AC- 29/06/2021 Item No.: 6.3



AC – 29/06/2021 Item No. -6.3

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Syllabus for Approval

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Third Year Bachelor of Chemical Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	Under Graduation
7	Pattern	Semester
8	Status	Revised
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year: 2021-2022
Date:		

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

University of Mumbai

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering)of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self-learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self-learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Third Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-21. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

Preamble to the Revision of Syllabus in Chemical Engineering

Development in all fields including Chemical Engineering along with use of soft wares for process plant and process engineering, there is demand on academician to upgrade the curriculum in Education. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. The Curriculum must integrate knowledge of the basic and advanced sciences with problem solving and creativity abilities.

The Curriculum must be broad enough to cover all areas from design to operation of Process plants. It should be deep enough to enable the learners to carry out research and develop products to meet rapidly changing needs and demands. The major challenge in the current scenario is to ensure quality to the stakeholders. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education and reflects the fact that in achieving recognition, the institution or program of study is committed and open to external review to meet certain minimum specified standards. The major emphasis of this accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. Program outcomes are essentially a range of skills and knowledge that a student will have at the time of graduation from the program.

With these objectives, online meeting was organized on 30th May 2020 which was attended by heads of the departments and subject faculty of affiliating Institutes. The program objectives and outcomes were thoroughly discussed in line with AICTE guidelines and the core structure of the syllabus was formulated keeping in mind choice based credit and grading system curriculum along with more emphasis on learning outcomes. Thus Skilled based laboratories and Mini projects are introduced in appropriate semesters. Views from experts and UG teachers were taken into consideration and final Academic and Exam scheme was prepared with the consent of all the members involved. Subject wise online meetings were held by various subjects convenors to finalize the detail syllabus of semester V and VI in the month of December 2020.

The Program Educational Objectives finalized for the undergraduate program in Chemical Engineering are:

- 1. To prepare the student for mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals
- 2. To motivate the student to use modern tools for solving real life problems
- 3. To inculcate a professional and ethical attitude, good leadership qualities and commitment to social and environmental responsibilities.
- 4. To prepare the student in achieving excellence which will benefit individually and society at large.

Board of Studies in Chemical Engineering

Dr. Parag R Gogate - Chairman

- Dr. Kalpana S. Deshmukh Member
- Dr. Sunil J. Kulkarni Member
- Dr. Ramesh S. Bhande Member
- Dr. Shyamala P. Shingare Member
- Dr. Manisha V. Bagal Member

University of Mumbai Program Structure for B.E. Chemical Engineering (Revised 2021-2022) T.E Semester VI

Course code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)						
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
CHC601	Mass Transfer Operation II	3	-	-	3	-	-	3
СНС602	Chemical Reaction Engineering II	3	-	-	3	-	-	3
СНС603	Pollution Control Technology	3	-	-	3		-	3
CHC604	Process Engineering and Economics	3	-	1	3		1	4
CHDO602X	Departmental Optional Course 2	3	-	-	3		-	3
CHL601	Mass Transfer Operation II Lab	-	3	-	6	1.5	-	1.5
CHL602	Chemical Reaction Engineering II Lab	-	3	-		1.5	-	1.5
CHL603	Pollution Control Technology Lab	-	3	C		1.5	-	1.5
CHL604	Skilled Based Lab: Piping Design Engineering Lab	-	3		-	1.5	-	1.5
CHM601	Mini Project – 2B	-	2#		-	1	-	1
	Total	15	14	1	15	7	1	23

		Examination Scheme								
Course code	Course Name	Theory					Term	Pract/		
		Interna Test 1	Assessr Test 2	nent Avg	End Sem. Exam	Exam Duration (in Hrs.)	Work	Oral	Oral	Total
CHC601	Mass Transfer Operation II	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	-	100
СНС602	Chemical Reaction Engineering II	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	-	100
CHC603	Pollution Control Technology	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	-	100
CHC604	Process Engineering and Economics	20	20	20	80	3	25	-	-	125
CHDO602X	Departmental Optional Course 2	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	-	100
CHL601	Mass Transfer Operation II Lab	-	-	-	-	3	25	25	-	50
CHL602	Chemical Reaction Engineering II Lab	-	-	-	-	3	25	25	-	50
CHL603	Pollution Control TechnologyLab	-	-	-	-	3	25	25	-	50
CHL604	Skilled Based Lab: Piping Design Engineering Lab	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50
CHM601	Mini Project – 2B	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50
	Total			100	400	-	150	75	50	775

Department Optional Course 2 (Semester VI)

Engineering Stream (Elective Code)	Technology Stream (Elective Code)	Management Stream (Elective Code)
Piping Engineering (CHDO6021)	Polymer Technology (CHDO6022)	Industrial Organization and Management
		(CHDO6023)

indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty), for Mini Project; For mini project faculty load: 1 hour per week per four groups

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHC601	Mass Transfer Operation II	03

(Course Hour	S	Credits Assigned				
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
03	-	-	03	-	-	03	

Theory						Term Work/Practical/Oral		
Int Test-I	ernal Asses Test-II	sment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR/OR	OR	Total
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs				100

Prerequisites

- 1. Knowledge of chemistry, physics, physical chemistry and mathematics.
- 2. Knowledge of process calculations.
- 3. Knowledge of diffusion, mass transfer coefficients, modes of contact of two immiscible phases.
- 4. Basic understanding of equilibrium.
- 5. Understanding of physical and chemical properties of compounds.
- 6. Students should know precautions to be taken in laboratories.

Objectives

- 1. To understand Vapor liquid equilibrium and study different types of distillation and equipment's for distillation.
- 2. To study various contact patterns and equipment of extraction and leaching.
- 3. To study batch, semi batch and continuous adsorption.
- 4. To study crystallization principles and equipment.
- 5. To calculate no of stages, HTU, NTU, Height of bed, Efficiency for above operations wherever applicable.
- 6. To study principles of various membrane separation methods.

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Contents	Hours
	Distillation:	12
1	Introduction to Distillation, Concept of relative volatility, Minimum and	
	maximum boiling Azeotropes. Methods of distillation [binary mixtures]	
	- Flash Distillation, Differential distillation, Rectification. Calculations	
	of number of ideal stages in multistage countercurrent rectification.	
	McCabe Thiele Method. Ponchon-Savarit Method, Lewis-Sorel	
	Method, Concepts of [Brief Discussion]-Steam Distillation, Azeotropic	
	Distillation, Extractive Distillation, Reactive Distillation, Molecular	
	Distillation, Membrane distillation, Introduction to Multicomponent	
	Distillation,	
2	Liquid-Liquid Extraction:	08
	Introduction to Liquid-Liquid Extraction, Choice of Solvent for Liquid-	
	Liquid Extraction, Triangular coordinate system, Ternary Equilibria	

	[Binodal Solubility Curve with effect of temperature and pressure on it], Single Stage Operation, Multistage Cross Current Operation, Multistage Counter Current Operation [with and without reflux], Equipments for liquid-liquid extraction.	
3	Leaching:	06
	Current Leaching, Multistage Counter Current Leaching, Equipments	
	for Leaching.	
4	Adsorption and Ion Exchange:	08
	Introduction to Adsorption, Types of Adsorption, Adsorption	
	Isotherms, Single Stage Adsorption, Multistage Cross Current	
	Adsorption, Multistage Counter Current adsorption, Equipment's for	
	Adsorption, Break through curve, Ion Exchange Equilibria, Ion	
	Exchange Equipment's.	
5	Crystallization:	03
	Solubility curve, Super saturation, Method of obtaining super saturation,	
	Effect of heat of size and growth of crystal, Rate of Crystal growth and	
	ΔL law of crystal growth, Material and energy balance for crystallizers,	
	Crystallization equipment-description.	
6	Membrane separation Technique:	02
	Need of membrane separation, and its advantages, classification of	
	membrane separation process, Principles of Ultrafiltration,	
	Nanofiltration. Reverse osmosis.	

