Time: 2½ Hours

Total Marks: 75

Q:1 A) State whether statement is True or False (Any Eight)

(08)

- 1) Agriculture finance contributes 25% to India's GDP.
- 2) NABARD is apex body in regulating the financial services in Rural India.
- 3) The Grameen model is one of the approaches of Microfinance.
- 4) MSMEs Act was notified in 2006.
- 5) Cash Reserve Ratio is one of the components of Monetary Policy.
- 6) Schedule 13 deals with deposit.
- 7) Transaction risk refers to the risk within business loans.
- 8) Peer to Peer lending has become globally popular post 2018.
- 9) SIDBI is a financial institution headquartered at Delhi.
- 10) Micro credit is a large amount of money provided to groups.
- B) Match the following (Any Seven)

(07)

Column A	Column B	
 Rural Development Policy NABARD Cooperative Banks Education Loan Indian Institute Enterprises SEBI CRR Credit Information Company Act SIDBI Schedule 03 	1) Deposits 2) Apex Institution 3) 2005 4) Level of Inflation 5) 1999 6) 1993 7) Vidya Laxmi 8) 1904 9) 12 July 1982 10) Technology Policy	

Q:2 A) Define Rural	Finance	and	Explain	its Features.
T1 - 1 1 1 -				

(08)

B) Explain the Micro Credit and its importance.

(07)

D 1991

C) Explain the factors affecting Operating Expenses..D) The following information is about the plumbing business.

(08) (07)

Calculate the Break Even Point for Plumbing Business:-

Fixed Cost		Variable Cost Per Piping Rs.		
Depreciation Rent Stationery Salary Director Salary Assistant Salary	36000 P.a. 800 p.m. 400 p.m. 500 p.m. 600 p.m. 450 p.m.	Taps Pipes	300 250	

Revenue earned by sales per unit is Rs. 1500/-.

Q	:3 A) Write a brief note on Function of NSIC in India.	(08)
	B) Explain the Functions of SIDBI.	(07)
	OR	(,)
	C) Describe Alternative Source of Financing.	(08)
	D) Calculate the Yield to Maturity of Bond:- Mr. Anand is considering issuing corporate bonds of Dragon Joint Stock	(07)
	Company. He has found out that the nominal value of these bonds is Rs.1500. The bonds receive interest @ 4% yearly. The maturity of these bonds are 20 years and the bonds are currently trading at Rs. 2000.	
Q:4	A) Explain the Difference between NBFC and Bank. B) Explain Non Performing Assets.	(08) (07)

C) From the following information prepare the profit and loss account of Jash Cooperative Bank Ltd. as on 31st March 2024

(07)

Particular	Rs.	Particular	(15)
Money at call and short notice Cash in hand Cash at bank Investments Secured loans Cash credits Premises less depreciation Furniture less depreciation Rent Interest paid on deposits Salary and allowance paid Interest paid on borrowings Audit fees Directors fees Other assets Depreciation on banks property Printing and stationery Advertisement Postage and telegrams Other expenses	20,00,000 18,00,000 22,00,000 13,00,000 22,00,000 10,50,000 1,50,000 7,500 4,50,000 2,00,000 75,000 10,000 12,000 1,00,000 19,500 12,000 1,500 3,000 4,500	Issued and subscribed capital (40000 shares of Rs.10/- each) Reserve fund Deposits Borrowing Interest and discounts Commission and brokerage	40,00,000 20,00,000 37,00,000 10,50,000 15,00,000 1,95,000
	1,55,87,350		1,55,87,350

Other Information:

- Provide Rs.20000 for doubtful debts.
- Rebate on bills discounted is Rs.25000.
- Acceptances and endorsements on behalf of customers are Rs.400000.
- Provide Rs.40000 for taxes
- Transfer 25% of profit to statutory Reserve.

Q:5A	Explain in brief Strategic Risk.	(08)
B)	Explain the causes of High Credit Risk.	(07)

OR

Q:5 C) Short Notes (Any Three) 1. Credit Risk

- 2. Cash Reserve Ratio
- 3. Function of Ni- MSME
- 4. Goal of MFIs
- 5. Features of Indian Agriculture