(2 Hours)

[Total Marks: 60]

## Instructions:

- i. All questions are compulsory and subject to internal choice.
- ii. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iii. Make suitable assumptions whenever required and state them.
- iv. Use of simple calculator is allowed.

Q1.

A)

[15 Marks]

MI Ltd. has given forecast sales for January, 2022 to July, 2022 and actual sales for November and December, 2021. With the other particulars given, prepare a cash budget for the months i.e., January to May, 2022.

1. Sales:

| Month         | Rs.      |
|---------------|----------|
| November 2021 | 1,60,000 |
| December 2021 | 1,40,000 |
| January 2022  | 1,60,000 |
| February 2022 | 2,00,000 |
| March 2022    | 1,60,000 |
| April 2022    | 2,00,000 |
| May 2022      | 1,80,000 |
| June 2022     | 2,40,000 |
| July 2022     | 2,00,000 |

- 2. Sales 20% cash and 80% credit, credit period after two months.
- 3. Variable expenses 5% on turnover, time lag of half month.
- 4. Commission 5% on credit sales payable in two months.
- 5. Purchases are 60% of the sales, payment will be made after two months of purchases.
- 6. Rent Rs. 6,000 paid every month.
- 7. Other payments: Fixed assets purchases February Rs. 36,000 and March Rs. 1,00,000: Taxes April -Rs. 40,000.
- 8. Opening cash balance on 01.01.2022 Rs. 50,000.

OB

Q1.

B)

[15 Marks]

KKR Limited makes an equipment mainly for export. When producing the budget for 2022 the company realizes that its principal budget factor is sales and forecasts the following sales:

| Product Name           | Kent   | Essex | Sussex |
|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Sales (in Units)       | 1,000  | 2,000 | 500    |
| Selling Price per unit | Rs. 50 | Rs.75 | Rs.100 |

The unit direct costs of manufacturing each type of equipment are:

| Materials                  | Kent    | Essex   | Sussex  |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Leather (at Rs. 10/ Meter) | 5 Meter | 6 Meter | 7 Meter |
| Wire (at Rs. 2/kg)         | 1.2kg   | 1.3kg   | 1.4kg   |

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The company has opening stock of finished goods of 200 Kents, 200 Essex and 100 Sussex and raw materials stock of 1000 meter of leather and 500 kgs of wire. It feels that 2022's sales figures could well be repeated in 2023 and wishes to have sufficient stock of finished goods to cope with 10% of this demand and raw materials to cope with 20% of this demand.

You are required to prepare:

- (a) Sales budget for the year 2022
- (b) Production budget (in numbers of Kent, Essex and Sussex) for the year 2022
- (c) Materials usage budget (for leather and wire) for the year 2022

Q2.

A)

[15 Marks]

| Product     | Budge    | ted Sales | Actual Sales |       |  |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--------------|-------|--|
| Ça .        | Quantity | Price     | Quantity     | Price |  |
| <b>A</b> \; | 10000    | 20        | 15000        | 28    |  |
| В           | 15000    | 24        | 20000        | 16    |  |

From the above information calculate the following variances

- a. Sales Value Variance
- b. Sales Mix Variance
- c. Sales Price Variance
- d. Sales Quantity Variance
- e. Sales Volume Variance

OF

Q2.

B)

[15 Marks]

Work out in appropriate cost sheet form the unit cost per passenger XYZ Services for the year 2022-23 for a fleet of passenger buses booked by a Transport Company from the following figures extracted from its books:

- i) 8 passenger buses costing Rs. 30,000, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 65,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs.45000, Rs.50000, Rs. 55000 and Rs. 70,000 respectively (Total cost is Rs. 4,65,000).
- ii) Yearly depreciation of vehicles is 30% of the cost.
- iii) Annual repairs, maintenance and spare parts expenses are 85% of depreciation.
- iv) Wages of 15 drivers @ Rs. 200 each per month
- v) Wages of 30 cleaners @ Rs. 40 each per month
- vi) Yearly rate of interest 6% on capital
- vii) Rent of 8 garages @ Rs, 100 each per month
- viii) Director's fees @ Rs. 500 per month
- ix) Office establishment expenses @ Rs. 1,200 per month
- x) Licence and taxes @ Rs. 1,800 for every six months
- xi) Realization by sale of old tyres and tubes is @ Rs. 29,975 p.a.
- xii) 1000 passengers were carried over 1,800 KMs during the year.