Note: Video, Digital, NPTL content can be used for equipment section of each chapter /unit operation.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand equilibrium in all separation processes.
- 2. Design the mass transfer equipments for various operations.
- 3. Understand principles of different distillation operations.
- 4. Choose the separation operation which will be economical for the given separation.
- 5. Design adsorption column and find optimum process parameters.
- 6. Understand membrane separation processes, their principles and working.

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

- 1. Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lectures.
- 2. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 3. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3
- then part (b) will be from any module other than module3)

5. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Text Books

1. Treybal R.E., Mass transfer operation, 3 Ed., McGraw Hill New York, 1980.

2. Datta B.K., Mass Transfer and separation processes, Eastern economy edition, PHI learning private ltd, New Delhi, 2009

Reference Books:

- 1. McCabe W.L. and Smith J.C., Unit operation in chemical engineering, 5 Ed., McGraw Hill New York 1993.
- 3. Geankoplis C.J., Transport processed and unit operations, Prentice Hall, New Delhi 1997.
- 4. Coulson J.M. Richardson J.F., Backhurst J.R. and Harker J.H., Coulson and Richardson chemical engineering, vol 1 & 2, Butterworth Heinman, New Delhi, 2000.
- 5. R.K.Sinnot (Ed) Coulson and Richardson chemical engineering, vol 6, Butterworth Heinman, New Delhi, 2000.

Semester VI								
Course Code Course Name Credits								
CHC602		Chemical React	tion Engi	03				
	a u							
	Course Hou	irs	Credits Assigned					
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Total				
03	_	_	03	_	_	03		

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			
Inte Test-I	rnal Assess Test-II	ment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR	OR	Total
20	20	20	80	03 Hours				100

Prerequisites

- 1. Students should know basic chemistry pertaining to chemical reactions, chemical formula and basic kinetics
- 2. Students are required to be aware of chemical process and unit operations used for the manufacturing of chemical products.
- 3. Students should have knowledge of simple to complex numerical methods of solving one and two dimensional Mathematical equations.

Objectives

- 1. To understand the concept of Residence Time Distribution (RTD) in case of non ideal flow
- 2. To predict the performance of real reactor based on RTD studies
- 3. To understand the difference between performance of homogeneous and heterogeneous reaction.
- 4. To find the model equation and use this model to design the reactors used for heterogeneous non catalytic reactions.
- 5. To develop kinetic model and Design strategy for heterogeneous catalytic reactions.
- 6. To apply the knowledge they have gained to develop kinetic model and use this model to design the reactors used for Fluid-Fluid reactions.

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Contents	Hours						
1	Non Ideal flow reactors:	10						
	Concept of residence time distribution (RTD), Measurement and							
	characteristics of RTD, RTD in Ideal batch reactors, Plug Flow Reactor							
	and CSTR. Zero Parameter Model –Segregation and Maximum mixedness							
	model. One parameter model–Tanks in series model and Dispersion							
	Model. Introduction to two parameter model							
2	Hetrogeneous Reaction System: Introduction	04						
	Rate Steps involved in hetrogeneous reactions. Overall Rate Expression							
	for Linear and Nonlinear Process. Types of hetrogeneous reaction system							
	with industrial examples							
3	Non Catalytic Heterogeneous Reactions:	08						

	Kinetics: General mechanism of reaction. Various models. Specific cases	
	with respect: (a) Film diffusion controlling. (b) Ash diffusion controlling.	
	(c) Chemical reaction controlling.	
	Design of reactors for non-catalytic reactions:	
	Experimental reactors for heterogeneous Reactions, Non-Catalytic Fluid	
	Solid Reactions in Flow Reactor. Application to design of continuous solid	
	flow reactors; various design considerations, Application of fluid bed	
	reactors and their design consideration.	
4	Catalytic Heterogeneous Reactions: Properties of solid catalysts,	07
	Physical adsorption and Chemisorption, Surface area and pore size	
	distribution, Langmuir- Hinshelwood model, and General mechanism of	
	solid catalyzed fluid phase reactions. Derivations for LHHW model	
	mechanism-various cases, Concept of effectiveness factor of catalyst and	•
	its dependence on catalyst properties and kinetic parameters.	
5	Introduction to Catalytic Reactors: Packed Bed Reactor, Fluidized Bed,	04
	Trickle Bed and Slurry Reactor. Experimental Methods for finding	
	reaction rates. Numericals based on Design of Packed Bed Reactor	
	(Calculation of weight/volume of catalyst).	
6	Kinetics of fluid-fluid reactions: Reaction with mass transfer, the rate	06
	equation pertaining to fast to very slow reactions.	
	Applications to design: Design of gas-liquid, heterogeneous reactors for	
	straight mass transfer case.	

Course Outcome

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. understand the concept of Residence Time Distribution (RTD) in various reactors
- 2. Obtain the actual design parameters to design Real Reactor based on various models.
- 3. find out kinetic model equation and use this model to design the reactors used for heterogeneous non catalytic reactions.
- 4. Classify catalysts and predict physical properties of catalyst, surface area, void volume, solid density pore volume distribution.
- 5. develop kinetic model for catalytic reaction based on reaction mechanism
- 6. Analyse reactor design for catalytic reaction.
- 7. identify kinetic regime and design the reactors as per specification for Fluid-Fluid reactions

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

- 1. Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture
- 2. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 3. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 4. **Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module3)
- 5. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Levenspiel O., Chemical Reaction Engineering, John Wiley&Sons, 3ed., 1999.
- 2. Smith J.M., Chemical Reaction Engineering, 3ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 1980.
- 3. Fogler, H.S. Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering, 4ed., PHI, 2008
- 4. Hill C.G., Chemical Reaction Engineering

Reference Books:

1. Walas, Reaction Kinetics for Chemical Engineers, McGraw Hill, 1959.

Semester VI								
Course Code Course Name Credits								
CHC603	CHC603 Pollution Control Technology					03		
Course Hours Credits Assigned								
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total		

03

	Theory						/Oral	\mathbf{C}
Inter Test-I	rnal Assess Test-II	ment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR	OR	Total
20	20	20	80	03 Hours				100

Prerequisites

Basic concepts of Fluid Flow Operations, Solid Fluid Mechanical Operations, Mass Transfer Operations and Chemical Reaction Engineering.

