

(Time: 3 Hours)

(Total Marks: 80)

- N.B.** (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Answer any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6.
 (3) Use of Statistical Tables permitted.
 (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

QP-16065451

- Q1.** (a) Find the Laplace transform of $t e^{-t} \cosh 2t$ [05]
 (b) If $u = -r^3 \sin 3\theta$ find the analytic function $f(z)$ whose real part is u . [05]
 (c) Calculate the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient R

x	85	74	85	50	65	78	74	60	74	90
y	78	91	78	58	60	72	80	55	68	70

- (d) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s} \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{s^2}\right)$. [05]

- Q2.** (a) Evaluate by using Laplace transform of $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-2t} \frac{\cos 2t \sin 3t}{t} dt$. [06]
 (b) Find the value of k if the function $f(x) = k x e^{-\frac{x}{3}}$, $x > 0$
 $f(x) = 0$ $0 \leq x$.
 Is a probability density function. find mean and variance. [06]

- (c) Obtain the Fourier series to represent $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 6x\pi + 2\pi^2}{12}$ in $(0, 2\pi)$
 Hence show that $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$ [08]

- Q3.** (a) Find the analytic function whose real part is $u = e^{2x} (x \cos 2y - y \sin 2y)$. [06]
 (b) Obtain the Fourier series to represent $f(x) = x - x^2$, $-1 \leq x \leq 1$. [06]
 (c) Using convolution theorem Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{(s+3)^2}{(s^2 + 6s + 18)^2}$. [08]

- Q4.** (a) Obtain the half range cosine series of $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$ in $(0, \pi)$
 Hence show that $\frac{\pi^4}{90} = \frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4} + \dots$ [06]

- (b) Find the lines of regression and coefficient of correlation for the data [06]

x	65	66	67	67	68	69	70	72
y	67	68	65	66	72	72	69	71

- (c) Evaluate by using Laplace transform of $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} \left(\int_0^t u^2 \sin hu \cos hu du\right) dt$ [08]

- Q5.** (a) Find the orthogonal trajectories of family of curves $e^{-x} \cos y + x y = \alpha$
 where α is the real constant in the $x y$ - plane. [06]

(b) A random variable x has the probability distribution [06]

x	0	1	2	3
$P(x=x)$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

Find the moment generating function about origin. also find mean and variance.

(c) Fit a second degree parabolic curve to the following: [08]

X year	1965	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Y profit	125	140	165	195	200	215	220	230

Also estimate the profit in 1973

Q6. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{(2s^2 - 6s + 5)}{(s^3 - 6s^2 + 11s - 6)}$ [06]

(b) Show that the function $v = e^x (x \sin y + y \cos y)$ satisfies Laplace equation
And find its corresponding analytic function and its harmonic conjugate. [06]

(c) A random variable X has the probability function [08]

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P(X=x)$	K	$2K$	$3K$	K^2	$K^2 + K$	$2K^2$	$4K^2$

Find k , $p(X < 5)$, $p(x > 3)$, $P(0 \leq X \leq 5)$.
