implement the project, Method of assessment of entrepreneurs.	
	Fina	ancial analysis and Economic Appraisal	
T 7	5.1	Various costs related to a project, Methods to determine the profitability of a project, Break even analysis.	10
V.	5.2	Economic appraisal: Urgency, Payback period, Avg. Rate of return, Net Present Value, Internal rate of return, Benefit cost ratio, Cost of Capital etc.	
	Pro	ject Financing and Implementation	
VI.	6.1	Types and Sources of finance in local, National and International context. Issues related to project financing.	08
	6.2	Agencies involved in the implementation of a project. Methods of implementation like Built, operate and Transfer and its other variants like B.O.O, B.O.O.T, B.L.T, etc.	00
	•	Total	48

Contribution to Outcomes

On successful completion of the course, the learners will be able to:

- **classify** the projects and **describe** the phases involved in project formulation.
- **prepare**a detailed project report on the basis of various feasibility studies and SWOT analysis.
- **devise** a project's development cycle and get acquainted with the different appraisals in the process of deciding the worthiness of a project.
- **exhibit** and **apply** the managerial skills and knowledge of financial aspects required during the implementation of projects.
- identify various sources for project finance.
- **know** the various agencies involved in project implementation as well as **select** the method of project implementation which is best suited for a particular project.

Theory Examination:

- Question paper will comprise of **six** questions; each carrying 20 marks.
- The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module or contents thereof.
- There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/ sub-topics.
- The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.

• Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term Work:

The term work shall consist of the following:

- 4) Minimum **Six assignments** covering the entire syllabus.
- 5) **Report** on studying the SWOT Analysis of any one major infrastructure project.
- 6) **Case study Powerpoint presentation** covering the various appraisals of any one major infrastructure project.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work including that of the report and powerpoint presentation. The final certification and acceptance of the term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments:20 Marks.

<u>Attendance</u>: 05 Marks. Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, guideline to be resorted to is: 75%- 80%: 03 Marks; 81%- 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- 1) Project Preparation, Appraisal, Budgeting, and Implementation: Prasanna Chandra (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 2) Infrastructure Development & Financing in India N. Mani (New Century Publications).
- 3) Infrastructure & economic development Anu Kapil (Deep&Deep Publications).
- 4) Construction Management: Planning and finance Cormican D.(Construction press, London).
- 5) Engineering Economics Kumar (Wiley, India).
- 6) Real Estate, Finance and investment Bruggeman.Fishr (McGraw Hill).
- 7) The cost management toolbox; A Managers guide to controlling costs and boosting profits. Oliver, Lianabel (Tata McGraw Hill).

	Semester VIII	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits
CE-DLO 8036	Soil Dynamics	05

Teaching Scheme							
Contact Hours Credits Assigned					dits Assigned		
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorials Total				
04	02		04 01 05				

Evaluation Scheme								
Theory					Term Work/ Practical/Oral			Total
T (1	Tactical		_	
Inter	nal Asses	ssment	End	Duration of				
Tost 1	Test 2 Average		Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
Test 1 Test 2 Average		Exam	Exam					
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.	25	-	25	150

In basic geotechnical engineering course generally various static loads are considered in the theories and analysis of soil. But practically many geotechnical applications require the knowledge of the behaviour and properties/response of soil as a material which is subjected to various types of dynamic or cyclic time-dependent loadings. Some of the structures which are subjected to dynamic loadings are machine foundations, shallow and deep foundations, retaining structures, slopes, sub grade soil below railway, pavement, runway etc. This course provides the fundamental theoretical and computational aspects of dynamics for some important geotechnical problems andstructures.

Object	ives
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• To study fundamental concepts of vibrations, degrees of freedom and damping systems.

- To study phenomena like liquefaction and their effects.
- To study principals of machine foundation design and dynamic earth pressure theories on retainingwall.
- To learn test methods of evaluating dynamic properties of soil.