Course Objectives

- 1. The aim of the course is to provide basic understanding of air and water pollution control, regulations, and standards.
- 2. Course will provide basics of water pollution sources, properties, measurement and control techniques.
- 3. Course will provide air pollutions sources, properties, measurements, control methods, design of pollution control devices and efficiency analysis, as well as their applications.
- 4. Course will provide understanding of solid waste and noise pollution management.
- 5. Course will provide understanding of waste management in chemical industries.
- 6. Course will provide understanding of zero discharge management in chemical industries.

	Detailed Syllabus	
Module	Course Contents	Hours
1	Introduction to Pollution Control:	4
	Importance of environmental pollution control, Environmental Legislation &	
	Regulations, Industrial pollution emissions & Indian standards for ambient air,	
	noise and water emission and effluents, Water (prevention & control of	
	pollution) act, Air (prevention & control of pollution) act.	
	Environmental audit: Definition and concepts, Introduction to ISO and ISO	
	14000.	
2	Water Pollution and wastewater treatment technologies:	10
	Classification of sources and effect of water pollutant on human being and	
	ecology, Sampling, measurement and standards of water quality,	
	Determination of organic matters: DO, BOD, COD, and TOC. Mathematical	
	model for BOD, Re-oxygenation and de-oxygenation in natural purification	
	process.	
	Determination of inorganic substances: nitrogen, phosphorus, trace	
	elements, alkalinity.	
	Physical characteristics: suspended solids, dissolved solids, colour and odour,	
	Bacteriological measurements.	

03

03

	Primary treatment: pre-treatment, settling tanks and their sizing.	
	Secondary treatment: micro-organisms growth kinetics, aerobic biological	
	treatment, activated sludge process, evaluation of biokinetic parameters,	
	trickling filters, rotating biological contractors, anaerobic treatment, sludge	
	treatment and disposal.	
	Tertiary treatment: Advanced methods for removal of nutrients,	
	suspended and dissolved solids, Advanced biological systems,	
	Oxidation methods (Chemical Oxidation - Chlorine/Hypochlorite/Chlorine	
	Dioxide, Hydrogen Peroxide, Hydroxyl Radical, Oxygen (Atomic and	
	Molecular) and Ozone, Catalytic Oxidation - Fenton's Reagent (H2O2 +	
	Ferrous Ion), Photo Catalysis (UV + TiO2), Supercritical Water Oxidation),	
	Recovery of materials from process effluents.	
3	Air pollution management:	12
	Air pollutants sources, classification and characterization of air pollutants,	
	effect on health, vegetation & materials, types of inversion, behaviour and fate	
	of air pollutants,	
	Meteorological aspects of air pollutants: Temperature lapse rate & stability,	
	wind velocity & turbulence, plume behavior, measurement of meteorological	
	variables, wind rose diagrams, Plume Rise, estimation of effective stack height	
	and mixing depths. Development of air quality models-Gaussian dispersion	
	model	
	Sampling: Sampling of particulate and gaseous pollutants (Stack, Ambient &	
	indoor air pollution), Monitoring and analysis of air pollutants (like PM2.5,	
	PM10, SOX, NOX, CO, NH3)	
	Air pollution control: Source correction methods for air pollution control,	
	Cleaning of gaseous effluents, Particulate emission control, Equipment, system	
	and processes for particulate pollutants and gaseous pollutants.	
4	Solid Waste Management and noise pollution:	8
	Waste sources and generation rates, Traditional methods of waste collection	
	and disposal, Factors influencing waste generation and health hazards,	
	Waste processing: Size and volume reduction, recycling of solid wastes,	
	hazardous waste characterization, treatment and disposal, e-waste management	
	rules, plastic waste, biomedical waste, solid waste management in rural areas	
	and recent advances in solid waste management.	
	Noise pollution: generation, control and management.	
5	Industrial waste management: Case studies of i) petroleum refineries and	2
	petrochemical units, ii) fertilizer industry	
6.	Zero discharge technology adapted in selected industries: Case studies of i)	3
	Sugar industry ii) Pulp and paper	

Course Outcomes

After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Identify sources, types of pollutants and determine their impact on the environment, related laws and standards.
- 2 To understand sampling, measurement of various water pollutants, natural purification process, design various waste water treatments methods.
- 3 Analyze sampling, measurements, meteorological aspects air pollutant dispersion, its control and equipment's used for air pollution control.
- 4 To manage solid waste and noise pollution control.

- 5 Analyze and select appropriate treatment process for specific effluents emerging from chemical industries.
- 6 To minimize use of resources in chemical industries.

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents of syllabus and second test based on remaining contents of syllabus (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

1. Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture

- 2. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 3. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.

4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3

then part (b) will be from any module other than module3)

5. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Recommended Text Books:

- 1. Rao, C.S., Environmental Pollution Control Engineering, New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 2. Peavy, H. S., Rowe, D.R., Tchobanoglous, G., Environmental Engineering, McGraw-Hill Book Company Limited
- 3. Metcalf et al., Waste Water Treatment, Disposal & Reuse, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 4. Mahajan, S.P., Pollution Control in Process Industries, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- **5.** Davis, M. L. And Cornwell, D. A., Introduction to Environmental Engineering, aGraw-Hill Series in Water Resources and Environmental Engineering

Reference Books:

- 1. Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, George Tchobanoglous, "Integrated Solid Waste Management", McGraw- Hill, New York, 1993
- 2. Frank Woodard, Industrial waste treatment Handbook, Butterworth Heinemann, New Delhi, 2001.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHC604	Process Engineering and Economics	04

(Credits A	Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	01	03	-	01	04

Theory					Work/	Term Practical	/Oral	
Inter Test-I	rnal Assessme Test-II	ent Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR	OR	Total
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.	25		-	125

Prerequisites

- 1. Knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.
- 2. Knowledge of different types of chemical processes.
- 3. Knowledge of fluid flow operations.
- 4. Knowledge of mass transfer operations.
- 5. Knowledge of equipments used for gas-liquid contact.
- 6. Preliminary knowledge of economics.

Objectives

- 1. Students should know the fundamental concepts in process engineering.
- 2. Students should know different methods of interest and depreciation calculations.
- 3. Students should know various flow diagrams and methodology for process design of piping and fluid moving devices.
- 4. Students should know the methodology for process design of distillation and absorption columns.
- 5. Students should know various short cut methods of sizing and cost estimation of process equipments and understand different types of costs and cost estimates.
- 6. Students should understand cash flow in an industrial operation and know break-even and profitability analysis.

