Paper / Subject Code: 49374 / Digital Logic & Computer Architecture

1T01873 - S.E. Computer Science & Engineering (Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning) (R-2019) (C-Scheme) SEMESTER - III / 49374 - Digital Logic & Computer Architecture

QP CODE: 10039357 DATE: 30/11/2023

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions:

1) Question Number 1 is compu	usorv	٧.
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- 2) Solve any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 3) Each Question carry 20 marks.
- 4) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- 5) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 6) Assume suitable additional data, if necessary and clearly state it.
- 7) All sub-questions of the same question should be grouped together.
- i.) Simplify the Boolean expression: A AND (B OR (C AND D)) using 0.1 Boolean algebra rules. ii.) Create a truth table for the following circuit: A AND (B OR C). 02 (b) Convert the IEEE-754 single-precision representation 05 Discuss the significance of Decoders in address decoding. Provide the truth 05 (c) table for a 3-to-8 Decoder. Draw and explain Microinstruction sequencing organization. 05 A block-set associative cache memory consists of 128 blocks divided into **10** four block sets. The main memory consists of 16,384 blocks and each block contains 256 eight-bit words. How many bits are required for addressing the main memory? How many bits are needed to represent the TAG, SET and WORD ii.) fields? What is bus arbitration? Explain any two techniques of bus arbitration? **10** Draw and explain the operation of a Master-Slave J-K Flip-Flop with 10 PRESET and CLEAR. How does it differ from a regular J-K flip-flop? Explain the concept of a microprogrammed control unit and compare it with **10** a hardwired control unit. Describe the advantages and disadvantages of using a microprogrammed control unit. Explain how the NAND gate can be used as a universal logic gate. Provide 10

examples of how it can be used to implement other logic gates.

multiplication process and explain how the final result is obtained.

How Booth's multiplication algorithm can be used to multiply $(-10)_{10}$ and

(-7)₁₀ binary numbers. Show the intermediate steps involved in the

10

Q.5	(a)	Perform the following binary arithmetic operations and show the	10
		intermediate steps and the final result.	
		i.) Add the following Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) numbers: (0101) + (1001).	D. P.
		ii.) Subtract the following binary numbers using 2's complement representation: (10101) - (01110).	
		iii.) Multiply the following binary numbers using 1's complement representation: (1101) * (1010).	
		iv.) Divide the following binary numbers using 2's complement representation: (101101) / (110).	
		v.) Perform addition in hexadecimal for the numbers: (2A) + (1B).	
	(b)	What is Pipeline Hazard? Give the types of pipeline hazards. Write a difference between delayed branch and branch prediction.	10
Q.6	(a)	Draw instruction cycle state diagram with interrupt.	05
	(b)	What is State Table Method used for design Hardwired Control unit?	05
	(c)	Compare with suitable parameters SRAM with DRAM.	05
	(b)	Draw the neat block diagram for Flynn's classification	- 05