Paper / Subject Code: 40824 / Signals & Systems

1T01034 - S.E.(Electronics and Telecommunication)(SEM-IV)(Choice Base Credit Grading System)(R- 2020-21)(Choice Base Credit

Scheme) / 40824 - Signals & Systems

QP CODE: 10037982 DATE: 16/12/2023

Duration: 3 hrs [Max Marks: 80]

N.B.: (1) Question No 1 is Compulsory.

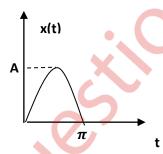
- (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five.
- (3) All questions carry equal marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly.
- 1 Attempt any FOUR

[20]

[10]

[10]

- a Perform the convolution of $x_1(t) = \cos t u(t)$ and $x_2(t) = t u(t)$?
- b Find the initial value and final value of Laplace transform: $X(s) = (s+5)/(s^2(s+9))$
- c Compare energy and power signals.
- d What is the inverse Z transform of $X(z) = (z 0.4) / (z^2 + z + 2)$?
- e If Fourier transform of $e^{-|t|}$ is $2/(1+\Omega^2)$ then find the Fourier transform of $2/(1+t^2)$ using duality property
- 2 a Determine the Laplace transform of the waveform given below:



- b Find the response of the time invariant system with impulse response $h(n)=\{1,2,1,-1\}$ to an input signal $x(n)=\{1,2,3,1\}$
- 3 a Find the inverse Laplace transform of X(s)=4/((s+2)(s+4)) if the ROC is, [10]
 - (i) $-2 > \text{Re}\{s\} > -4$
 - (ii) $Re\{s\} < -4$
 - (iii) $Re\{s\} > -4$
 - b Determine the impulse response of the discrete LTI system (Assume initial [10] condition as zero):

$$y(n) - 2y(n-1) + y(n-2) = x(n) + 3x(n-3)$$

4 a Determine the Fourier transform of the expression given below:

$$x(t) = 1 - t^2$$
, for $|t| < 1$
= 0 for $|t| > 1$

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- b What is BIBO stability? What is the condition to be satisfied for stability? [10] Explain the concept of Region of Convergence (ROC) in detail.
- 5 a Where should the poles lie on the s-plane for stability of a causal system? [10] Explain two properties of Fourier transform.
- 5 b Determine the forced response of the system represented by the following [10] equation:

$$5 dy(t)/dt + 10 y(t) = 2 x(t)$$
, Input $x(t) = 2 u(t)$

6 Write short notes on (any two)

[20]

- a Analogy between correlation and convolution
- b Relation between continuous time Fourier Transform and Laplace Tranform
- c Causality and stability of systems
- d Finite impulse response systems (FIR) and infinite impulse response systems (IIR)