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Contents	Hours
1	Process Engineering for Chemical Engineers:	05
	Basic functions of Process Engineering; Role and responsibilities of Process	
	Engineer; Chemical Products; Formulation of the Design Problem; The Hierarchy	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of Chemical Process; Continuous and Batch Processes; New Design and Retrofit;	
	Approaches to Chemical Process Design and Integration; Process Control;	
	Importance of safety and environmental aspects.	
2	Economics for Chemical Engineers:	06
	Different types of Interest: Simple interest, compound interest, nominal &	
	effective interest rates; Present worth & Discount; Annuities; Perpetuity &	

	Capitalized cost; Depreciation: Concept causes and types, methods of depreciation	
	accounting without interest consideration and with interest consideration	00
3	Process design of piping and fluid moving devices:	09
	Block diagrams; Process flow diagram; Piping and Instrumentation Diagram;	
	Process design of piping; Process design of fluid moving devices: Process design	
	of pumps, revision of formulae for power requirement for fans, blowers and	
	adiabatic compressor; Process Design for orifice meter.	
4	Process design of separation systems:	09
	Process design of Distillation Column	
	Packed tower DC vs Tray tower DC; Design steps in DC design (12 steps);	
	Underwood's method for R_{Min} calculation; FUG method for design of	
	multicomponent distillation; Selection of tray: Types and factors to be considered	
	during tray selection; Short path distillation unit (SPDU): Concept, working and	
	applications.	
	Process Design of Absorber	
	Equipment used for absorption and selection criteria; Shortcut method for design	
	of Absorption column (based on Kremser's Equation)	
5	Equipment sizing and cost estimation:	05
	Equipment sizing	
	Shortcut methods for sizing of major process equipment: Process vessels,	
	distillation columns, pumps, compressors, heat exchangers,	
	Cost Estimation	
	Shortcut methods of costing (Bare module cost) of above equipment (based on	
	Guthrie's method); Six Tenth rule and its application for cost estimation of	
	equipment; Types of costs and capital cost estimates; Concept of total product cost.	
6	Profitability analysis:	05
	Cash flow in an industrial operation (Concept of tree diagram.); Break even	
	analysis; Different methods of profitability analysis: Rate of return-on-investment	
	method, discounted cash flow method, net present worth method, capitalized cost	
	method, pay-out period method; Comparison of alternative investments based on	
	incremental rate of return; replacement analysis.	

Course Outcome

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the functions of process engineering and various approaches of chemical process design.
- 2. To calculate different types of interests and annual depreciation costs using different methods.
- 3. To draw various flow diagrams and carry out process design of piping and various flow moving devices.
- 4. To carry out process design of multicomponent distillation and absorption columns using various approaches.
- 5. Evaluate basic design aspects of major process equipments, carry out their quick cost estimation and demonstrate their knowledge of different types of costs and capital cost estimates.
- 6. Demonstrate their knowledge of cash flow in an industrial operation and perform breakeven and profitability analysis using different methods.

Tutorials

• Minimum 8 tutorials should be conducted.

- At least one tutorial on each module is expected and tutorial on modules 2 to 6 must include numerical problems.
- One tutorial will be based on solving detailed process design along with cost estimation by using appropriate software/platform.
- One tutorial will be based on contents beyond syllabus.

Term work

- Term work should consist of minimum 8 tutorials from entire syllabus which are to be given at regular intervals batch wise.
- Tutorial: 20 marks Attendance: 05 marks Total: 25 marks

Assessment

- Internal Assessment consists of two tests which should be conducted at proper intervals.
- End Semester theory examination Question paper will comprise of 6 questions each carrying 20 questions.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved
- Question no.1 will be compulsory based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions can be asked.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module

Text Books

- 1. Process Engineering and Design: Shuchen B. Thakore, Bharat I Bhatt, Second Ed., McGraw Hill Education(I) Private Limited,2011
- 2. Robin Smith, Chemical Process Design and Integration, John Wiley and Sons
- 3. Systematic Methods Of Chemical Process Design, Loren T Biegler, Grossman E.I., Westberg, A.W. Prentice Hall Intl ed., 1997.
- 4. Richard M. Felder, Ronald W. Rousseau, Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, John Wiley & Sons
- 5. Atul Sathe, Shubhada Kanchan, "Chemical Engineering Economics", Vipul Prakashan, Mumbai.
- 6. Indrajit N. Yadav, "Chemical Engineering Economics" Sai- publication, Pune 211d edition, 2017

Reference Books

- 1. Chemical Engineering Design, R. K. Sinnott, Coulson and Richardson Chemical Engineering Series, Volume 6, fourth edition, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, 2005.
- 2. Conceptual Design of Chemical Processes, J.M. Douglas, McGraw Hill International Editions, 1988.
- 3. Chemical Process Equipment: selection & design, Walas, S.M., Butterworth, London, 1980.
- 4. Strategy of Process Engineering, John D.F. Rudd& C.C. Watson, Wiley & Sons International, 1968.
- 5. Process Design Principles: synthesis analysis & evaluation, Sieder, W.D., Seader J.D. & Lewin D.R., John Wiley & Sons, 1998.
- 6. Analysis, Synthesis, and Design of Chemical Processes, Richard Turton, Richard C. Bailie, Wallace B. Whiting, Joseph A. Shaeiwitz, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.
- 7. Peters, M. S. and Timmerhaus, K. D., "Plant design and economics for chemical engineers", latest edition, Mcgraw Hill, New York.
- 8. Pravin Kumar "Fundamentals of Engineering Economics" Wiley India.

Butterworths, Londen

Company.

9. Kharbanda, 0. P. and Stallworthy, E. A. "Capital cost estimating for process industries",

10. K. K Dewett and Adarsh chand, " Modern Economic Theory", latest edition. S Chand and

BE Chemical Engineering

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHDO6021	Piping Engineering	03

	Course Ho	urs		Credits A	ssigned		
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorial Tot				
03	-	-	03	-	-	03	

Theory						Term		
					Work	/Practic	al/Oral	
Internal Assessment		End	Duration of				Total	
Test-I	Test-II	Average	Sem	End Sem	TW	PR	OR	
			Exam	Exam				
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs			1	100

Prerequisites

- 1. Basics of Chemical Engineering Process
- 2. Fluid flow fundamentals

Objectives /

- 1. To introduce students to the crucial role of piping engineer in turn key projects
- 2. Student will able to select suitable material of construction of pipe
- 3. Students will understand selection of right piping elements
- 4. Students will be able to design piping system for a chemical process industry
- 5. To make students understand the approval drawings and execute the work adhering to procedures and standards
- 6. To understand the layout and manage the work with adequate safety and reliability

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Content	Hours
1.	Introduction to Piping	6
	Introduction to piping	
	• Pipe and tube	
	Pipe classification	
	Manufacturing processes of pipe	
	General definitions	
	• Length, area, surface & volume acronyms and abbreviation.	
	• Concept of high point vent and low point drain.	
	• Duties & responsibilities of piping field engineer	
2.	Materials of Piping	4
	• Selection of material for piping,	
	 Desirable properties of piping materials 	
	Iron Carbide Diagram	
	• Materials for various temperature and pressure conditions,	
	Materials for corrosion resistance.	
	Pipe coating and insulation	

3.	Codes and Standard	2
	• Codes and standards such as, ANSI codes for pressure piping	
	31.1 and 31.3. International standards, DIN and API.	
4.	Piping Components	8
	• Pipe sizes and schedule number	
	• Pipe fittings	
	• Pipes joints & bending (Cold & Hot Bending)	
	• Welding defect (NDT)	
	• Valves: Types of valves and selection	
	• Strainers & traps, sight glass,	
	• Flame arresters,	
	• Inline mixers and static mixtures.	
	Jacketed piping	
	Expansion joints	
	Threaded joints	
	Types of piping support and Pipe rack	
5.	Piping System Design	12
	• Flows through Pipes.	
	 Loss of energy / head in pipes, Loss of head due to friction. 	
	Minor energy losses,	
	Water hammer in pipes	
	Design Principles and Line Sizing	
	Miter Joint Calculation.	
	Stress intensification factor	
	• Flexibility analysis	
	 Various stresses in piping and stress analysis 	
	Pipeline designation	
6.	Piping Drawing	7
	 Piping drawing symbols and abbreviations 	
	 Classification/Types of drawing 	
	 Introduction to simple piping drawings 	
	• Plot Plan	
	• G.A.Drawing	
	 Process flow diagram (P.F.D) 	
	• Piping and instrumentation diagram (P&ID) / Engineering flow	
	diagram.	

