

- N.B. :**
- 1) Question No.1 is **compulsory**.
 - 2) Attempt any **three** from the remaining **six** questions.
 - 3) Answer to sub-questions should be grouped together.

- Q.1**
- (a) What is a Project Charter? Explain its purpose in project management. **(5)**
 - (b) What are the different Approaches to Leadership & Leadership Styles? **(5)**
 - (c) Explain Use Case diagram with an example. **(5)**
 - (d) What is McCall's Quality Model? **(5)**
- Q.2**
- (a) Discuss in detail the Critical Path Method (CPM). Explain its advantages, limitations, and applications in project scheduling. **(10)**
 - (b) Explain the concept of a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) in project management. **(10)**
- Q.3**
- (a) A project of 300 KLOC (Kilo Lines of Code) is to be developed. **(10)**
 The software development team has high experience with similar projects, and the project schedule is moderately tight. Estimate the following:
 - (i) Effort (in person-months)
 - (ii) Development time (in months)
 - (iii) Average staffing size
 - (iv) Productivity (KLOC per person-month)
 Assume the COCOMO model constants as: $a_1 = 2.8, a_2 = 1.10, b_1 = 2.5, b_2 = 0.32$
 - (b) What is an Activity Diagram? Explain its notations and construct an Activity Diagram for an Online Shopping System. **(10)**
- Q.4**
- (a) The following table outlines the various tasks for a software project, detailing each activity, its predecessor, and the estimated duration in weeks: **(10)**

Activity	Description	Predecessor Activity	Duration (Weeks)
A	Project Initiation	-	8
B	Feasibility Study	A	12
C	System Architecture Design	B	15
D	Module Development	B, C	25
E	User Interface Creation	D	60
F	Integration and Testing	E	35
G	Final Deployment and Review	E, F	45

Tasks:

1. Draw the project network diagram.
 2. Determine the critical path.
 3. Identify the critical activities.
 4. Calculate the total project completion time.
- (b) Explain Project Life Cycle and different project cycle phases (10)
- Q.5** (a) Describe the concept of Risk Identification. Explain different tools and techniques used for risk identification. (10)
- (b) Describe the Agile Development Model. How does it differ from traditional software process models in terms of flexibility and team collaboration? (10)
- Q.6** (a) What is a Feasibility Study? Discuss the various types of feasibility and their significance in software development. (10)
- (b) What is Pareto Analysis? Explain how it is used in identifying and prioritizing quality issues in software projects with an example. (10)
