

Faculty : Science And Technology

Program No. & Name of the Examination: 1T01236 // T.E.(Information Technology Engineering) (SEM-VI)(Choice Base Credit Grading System) (R- 19) (C Scheme)

Subject (Paper Code) : 89388 // Ethical Hacking and Forensic (DLOC)

DAT: 31/5/2022

QP CODE: 94008

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| Q1. | Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks |
| Q1. | Definition of cybercrime is |
| Option A: | a criminal activity involving a computer, networked device or a network |
| Option B: | criminal activity involving a computer |
| Option C: | criminal activity involving a networked device |
| Option D: | any criminal activity that involves a network |
| Q2. | A copy which includes all necessary parts of evidence, which is closely related to the original evidence. |
| Option A: | Digital Evidence |
| Option B: | Best Evidence |
| Option C: | Original Evidence |
| Option D: | Complete Evidence |
| Q3. | CSIRT stands for _____ |
| Option A: | Computer security incident response team |
| Option B: | Computer software incident resource team |
| Option C: | Common security incident resolution team |
| Option D: | Computer security incident resource team |
| Q4. | Forensic Duplication is necessary |
| Option A: | as it preserves original digital evidence & allows recreation of the duplicate image |
| Option B: | as it creates restored image |
| Option C: | as it creates and stores mirror image |
| Option D: | as it helps in live system duplication |
| Q5. | Analyzing data collected from different sites, Firewalls and IDS is called as..? |
| Option A: | Computer Forensics |
| Option B: | Network Forensics |
| Option C: | Mobile Devices Forensics |
| Option D: | Memory Forensics |
| Q6. | Which one among the following statements is not a goal of good forensic report writing |
| Option A: | describe accurately the details of the incident |
| Option B: | Be understandable to decision makers |
| Option C: | Be able to withstand the legal scrutiny |
| Option D: | Cannot be easily referenced |
| Q7. | Which among the following is not an example of cyber crime |
| Option A: | SQL injection |
| Option B: | Identity theft |
| Option C: | Hacking |
| Option D: | Designing antivirus |
| Q8. | If there ought to be no doubt about the reality of the specialist's decision, then the evidence is said to be...? |
| Option A: | Authentic |
| Option B: | Admissible |
| Option C: | Believable |

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| Option D: | Reliable |
| Q9. | In central incident response team how many teams handle incidents occurring in whole organization? |
| Option A: | 1 |
| Option B: | 2 |
| Option C: | 3 |
| Option D: | 4 |
| Q10. | Restoration Process involves |
| Option A: | blind sector to sector copy of the duplicate file |
| Option B: | collection of Digital Evidence |
| Option C: | creation of response toolkit |
| Option D: | check the dependencies |

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| Q2 (20 Marks) | Solve any Two Questions out of Three | 10 marks each |
| A | Compare active attacks vs Passive attacks. Classify the cybercrimes and explain any one briefly | |
| B | Explain the phases of incident response Methodology with neat diagram | |
| C | Explain Volatile Data Collection from Windows system | |

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| Q3 (20 Marks) | Solve any Two Questions out of Three | 10 marks each |
| A | What are possible investigation phase carried out in Data Collection and Analysis | |
| B | What do you understand by social engineering? Give classification | |
| C | Briefly explain Types of digital Evidence with examples. | |

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| Q4 (20 Marks) | Solve any Two Questions out of Three | 10 marks each |
| A | Explain importance of forensic duplication and its methods. | |
| B | Explain various guidelines for digital forensic report writing along with its goals. | |
| C | Discuss the techniques of tracing an email message. | |