Color coding of piping as per types fluid passing through piping

Course Outcome

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Recognize role of piping engineer
- 2. Understand Pipe Material selection
- 3. Choose the piping fundamentals, codes and standards
- 4. Select piping system components
- 5. Examine piping system

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(IS 2379:1990)

6. Choose and Design different piping drawing

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

- **1.** Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture
- 2. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 3. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- **4.** Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module3)
- 5. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Deutsch D. J. Process piping systems, Chemical engineering magazine. Mc-Graw hill.
- 2. Ed Bausbacher and Roger Hunt, 'Process Plant Layout and Piping Design', First Edition, Prentice Hall, 1993
- 3. Robert A. Rhea, Roy A Parisher, "Pipe Drafting and Design", Second Edition, Gulf Professional Publishing, 2003

Reference Books:

- 1. Handbook of piping design- S.K. Sahu Elsevier Publishers
- 2. Piping/mechanical hand book- Mohinder L. Nayyar. Peter H. O. Fischer, Manager, Pipeline Operations, Bechtel
- 3. Piping Design Handbook by John J. Mcketta, by Marcel Dekker, Inc, New York.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHDO6022	Department Elective VI: Polymer Technology	03

(Course Hour	S		Credits	s Assigned	
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

		Theory	7		Work	Tern z/Practi	n ical/Oral (
Int Test-I	ernal Asses Test-II	sment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR	OR	Total
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs				100

Prerequisites

1. Chemistry, Physics, Chemical reaction Engineering.

Objectives

- 1. Understand thermodynamics of polymer structure
- 2. Understand different kind of Polymerization Process with their properties & applications.
- 3. Understand techniques of Polymerization, uses and applications.
- 4. Understand different molding methods of Polymer processing.
- 5. Understand different kind of polymers and their properties & applications
- 6. Understand polymer Rheology and Morphology

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Contents	Hours					
1	Introduction:	04					
	Introduction, basic concepts and definition, Classification of Polymers,						
	Factors influencing the polymer properties, Polymer Structure (Linear,						
	Branch and Cross Linked),						
	Glass Transition Temperature, Significance and different methods of						
	measurement of Glass transition temperature, Molecular Weights,						
	Polydispersity Index, Different Methods of determination of Molecular						
	weight, Effect of Molecular weight on Engineering Properties of						
	Polymers						
2	Free Radical addition (Chain- growth) Polymerisation	06					
	Introduction, Mechanism, Kinetics of homogeneous polymerization						
	Step-growth (Condensation) Polymerisation						
	Features; Definition, mechanism and kinetics, Derivation of Carother's						
	equation.						
3	Polymerisation Techniques:	09					
	Bulk polymerization, Solution polymerisation, Emulsion polymerisation,						
	Suspension polymerisation and Interfacial Polymerisation with their						

merits Comparison of the various processes advantages and	
disadvantages.	
Co-Polymerisation:	
Introduction, Copolymer equation, Monomer reactivity ratios,	
Significance and method of determination, Types of copolymerisation	
(Ideal, alternating and block copolymerisation)	
4 Polymer Processing:	04
Different moulding methods of polymers. Injection moulding, blow	
moulding, thermo forming (Vacuum, Pressure and mechanical	
thermoforming), film blowing, Filament winding, Pultrusion	
5 Manufacturing Processes:	10
Manufacturing of tunical naturnary with flow sheat diagrams properties	
Manufacturing of typical polymens with now-sheet diagrams properties	
& application: PE, PP Nylons, ABS Manufacturing of thermoset	
polymers such as Phenolic resins	
Polymer Degradation:	
Introduction, random and chain end degradation, Types of degradation	
(Thermal, Mechanical, Degradation by ultrasonic wayes, degradation by	
high energy radiation)	
6 Polymer Rheology and Morphology	06
Concept of rheology: Newtonian and Non –Newtonian fluids- flow	
curves: apparent viscosity. Power law Viscoelesticity free volume or	
molecular hole concent	
molecular note concept,	
Concept of morphology, Requirements for crystallinity, Effects on	
mechanical and optical properties	

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Students will understand the basic concepts, Polymer structure and applications of various techniques used for molecular weights of polymers.

2. Students will demonstrate an ability to distinguish different Polymerisation reactions and their mechanisms and kinetics.

3. Students will have deep understanding of the various analytical Polymerisation techniques used for identification and characterization of polymeric materials.

4. Student will have the knowledge of moulding processes along with their parameter and process control.

5. Students will have the knowledge of manufacturing process, properties and applications of variety of polymer.

6. Student should be able to understand various Rheological and Morphological parameters of polymers.

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Consisting **Two Compulsory Class Tests**

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

- **1.** Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lectures.
- 2. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 3. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module

3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).

5. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Recommended Books:

1. Gowarikar V.R. et.al., Polymer Science Wiley Eastern 1984.

2. Premamoy Ghosh, Polymer Science and Technology, 3rd Edition, Tata Mc. Graw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Fried J R, Polymer Science and Technology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Eastern Economy Edition, 2000.

2. R. Sinha, Outlines of Polymer Technology: Manufacture of Polymers, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

3. Bhatnagar, M.S., a Textbook of Polymers, Vol .1, S.Chand & Co.Ltd., New Delhi 2004.

4. Bhatnagar, M.S., a Textbook of Polymers, Vol .II, S.Chand & Co.Ltd., New Delhi 2004

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHDO6023	INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT	03

	Course Hours		Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	00	03	-	-	03

	Theory					Term-		
				WO	rk/Pracu	cal/Oral		
Internal Assessment			End	Duration of				Total
Test	Test-	Averag	Sem.	End Sem.	TW	PR	OR	
-I	II	e	Exam	Exam				
20	20	20	80	03 Hrs.				100

Prerequisites

- Communication skills
- Basic Mathematical skills
- Analytical, logical and reasoning skills

Course Objectives

- Understand basic concepts of business, administration and management.
- Recognize functions of management such as planning, organizing and decision making.
- Interpret corporate/company governance structures and laws governing industries.
- Know production and quality management.
- Explain basics of marketing and sales management.
- Illustrate financial management of companies.

Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Contents	No. Of
no		Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT AND	05
	FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT	
	Business and Management	
	• Definition, Objectives, Characteristics, Divisions and Principles of	
	Business/Management, Types of Business	
	• Difference between Policies-Goals-Objectives and Role of a Manager	
	• Difference of relationship between business, administration and	
	management	
	Types of Management, Typical Management Structure, Management	
	Structure Chart for Medium Scale Industry	
	Development of Management Thought (Taylor, Fayol, Follet, Gilbreth,	
	Gantt)	
	Functions of Management	
	• Planning: Types of Plans, Steps in Planning,	
	Management by Objectives (MBO)	
	• Organization: Definition ,Importance, Process, Characteristics,	

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08

	Decision Making: Theories, Types, Techniques	
	and Process of Decision Making	
	Quantitative methods in Decision Making and Markov Analysis	
	(Numericals based on Decision Making)	
2	PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	08
	Functions and Elements	
	Personnel Policies and Procedures	
	Role of a Personnel Manager	
	• Functions of Personnel Management (Manpower Planning,	
	Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development)	
	• Elements of Personnel Management (Organization, Job, People)	
	Difference between Personnel Management and Human Resource	
	Management, Socio-psychological aspects of personnel management	
3	CORPORATE MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES AND LAWS	06
	GOVERNING INDUSTRIES	
	Industrial Ownership	
	• Types of Company Ownership:	
	Single Ownership, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Co-operative,	
	Government Companies	
	• Organs of Company Management and their Functions:	
	Shareholders, Board of Directors, CEO, Managing Director, Manager,	
	Secretary, State Regulation of Management, Company Law Board	
	Corporate, Social and Environment Responsibility	
	CSR inrough Triple Bottom Line and Sustainable Business Delation between CSD on d Corrected Courrentses	
	• Relation between CSR and Corporate Governance	
	• Chronological Evolution of CSR in India; Models of CSR in India,	
	Ladio	
	Environmental Policy and Law	
	• Environmental Audit (ISO-19011 Qualities of Environmental	
	Auditor Contents Of EA Reports)	
	Case Studies (Eq. Nestle's bottled water enterprise. Adani's coal mines	
	in Australia. China's development of cattle ranches in Brazillian Amazon	
4	PRODUCTION AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT	06
	Production System	
	Input-Output Model	
	Application of Microeconomics in Industries	
	Productivity and Measures to Increase Productivity	
	Production, Planning and Production Control	
	• Routing, Scheduling, Dispatching, Follow-up and Expediting	
	 Types of Production Systems 	
	• Supervision and Functions of Supervisor	
	Quality Management	
	Definition of Quality, Dimensions of Quality Original Description of Characteristic Controls Magning Objections on 1 Description	
	• Quality Control: Meaning, Objectives and Benefits	
	 Demings 14 Points for Management Juren's Quality Trilogy 	
	• Juran's Quality Trilogy	
	• 1 QIVI, 15O 9000,15O 14000	

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	• Inspection, Cost of Quality, Quality Control Tools for Improvement,	
	Quality Circles, Statistical Quality Control	
5	MARKETING AND SALES MANAGEMENT	06
	Sales Management	
	Sales Organization, Functions of Sales Department, Duties of Sales	
	Manager, 'The Selling' and Functions of Sales Department, The Selling	
	and Marketing Concepts	
	Marketing	
	• Definition, Principles and Functions of Marketing	
	• Marketing Research, Pricing Policies, Sales Forecasting, Marketing	
	Mix, Advertising, Sales Promotion	
	• Channels of Distribution, Pricing, Product mix and International	
	Marketing	
6.	International Trade	08
	Concepts of International Trade, Government Aids for Export Promotion	
	(Export Houses, Export Promotion Counsel, Patent and Patent Rights)	
	Management Laws	
	Concepts of Contract Act, Offer and acceptance, Types of Contacts, Void	
	Contract, Concept of Guarantee and Warranty	
	Finance and Accounts	
	Definition and Difference between Finance and Accounts	
	• Functions, Objectives, Role and Scope of Financial Management	
	Sources of Finance, Cash Management and Capitalization	
	• Definitions of Assets, Liabilities, Book Keeping, Capital and Types	
	of Capital, Discounts, Commission, Debtor, Creditor and Turnover	
	Mechanics Of Accounting:	
	• Cash Books, Sales Book, Purchase Book, Debit/Credit Note, Journal,	
	Ledger	
	• Financial Accounting, Accounting Equation, Balance Sheet, Income	
	Statements, Preparation and Analysis of Financial Statements,	
	Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements, Cash Flow	
	Statements and Ratio Analysis	
	Management Information System:	
	MIS Definition, Objectives, Functions, Difference between Data and	
	Information, Information as Organizational Resource, Qualities of Good	
	Information, Management Information Categories, Designing	
	Information Systems, Integrated Information Systems	

Course Outcomes

Learners should be able to:

- Apply concepts and knowledge of management to excel in their careers.
- Prepare detailed plans, organization structures and use modern tools for decision making.
- Utilize the knowledge of corporate government structures and government laws to upgrade their skills.
- Identify concepts of production and quality management to improve productivity and quality in manufacturing plants.
- Relate concepts of marketing and sales to improve profitability of business.
- Analyses the tools of finance and accounting to keep control and improve profitability in the industry.

Internal Assessment (20 Marks):

Two Class Tests (Compulsory):

- First test will be based on approximately 40% of content of the syllabus.
- Second test will be based on the remaining content of the syllabus (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I).

End Semester Examination (80 marks):

- Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportionate to number of respective lectures.
- Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- **Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- Only Four questions need to be solved.

Reference Books:

- 1. Industrial Engineering and Management-O.P. Khanna, Dhanpat Rai publications
- 2. Fundamentals of Business Organization and Management, Y.K. Bhushan, S. Chand
- 3. Industrial Organization and Management: Dani, Sabhalok, Parikh, Shahani-Manan Prakashan
- 4. Engineering Management, A.K. Gupta, S. Chand
- 5. Basic Financial Accounting for Management, Paresh Shah, Oxford Press
- 6. Industrial Organization and Management, Basu S.K ,Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited
- 7. Work Organization and Human Resource Management, Editors: Carolina Machado · J. Paulo Davim, Springer
- 8. Personnel Management C.B. Mammoria, Himalaya
- 9. Case Studies in Personnel Management Industrial Relations and Trade Unions, Dr. Anandram, Everest Publishing House
- 10. Cases in Personnel Management, Shyamkant Gokhale, Everest Publication
- 11. Environmental Audit: ISO-19011, Qualities of Environmental Auditor, Contents of EA reports
- 12. R. K. Trivedy Handbook of Environmental Laws, Guidelines, Compliance & Standards, Vol. 1 & 2 Environ Media karad, India
- 13. Sharma, J.P., Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility of Business, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi

Recommended Text Books:

- 1. Management for Business and Industry-C.S. George Jr.
- 2. Principles of Management Knoots and O. Donnell
- 3. Business Organization and Management M.C. Shulka

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHL601	Mass Transfer Operation II Lab	1.5

	Course Hour	S		Credi	ts Assigned	
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorial Tot			
-	3	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

	Theory Term Work/Practical/Oral					l/Oral		
Int Test-I	ernal Asses Test-II	Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR/OR	OR	Total
-	-	-	-	-	25	25		50

Prerequisites

1. Knowledge of chemistry, physics, physical chemistry, mathematics.

- 2. Knowledge process calculations (Material and energy balance).
- 3. Basics of unit operations.
- 4. Basic understanding of equilibrium.
- 5. Understanding of physical and chemical properties of compounds.
- 6. Students should know precautions to be taken in laboratories.

