## 2/12/2024 MECH SEM-VIII C SCHEME OPC QP. CODE: 10067211

Time:3 hrs Marks: 80

- N. B.: 1. Question 1 is Compulsory
  - 2. Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five
  - 3. All questions carry equal marks.
  - 4. Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly.
- 1 Attempt any FOUR

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- a) List Production and operation function
- b) Explain Product Life cycle
- c) List out quantitative forecasting methods and describe any one of the method
- d) Write short note on Capacity Requirement Planning
- e) Explain the objectives, constraints and terminology of Line balancing.
- Write notes on Agile Manufacturing production system

2a) Given the following data Prepare a Forecast Demand for 7 the period for using the following approaches

	Period	15	2	3	4	25	6
4	Demand	61	66	57	60	67	62

- **3-Period** Moving average
- Weighted average using weights of 0.5, 0.3 and 0.2
- Exponential Smoothening with smoothening constant 0.4
- List Manufacturing Resource Planning modules and Explain the following manufacturing planning structure any one structure (i) Master Production Schedule (MPS) (ii) Material Requirement Planning
- What is time series analysis? What are the components of time series? How the forecast is 10 made from the time series?
- The total requirements for a material from an MRP schedule are given in the following table: 10

1	Total Demand	N.	2.5	3	4	5 A	6	7	8
V	Bemand	200	400	900	500	200	200	200	1400

The annual demand for this end item is estimated to be 25,000 units over a 50 week per year schedule, or an average of 500 units per week. It costs Rs. 800 to change over the machines in the final assembly department to this end item when a production lot is begun. It costs Rs. 1.10 per unit when one unit of this product must be carried in inventory from one week to another; therefore, when one unit of this product is in ending inventory, it must be carried over as beginning inventory in the next week and incurs the Rs. 1.10 per unit carrying cost. Develop the total carrying costs over the eight week schedule for the lot-for-lot method: Lot for Lot (LFL) Use The following format

	Weel	ks			TO		0	A	Costs		Y
	1	2	3	4	5	60	7	8	Carrying	Ordering	Total
Net Requirements			Q	000	E A	, P	350	6		13° 35°	
Beginning Inventory		Ź.	555	55	8	800	V L	Tr.	377	SOFT	THE STATE OF THE S
Production Lots	1	360	Š	5	15/5	?		S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	S. S.		000
Ending Inventory	St. Sir	5	Too	360	\$	E TO	2	XX C		A STORY	S. Trans

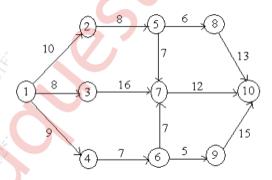
Q4 a) Find the solution of Sequencing Problem 5Jobs x 3 Machine Problem Determine
Optimum Processing Time , Machine 1 idle time , Machine 2 idle time . Machine 3 idle time

Jobs / Machines	To Secure	2	3	4	500
Machine -1	8	10	6	70	11
Machine-2	5 5	6	2	3	4
Machine-3	4	9	8	6	5

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Q4 b) Explain the various terms associated with ERP. Explain the steps of creating ERP Systems in Manufacturing Industry

Q5 a . From the flow diagram below. Determine EST, EFT, LST, LFT and critical path duration time 10



Q5b) Explain Just In Time Manufacturing system in detail.

Q6 a) Explain Pillars of Lean Manufacturing in detail.

Q6b) What is aggregate planning? Explain aggregate planning strategies in detail