Ų3

[15 Marks]

Nevin Ltd. received an offer to sell 5,000 Engineering tools to Nitco Ltd. Nevin Ltd. Manufactures 40,000 Engineering tools annually by operating at 80% of full capacity. Regular selling price of the product is Rs 4,000. The engineering tools required are similar to those

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currently being produced by Nevin Ltd. Budgeted annual production costs and other expenses are as follows:

|                                  | 3        |             |  |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| Particular                       | Per Unit | Total (Rs.) |  |  |
| Raw Material                     | 1,200    | 4,80,00,000 |  |  |
| Direct Labour                    | 800      | 3,20,00,000 |  |  |
| Variable production Overheads    | 500      | 2,00,00,000 |  |  |
| Fixed production overheads       | Y 9      | 1,00,00,000 |  |  |
| Fixed selling and administration |          | 1,00,00,000 |  |  |
| overhead                         | 3        | Can S       |  |  |

The company wants to earn a minimum profit of Rupees 500 per component. Assume that normal operations will not be affected by the special order and that regular sales volume for the year is 40,000 units as initially planned. You are required:

- a) What should be the minimum price to be quoted by Nevin Ltd?
- b) Prepare an income statement showing the position of the company without special order, for special order and with special order.

OR

Q3.

B)

[15 Marks]

The sales and profits of Pillai Ltd. during two years are given below

| Year | Total Sales (Rs.) | Total Cost (Rs.) |
|------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2020 | 3,00,000          | 2,60,000         |
| 2021 | 3,40,000          | 2,90,000         |

You are required to compute:

- i. P/V Ratio
- ii. Break-even Point
- iii. Sales required to reach a profit of Rs. 40,000
- iv. Profit made when sales amount is Rs. 2,50,000
- v. Margin of Safety when sales are Rs. 2,50,000

 $O_4$ 

A) Multiple Choice Questions:

[8 Marks]

- 1. The costing method where fixed factory overheads are added to inventory is called
  - a. Activity-based costing
  - b. Absorption costing
  - c. Marginal costing
  - d. Contract costing
- 2. The profit/volume ratio in marginal costing can be improved by \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Lowering fixed cost
  - b. Increasing the selling price
  - c. Increasing variable cost
  - d. None of the above
- 3. Sales Value Variance is said to be favourable when
  - a. actual sales are less than budgeted sales
  - b. actual sales are more than budgeted sales
  - c. actual sales are equal to budgeted sales
  - d. actual Price is more than Budgeted Price