Lab Objectives

1. To understand different types of distillations and to obtain VLE data for binary systems. Also, to check experimental and theoretical results for flash, differential and fractional distillation. Students will also find no of stages at total reflux for fractional distillation.

2. To study extraction and find distribution coefficient in binary system. Also, to perform cross current multistage extraction and compare it with single stage extraction.

3. To determine recovery in single and multistage leaching.

4. To verify isotherms for adsorption. Also, to draw break through curve for fixed bed adsorption and determine breakthrough time.

5. To determine yield in crystallization.

6. To study distillation, adsorption, extraction leaching equipments and their working.

List of Experiments

- Verification of Rayleigh's Equation
- To determine the percentage recovery of solute by solid liquid leaching operation (multistage cross-current).
- To determine the vapour-liquid equilibrium curve.
- To find out distribution coefficient. [Eg. acetic acid between water and toluene]
- To verify Freundlich adsorption isotherm
- To find the yield of crystals in batch crystallizer.
- To prepare the ternary phase diagram of Binodal curve and tie line relationship for ternary system

- To study distillation of total reflux in a packed column.
- To determine the efficiency of steam distillation
- To study the performance of Swenson Walker crystallizer and also to determine the yield.
- To carry out multistage cross current operation in liquid liquid extraction and compare with single stage operation
- To carry out multistage cross current adsorption and compare with single stage operation.
- Note: Virtual platforms can be used for better understanding of concepts (Virtual platform should be used for at least one Experiment).

Lab Outcomes

1. Students will be able to determine no of stages at total reflux for fractional

- distillation. They will be able determine experimental and theoretical recovery of separation.
- 2. Students will be able to calculate recovery for single and multistage extraction.
- 3. Students will be able to verify isotherms and determine nature of adsorption. Also, they will be able to determine break through and exhaustion time and parameters affecting breakthrough curve.
- 4. Students will be able to find recovery in single and multistage leaching operations.

5. Students will be able to determine recovery in batch crystallization.

6. Students will be able to find number of stages, minimum reflux ratio, no of stages at total reflux for tray columns and NTU, HTU, height of bed for packed columns. They will be able to decide suitable equipment for given separation.

Term work

Term work should evaluated based on performance in practical.

Practical journal:	20 marks
Attendance:	05 marks
Total:	25 marks

Practical Examination

• Duration for practical examination will be same as assigned to respective lab per week A student will become eligible for practical examination after completing 8 out of 10 experiments

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHL602	Chemical Reaction Engineering -II Lab	1.5

	Course Hours		Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorial Total			
-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

Theory						Term Work/Practical/Oral		
Int Test-I	ernal Assessi Test-II	ment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR/OR	OR	▶ Total
-	-	-	-	-	25	25		50

Prerequisites

- 1. Basic knowledge of chemistry
- 2. Knowledge of data fitting, differential equation
- 3. Concept of Molarity, Normality
- 4. Knowledge of lab safety rules.

Course Objectives

- 1. Understand techniques to determine residence time distribution studies in different types of reactor.
- 2. Apply RTD studies for analysis of Non ideal reactor.
- 3. Identify mode of operation in case of Semi batch reactor
- 4. Understand adiabatic mode of reactor operation and predict batch operation time
- 5. Determination of catalyst properties and significance in reactor design
- 6. Develop kinetics of Solid Fluid non catalytic reaction .

Course Outcome

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. employ various methods to determine residence time distribution in different types of reactor.
- 2. interpret RTD data and predict the behavior of real reactor.
- 3. acquire analytical skills for the analysis of Adiabatic batch reactor.
- 4. understand operation of Semi batch reactor.
- 5. analyze experimental data collected to determine catalyst properties
- 6. able to determine controlling resistance in case of non catalytic reaction.

List of Experiments (minimum eight)							
Experiment no.	Details of Experiment	Lab Hours					
1	Residence Time Distribution (RTD) In Continuous Stirred	3					
	Tank Reactor (CSTR)- Pulse Input						
2	Residence Time Distribution (RTD) In Plug Flow Reactor	3					
	(PFR) – Pulse Input						

3	Residence Time Distribution (RTD) In Packed Bed Reactor	3
	(PBR) – Pulse Input	
4	Residence Time Distribution (RTD) In Continuous Stirred	3
	Tank Reactor (CSTR) – Step Input	
5	Residence Time Distribution (RTD) In Plug Flow Reactor	3
	(PFR) – Step Input	
6	Void volume, Porosity and solid density of catalyst	3
7	Semi batch reactor	3
8	Solid fluid heterogeneous non – catalytic reaction	3
9	Study of adsorption isotherm and calculation of specific	3
	surface area of catalyst	
10	Adiabatic batch reactor	3
11	Experiments from Virtual Lab	3

Assessment:

Term Work (25 marks)

Distribution of marks will be as follows:Laboratory work:15 marksAssignments:05Attendance:05

End Semester Practical Examination/orals (25 marks)

Practical Examination will be on experiments performed in the laboratory

Reference Books

- 1. Levenspiel O., Chemical Reaction Engineering, John Wiley&Sons, 3ed., 1999.
- 2. Smith J.M., Chemical Reaction Engineering, 3ed., Tata McGrawHill, 1980.
- 3. Fogler, H.S. Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering, 4ed., PHI, 2008
- 4. www.vlab.co.in
- 5. http://www.olabs.edu.in/
- 6. http://amrita.olabs.edu.in/

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHL603	Pollution Control Technology Lab	1.5

	Course Hours	Credits Assigned				
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

Theory					Work	Term /Practical/	Oral	
Int Test-I	ernal Assess Test-II	ment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR/OR	OR	Total
-	-	-	-	-	25	25	-	50

Prerequisites

Basic concepts of Fluid Flow Operations, Solid Fluid Mechanical Operations, Mass Transfer Operations and Chemical Reaction Engineering.

Course Objectives

- 1. The aim of the course is to provide basic understanding of air and water pollution control, regulations, standards.
- 2. Course will provide basics of water pollution sources, properties, measurement and control techniques.
- 3. Course will provide air pollutions sources, properties, measurements, control methods, design of pollution control devices and efficiency analysis, as well as their applications.
- 4. Course will provide understanding of solid waste and noise pollution management.
- 5. Course will provide understanding of waste management in chemical industries.
- 6. Course will provide understanding of zero discharge management in chemical industries.

Course Outcomes

After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Acquire the knowledge and understanding of the methods and technologies to reduce the effects of pollution.
- 2 Understand the basic concepts of water and waste water quality standards.
- 3 Acquire a working knowledge of parameters to be examined in water and waste waters for various purposes.
- 4 Get a working knowledge of preparation of standard solutions and reagents.
- 5 Do experimental projects on water and air quality measurements.
- 6 Test and assess water and air samples.