Detailed Syllabus				
Module	Sub- Modules/Contents	Periods		
I.	Scope and objective; Nature and types of dynamic loading; Importance of soil dynamics. Vibration of elementary system, degree of freedom, analysis of system with one degree of freedom, spring-mass system, harmonic vibration, uniform circular motion natural frequency, free and forced vibrations with and without damping, type of damping	10		
II.	Wave propagation in elastic rods, in an elastic infinite medium and in semi elastic half space, wave generated by surface footing.	05		

III.	Liquefaction of soils, criterion and factors affecting liquefaction of soil, laboratory and field studies on liquefaction, liquefaction studies in oscillatory simple shear, evaluation of liquefactionpotentials, liquefaction of clay.	10
IV.	Principles of machine foundation design, criteria for satisfactory machine foundation, degree of freedom of a block foundation analysis of vertical and sliding vibration of a machine foundation, mass ofsoil participating in vibration. Practical design considerations and codal provisions.	06
V.	Vibration isolation and screening methods, improvement of distressed machine foundation.	07
VI.	Field and laboratory tests for evaluation of dynamic properties of soil under vertical vibration coefficient of elastic uniform shear, spring constant damping modulus of elasticity typical values of soils.	07
VII.	Basics of dynamic earth pressure on retaining walls: conventional gravity type, reinforced soils, distribution of pressure, point of application of the resultant, simple examples.	07

Course Outcome

On successful completion of the course, the students are expected to:

- Acquire the knowledge of concepts, principles and applications of soil under dynamic loading.
- Develop an ability to design with reference to code provisions and solve the practical soil problems subjected tovibrations.
- Provide an impetus to new developments in related dynamictopics.

Theory Examination:-

Question paper will comprise of six questions; each carrying 20marks.

The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entiresyllabus.

The remaining **five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contentsthereof.

There can be an **internal** choice in various sub-questions/ questions in order to accommodate the questions on all the topics/sub-topics.

The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining fivequestions. Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Laboratory Test

It is recommended to conduct block foundation tests.

Oral Examination:-

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus.

Term Work:

Each student shall prepare a project report covering the selection of design parameters, design analysis including drawing on any aspect of soil dynamics included in the syllabus. The project report referred above along with the assignments will form a part of the term work. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that thestudents would attempt at least four problems and/or questions on each modules/ sub- modules and contents thereof, further. The report on the block vibration tests, if conducted, shall also form a part of the term work.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of the term-work shall be judiciously awarded for various components of the term work depending upon its quality. The final certification and the acceptance of the term-work warrant the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments, proper compilation of the project report and that of experiments/ practical, if conducted; and further, minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students.

The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

- Assignments : 20Marks
- Attendance : 05Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.

75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended books:

- 1. Soil Dynamics: Shamsher Prakash, McGraw-Hill bookcompany
- 2. Principles of Soil Dynamics: *Braja, M. Das*, PWS-Kent PublishingCompany
- 3. Dynamics of Bases and Foundations: *Barkan, D. D.*, McGraw-Hill Bookcompany
- 4. Steven L. Kramer, "Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering", Prentice Hall Inc.
- 5. E. E. Richart et al. "Vibrations of Soils and Foundations", Prentice Hall Inc.
- 6. Relevant IScodes

	Semester VIII	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Credits
CE-DLO 8037	Applied Hydrology & Flood Control	05

Teaching Scheme							
Contact Hours Credits Assigned							
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorials	Total	
04	02		04 01 05				

	Evaluation Scheme								
Theory						Term Work/			
					Practical/Oral				
Internal Assessment		ssment	End	Duration of					
Teat 1	Test 2	Avorago	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR		
Test I Test 2 Average		Exam	Exam						
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.	25	-	25	150	

This subject deals with the various processes involved in hydrological cycle and provides in depth understanding of the theories and concepts of surface, subsurface and ground water hydrology. It focuses on types and forms of precipitations. It also explains the application of hydrographs, unit hydrographs and further describes various techniques of estimating stream flows. It further describes the various techniques of estimating streamline flows. It also describes the importance of floods, flood routing and ground water hydrology.

Objectives

- To understand the various processes involved in the hydrological cycle.
- To measure rainfall, computation of average rainfall, various water losses etc.
- To study the hydrograph and unit hydrographs, applications of unit hydrograph concept.
- To study various flood control methods, estimate design flood, and flood routing
- To study the concepts of ground water movement, steady and unsteady flow towards fully penetrating wells and well yields.

