

Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80

N.B.: 1) Question No.1 is compulsory

2) Answer any three questions from remaining questions

3) Assume data if necessary and specify assumptions clearly

Q.1

- a) Solve  $\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2}$  subject to the condition  $p(y,0)=0$ ,  $p(0,t)=0$ ,  $p(1,t)=100t$  with  $k=1/4$ ,  $h=1/2$  for a time step using Crank Nicholson method 5
- b) Fit second degree parabola equation  $y=a+bx+cx^2$  using the following data from chemical reaction. 5

x	12	10	8	6	4	2
y	6	5	4	3	2	1

- c) Write in short- Truncation Error from Taylor's series also explains error Propagation 5
- d) Find  $y(0.2)$  for  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x-y}{2}$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ , with step length 0.1 using Modified Euler method 5

Q.2

- a) Find Solution using Newton's Forward Difference formula at  $x = 0.12$  10

x	0.1	0.15	0.2	0.25	0.3
y	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553	0.3073

- b) Find the root of  $f(x) = x^3 - 5x - 7$ , using Secant method correct to four decimal places. 10

Q.3

- a) The spherical storage tank containing oil has a diameter of 6 ft. Calculate the height  $h$  to which a dipstick 8 ft long would be wet with oil when immersed in the tank when it contains 4 ft<sup>3</sup> of oil. The equation that gives the height,  $h$ , of the liquid in the spherical tank for the given volume and radius is given by  $V = \frac{3\pi h^2(3r-h)}{9}$ . Use the Bisection Method to find the height ( $h$ ), to which the dipstick is wet with oil. 10

- b) Solve by using Gauss Seidel method. 10  
 $2x+y+z=5$ ,  $3x+5y+2z=15$ ,  $2x+y+4z=8$

Q.4

- a) A chemical reaction is carried out in batch reactor and it has been found that concentration of reactant changes as per the equation given below.  $\frac{dC_A}{dt} = \frac{C_A}{1+0.5C_A^{1.8}}$  10

If initial concentration (at  $t=0$ ) is 0.8 then find concentration of reactant at  $t=1$  with step size,  $h=0.5$  using Euler's method.

- b) Solve numerical differential equation using Runge-Kutta order 4 method,  $y(0.2)$  for  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -y$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ , with step length 0.1 10

- Q.5**
- a) Solve by bender schmidt method ,  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ , with conditions  $u(0,t)=0$ ,  $u(5,t)=0$ ,  $u(x,0)= x^2(25-x^2)$ , taking  $h=1$  upto 3 Seconds. **10**
- b) Evaluate  $\int_0^\pi \sin x \, dx$  by applying.
- i) Trapezoidal rule
  - ii) Simpson's 1/3 Rule
  - iii) Simpson's 3/8 Rule

- Q.6**
- a) Benzene (1), Toluene (2), Styrene (3), and Xylene (4) are to be separated in the sequence of distillation columns shown in Fig. Determine molar flow rates of streams D<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> using Gauss Elimination method. The composition of the feed stream and the streams D<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, and B<sub>2</sub> is shown in the figure. The molar flow rate of the feed stream is 70 mol/min. **20**