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|       |       |                              |  | 17.        |                 |              | and the  |   |
|-------|-------|------------------------------|--|------------|-----------------|--------------|--|---|
| 4.    |       | is the difference bety       | veen the s   | tåndard    | cost of labour  | specified f  | or the output  |   |
|       | ach   | nieved and the actual cost   | of labour  | ised.      | 1 12            | apromised,   | or the output  |   |
|       | a.    | Material Cost Variance       | -P.  |            | 71 37           | 1            | ~~   |   |
|       | b.    | Labour Cost Variance         | The same   |            |                 | 47           | A STATE OF THE STA |   |
|       | c.    | Sales Variance               | 3  | (-)-,      |                 | 10,          | N  |   |
|       | d.    | Overhead Variance            |  | 199        |                 | A g          | 5  |   |
| 5.    | A     | is a budg                    | et designe   | d to rem   | ain unchanged   | irrespectiv  | e of the level   |   |
|       | of    | activity actually attained.  | 15.0   |            |                 | N.           |  |   |
|       | a.    | Fixed Budget                 | .5,  |            | 17.             |              |  |   |
|       | b.    | Flexible Budget              | 100  | 110        |                 | 100          | 54   |   |
|       | c.    | Cash Budget                  | 15   |            |                 | - July       |  |   |
|       | d.    | Purchase Budget              | 1.   | 2          | - O             |              |  |   |
| 6.    |       |                              | an activi  | ty-based   | budgeting sy    | stem where   | budgets are  |   |
|       | pre   | pared for each activity ra   | ther than fi   | unctiona   | department.     | \$           | Albania and a second   |   |
|       | a.    | Zero Based Budgeting         | 50   | 170        | 2               | 27           | C. C.  |   |
|       | b.    | Performance Budgeting        | - K. S.  | 1-4-       | 1               |              | D 200  |   |
|       | c.    | Budgetary Control            | it'  | 46.        | S 3             |              | 24.  |   |
|       | d.    | Master Budget                |  |            | 3 3 Y           |              | 7  |   |
| 7. I  |       | ansport service cost sheet   | the repair   | cost is    | rouped under:   | So.          |  |   |
|       |       | Fixed Charges                | (5)  |            |                 | 10           | 200  | * |
| -     | b.    | Running Charges              | it.  | 35         | Ser.            |              | the party  |   |
|       |       | Semi-variable cost           | and the same of th | 1          |                 | . S          | 130  |   |
|       | d.    | None of the above            | 3  | Ų,         | 6 A             | 27           | 4  |   |
| 8.    |       | costing is the method        | l used to as   | certain t  | he cost of prov | iding a serv | ice such as  |   |
|       | tra   | nsport, hotel, hospital, gas |  |            |                 | 1-3-         | 350  |   |
|       | a.    | Contract                     | 35   |            | 40              | . List       | . 2.   |   |
|       | b.    | Process                      | 50   | 6          |                 |              | 7  |   |
| 7.    | c.    | Job                          |  | 100        |                 | ·            |  |   |
|       | d.    | Operating                    | Jan Jan  | · c        |                 |              |  |   |
| 4.    |       | v se se                      |  | 3          | 160             | 1            |  |   |
| Tr    | ue (  | or False:                    |  | 22,        | 3.3             | ( ). ( )     | [7 Marks]  |   |
| 1.    | Sal   | les Price Variance is that   | portion of   | the Sal    | es Value Varia  | nce which    | is due to the  |   |
| - Jr. |       | ference between budgeted     |  |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 2.    |       | vised Standard Quantity      | for each in  | put is re  | equired to be c | omputed fo   | r calculating  |   |
|       |       | iterial Mix Variance.        | 50   | 100        |                 |              |  |   |
| 3.    | Ca    | sh budget is long-term in    | nature.  | 0          | 51              |              |  |   |
| 4.    | Al    | oudget manual clearly def    | ined the ob  | ojectives  | of budgetary c  | ontrol syste | em.  |   |
| 5.    | Un    | it cost for gas companies    | is per ton.  | <b>Y</b>   | 0               |              |  |   |
| 6.    | In    | the break-even chart, Prof   | it is showr  | on the     | X axis.         |              |  |   |
| 7.    | If t  | he selling price and the v   | ariable cos  | st decline | e by the same a | amount, the  | margin of  |   |
|       | saf   | ety in terms of units will a |  |            |                 |              |  |   |
|       |       |                              | Ol   | R          |                 |              |  |   |
| 4.    |       |                              |  |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 337.  | rita  | short notes: (Any Three      | )  |            |                 |              | [15 Marks]   |   |
|       | 110   | Labour Variances             | 1  |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 1.    | 10.00 | Operating Costing of Ho      | enital   |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 2.    |       |                              | Phirai   |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 3.    |       | Flexible Budget              |  |            |                 |              |  |   |
| 4.    |       | Margin of Safety             |  | io         |                 |              |  |   |
| 5.    |       | Assumptions of Break E       | ven Anarys   | 112        |                 |              |  |   |
|       |       |                              | Daa  | - 1 -F1    |                 |              |  |   |