Experiment no.	List of Experiments (minimum 8 practical to be performed)	Hours
1	To determine the concentration of CO ₂ present in waste water sample.	3
2	To determine the alkalinity of a water sample.	3
3	Determination of dissolved oxygen (DO) present in various water	3
	samples.	

4	Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) present in waste	3
	water sample.	
5	Determination biological oxygen demand (BOD) present in waste	3
	water sample	
6	To determine pH, TDS, SS of wastewater.	3
7	Measurement of gaseous pollutant present (any one) in air.	3
8.	Measurement of particulate matter pollutant present in air.	3
9.	Measurement of sound level at various locations.	3
10.	Determination of Sludge Volume Index and design of clarifier for	3
	settling sludge.	

Term work

Term work shall be evaluated based on performance in practical. Practical Journal: 20 marks Attendance: 05 marks **Total: 25 marks**

Practical Examination

 \Box Duration for practical examination would be the same as assigned to the respective lab per week.

□ A student becomes eligible for practical examination after completing a minimum of eight out of ten experiments

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHL604	Skilled based lab: Piping Design Engineering Lab	1.5

	Course Hou	Irs	Credits Assigned				
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5	

Theory					Work/	Term Practical	/Oral	
Int Test-I	ernal Asses Test-II	sment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	TW	PR/OR	OR	Total
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

Prerequisites

1. Basic computer skills including MS EXCEL is essential.

- 2. Basic Knowledge of Fluid Flow Operation
- 3. Process Equipment design material Selection

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand crucial role of piping engineer in chemical engineering projects
- 2. To understand the piping fundamentals, codes and standards
- 3. To understand materials used for pipings and fittings
- 4. To understand the control valve sizing, line hydraulics, pump head calculations, pipe rack design
- 5. To create piping layout ,P & ID ,isometric drawings and plot plan
- 6. To understand stress analysis, network analysis, flexibility analysis and surge analysis for chemical plants

Course Outcome

On completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. To apply piping standards in design of complex piping networks.
- 2. To solve complex engineering problem of selection of appropriate material for pipes and fittings for chemical plants
- 3. To identify, analyze and solve pipe sizing, pump sizing, valve sizing and pipe-valve-pump selection problems
- 4. To design and draw piping networks, piping layout ,P & ID ,isometric drawings and plot plan by considering legal, environmental, societal and ethical aspects
- 5. To use modern IT tools such as MS Excel/Libre office Calc/WPS spreadsheets, DWSIM, AutoCAD 2D and 3D,CAE demo and Edraw Fluid flow for design and analysis of piping networks
- 6. To carry out stress analysis, network analysis, flexibility analysis and surge analysis for chemical plants which will benefit society and environment by following strict ethical standards.

List of Experiments (Minimum eight) For all the experiments select any suitable chemical industry or section of chemical industry and do the calculations or drawings. The piping experiments must be carried out on piping network and not on isolated piece of pipe.

Experiment no.	Details of Experiment	Lab Hours
1	Introduction to Code and Standards: IS, AWWA, IWWA,	3
	ASME, ANSI, BS, HIS, CPHEEO Manual, ISO, DIN and	
	Material selection of pipes and fittings.	
2	Equivalent diameter calculations of pipelines	3
3	Control valve sizing and selection of valves	3
4	Pipe sizing, thickness calculation and Pump head calculations	3
5	Line hydraulics and network analysis: Flow rate and Pressure drop calculations	3
6	Pipe stress analysis for piping and piping support by using CAE	3
7	Piping layouts for a given chemical process on AutoCAD	3
8	Preparation of Piping and Instrument Diagram for a given chemical process on AutoCAD/DWSIM	3
9	Developing plot plan from given data on Autocad	3
10	Pipe rack design	3
11	Piping engineering of standard piping modules like distillation column piping heat exchanger piping tank	3
	piping, vessel / drum piping, reformers piping. Any one of this module should be given to students.	
12	Flexibility analysis calculations for piping	3
13	Water hammer /surge analysis for piping	3

Note: All the Experiments (Minimum eight) should perform using any open source software (such as MS Excel/Libre office Calc/WPS spreadsheets, DWSIM, Autocad 2D and 3D, CAE demo and Edraw etc.,) <u>or</u> any paid software (PDMS,CAESAR, Smart Plant 3D, Smart Plat Review, Revit, Plant 3D, SP3D, Navisworks, Smart Plant Review, Smart P&ID etc.) if available in institute.

Assessment:

Term Work (25 marks)

Distribution of marks will be as follows:

Laboratory work: 20 marks

Attendance : 05 marks

End Semester Orals (25 marks)

Orals on experiments carried out in the laboratory.

Recommended Books

1. Warren L. Mccabe, Julian C. Smith, Peter Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill International Edition.

Reference Books

1. The Engineer's guide to plant layout and piping design in oil and gas industries by Geoff Barker, Gulf professional publishing

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CHM601	Mini Project-2B	1

(Course Hour	S	Credits Assigned				
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
-	02	-	-	1	-	1	

Theory					Work	Term /Practical	/Oral	
Int Test-I	ernal Asses Test-II	sment Average	End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	тw	PR/OR	OR	Total
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
- 2. To provide knowledge of unit operation and unit process.
- 3. To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
- 4. To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.
- 5. To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
- 6. Design and development of Small project based on various process and software

Course Outcome:

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
- 2. Reproduce, improve and refine technical aspects for engineering projects.
- 3. Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental / simulation
- 4. Identify, discuss and justify the technical aspects of the chosen project with a comprehensive and systematic approach.
- 5. Students will be able to practice acquired knowledge within the chosen area of technology for project development.
- 6. Work as an individual or in a team in development of technical projects, which leads to lifelong learning.

Guidelines for Mini Project

- Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- Students hall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project.
- A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.

- > Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.
- Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.
- > The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai.
- > With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 2 in semester V and VI.
- > However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case basis.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project:

Term Work

- The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of • each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.
- In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.
- Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below;
 - ▶ Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book : 10
 - Marks awarded by review committee : 10
 - Quality of Project report : 05

Review/progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines.

One-year project:

- In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.
- First shall be for finalization of problem
- Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem. ٠
- In second semester expected work shall be procurement of components/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.
- First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted.
- Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

Half-year project:

- In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,
- Identification of need/problem
- Proposed final solution
- Procurement of components/systems
- Building prototype and testing

- First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution
- Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

- 1. Quality of survey/ need identification
- 2. Clarity of Problem definition based on need.
- 3. Innovativeness in solutions
- 4. Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution
- 5. Cost effectiveness
- 6. Societal impact
- 7. Innovativeness
- 8. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 9. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 10. Effective use of skill sets
- 11. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 12. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 13. Clarity in written and oral communication
- In one year, project, first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
- In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

- Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
- Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
- Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points;

- 1. Quality of problem and Clarity
- 2. Innovativeness in solutions
- 3. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 4. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 5. Effective use of skill sets
- 6. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 7. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 8. Clarity in written and oral communication.