	Detailed Syllabus	
Module	Sub-Modules/ Contents	Periods
Ι	 Introduction: Hydrological cycle, scope of hydrology, water budget equation, sources of data. Precipitation: Measurement of precipitation, network of rain gauges and their adequacy in a catchment, methods of computing average rainfall, hyetograph and mass curve of rainfall, adjustment of missing data, station year method and double mass curve analysis, Depth-Area -Duration relationship, Intensity-Duration -Frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation. 	7
П	Abstractions from Precipitation: Evaporation and transpiration, evapo-transpiration, interception, epression storage, infiltration and infiltration indices, determination of water losses. Stream Flow Measurement: Measurement stream-flow by direct and indirect methods, measurement of stage and velocity, area-velocity method, stage-discharge relationships, current meter method, pitot tube method, slope-area method, rating curve method, dilution technique, electro-magnetic method, ultrasonic method.	7
III.	Runoff: Catchment, watershed and drainage basins, Factors affecting runoff, rainfall-runoff relationship, runoff estimation, droughts.	6
IV.	Hydrograph Analysis: Characteristics, base <i>flow</i> separation, unit hydrograph, S-hydrograph, complex hydrograph, synthetic hydrograph, dimensionless unit hydrograph, Instantaneous unit hydrograph.	7
V.	Floods: Estimation, envelope curves, flood frequency studies, probability and stochastic methods, estimation of design flood, flood control methods, Limitations, risk-reliability and safety factor.	6
VI.	Ground Water Hydrology: Yield , transmissibility, Darcy's law, DuPont's theory of unconfined flow, steady flow towards fully penetrating wells(confined and unconfined).Unsteady flow towards wells: Jacob's curve and other methods, use of well Function, pumping tests for aquifer characteristics, methods of recharge.	6

Contribution to Outcomes

On successful completion of the course, the students are expected to:

- Explain hydrologic cycle and various methods of Measurement of rainfall.
- Calculate optimum number of rain gauge station, average rainfall and missing rainfall over catchment
- Describe various methods of measurement of stream flow and to calculate obstraction losses over the catchment
- Develop rainfall runoff relationship and calculating runoff over catchment
- Perform hydrologic and hydraulic routing

• Derive the equation for the discharge of well for confined and unconfined aquifer **Theory examination:**

- Question paper will comprise of **six** questions; each carrying 20 marks.
- The **first** question will be **compulsory** which will have the short questions having weightage of 4-5 marks covering the entire syllabus.
- The **remaining five** questions will be based on all the modules of entire syllabus. For this, the module shall be divided proportionately further, and the weightage of the marks shall be judiciously awarded in proportion to the importance of the sub-module and contents thereof.
- The students will have to attempt any **three** questions out of remaining five questions.
- Total **four** questions need to be attempted.

Oral Examination:

The oral Examination shall be based upon the entire syllabus and the term work.

Term Work:

The term work shall comprise of the neatly written report of the assignments. The assignments shall be given covering the entire syllabus in such a way that the students would attempt at least four problems and / or questions on each sub-modules and contents thereof further.

Distribution of Term Work Marks:

The marks of term-work shall be judiciously awarded depending upon the quality of the term work. The final certification and acceptance of term-work warrants the satisfactory and the appropriate completion of the assignments; and the minimum passing marks to be obtained by the students. The following weightage of marks shall be given for different components of the term work.

Assignments : 20 Marks Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to.75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks

Recommended Books:

- Engineering Hydrology: K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures: *S. K. Ukarande*, Ane's Books Pvt. Ltd. (Abridged Edition 2015), ISBN 9789383656899
- Hydrology: H. M. Raghunath, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi
- Irrigation and Water Power Engineering: Dr. B.C. Punmia and Dr. Pande, B.B.Lal, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publishers. Delhi
- Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering: Dr. P.N. Modi, Standard BookHouse. Delhi.
- Elementary Hydrology: V. P. Singh, Prentice Hall
- Engineering Hydrology: Principles and practice: V. M. Ponce, Prentice Hall