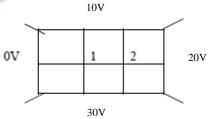
Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Note: (1) Question number 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Solve any THREE out of remaining.
- (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

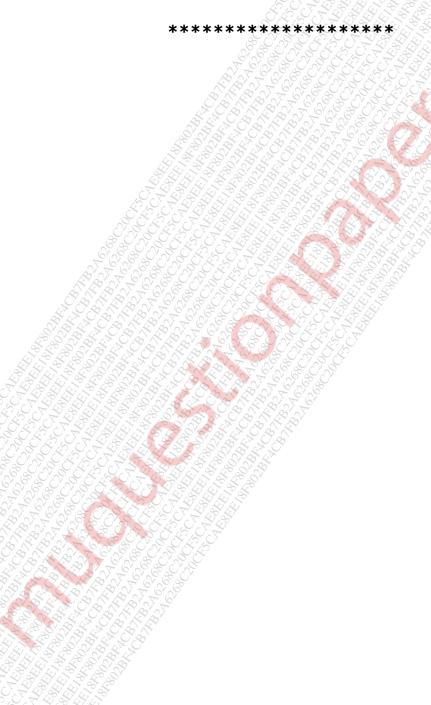
## Q.1 Attempt any FOUR

- (a) Starting with Maxwell's equations derive the expression for the wave (5) equation for an electromagnetic wave propagating in a perfect dielectric.
- (b) Derive the Poisson's and Laplace's equations. (5)
- (c) Explain the Dirichlet-type, Neumann-type and mixed boundary (5) conditions.
- (d) Explain the radiation intensity, directivity and directive gain of the (5) antenna.
- (e) State and explain Coulomb's law. Point charges 1mC and -2mC are located at (2,3,-1)m and (-2,-1,4)m respectively. Calculate the electric force on a 10nC charge located at (0,3,1)m.
- Q. 2 (a) Derive Maxwell's equations in integral & Point form for time varying (10) fields.
  - (b) Define and explain skin depth. Derive the expression for the skin depth. (10) Calculate the skin depth and the velocity of propagation for a uniform plane wave at a frequency of 100MHz traveling in aluminum.  $\epsilon_r$ =1,  $\mu_r$ =1,  $\sigma$ =3.5x10<sup>7</sup> S/m.
- Q.3 (a) Explain Poynting vector. Derive Poynting theorem and describe (10) significance of each term.
  - (b) Use the finite difference method to calculate the potentials at nodes 1 and 2 in the potential system shown in figure using iteration method and band matrix method.



- Q.4 (a) Derive the expression for radiation resistance in far field region of an (10) infinitesimal dipole.
  - (b) Find the directive gain and directivity if  $U(\theta, \phi) = 10\sin\theta\sin^2\phi$ , (5)  $0<\theta<\pi$ ,  $0<\phi<2\pi$ .
  - (c) An antenna has a field pattern given by  $E(\theta) = \sin^2 2\theta$  for  $0 < \theta < \pi$ . Find (5) the half power beamwidth and the first null beamwidth.
- Q.5 (a) Explain sky wave propagation. (5)
  Calculate the skip distance for flat earth with MUF of 20 MHz if the wave is reflected from a height of 200km where the maximum value of refractive index of the earth is 0.95.

- (b) What is line of sight propagation? Obtain expression for range of line of sight for space wave propagation in terms of antenna's transmitting and receiving heights.
- Q.6 (a) A transmission line is lossless and 0.25m long. It is terminated in a load (05) of  $Z_L$ =50+j25 $\Omega$  at a frequency of 10MHz. The inductance and the capacitance of the line are 12.5 $\mu$ H/m and 5nF/m, respectively. Use Smith chart to find the reflection coefficient, VSWR, the input impedance at the source.
  - (b) Find the characteristic impedance and propagation constant of a (05) transmission line if  $R=4\Omega/m$ , L=6nH/m,  $G=0.8m\sigma/m$ , and C=0.3pF/m, the operating frequency of the transmission line is 100MHz.
  - (c) Derive the expression for the input impedance of a transmission line. (10)



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