



Q.P. Code: 3559

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80

N.B. :

- (1) Question No.1 is Compulsory
- (2) Solve any three questions from remaining five questions.
- (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Attempt any four.

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- (a) Compare between open loop and closed loop system.
- (b) Derive the transfer function of simple closed loop system.
- (c) Explain relative stability analysis.
- (d) Sketch the nature of polar plot asymtotically for the open loop transfer

function
$$G(S) = \frac{1}{S(S+2)}$$

- (e) Derive the steady state error.
- 2. (a) Sketch the complete root locus for the following system having

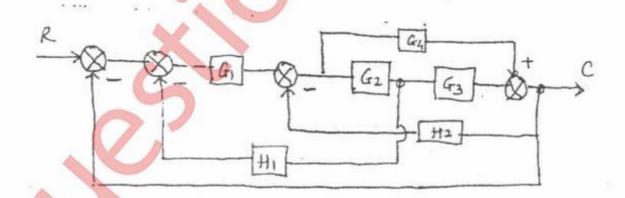
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G(S) H(S) =
$$\frac{k(s+5)}{s^2+4s+20}$$

(b) Derive the unit step response of second order underdamped system.

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3. (a) Sketch the signal flow graph of following block diagram. By using 10 Mason's Gain formula find the transfer function of it.



(b) Draw a bode diagram of open loop transfer function G(S) Determine 10 GM, PM, Wgc, Wpc.

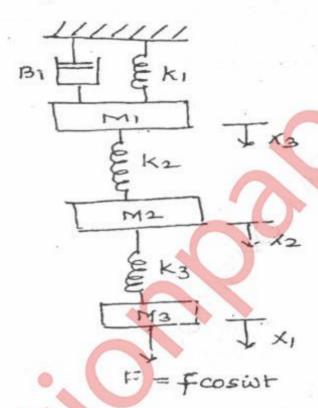
$$G(S) = \frac{800(S+2)}{S^2(S+10)(S+40)}$$

TURN OVER

4. (a) Determine the stability of following open loop transfer function using 10 Nyquist stability.

G(s) H(s) =
$$\frac{K(S+3)}{S(S-1)}$$

(b) Draw the analogous electrical network based on (a) F-V (b) F-I 10

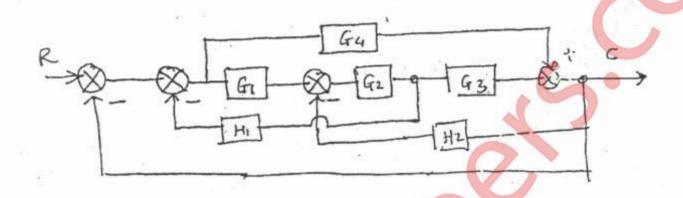


5. (a) The open loop transfer function of unity feed back system is $G(S) = \frac{K}{S(1+T_S)}$ For the system overshoot reduces from 0.6 to 0.2 due to change in K only. Show that $\frac{Tk_1-1}{Tk_2-1} = 43.33 \text{ where } K_1 \text{ and } K_2 \text{ are values of K for 0.6 to 0.2}$

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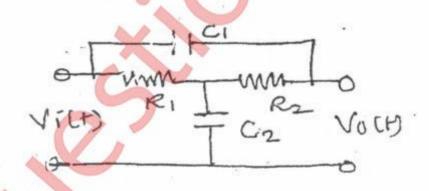
(b) Use a block diagram reduction rules to obtain the transfer function of the block diagram shown below.



6. Solve the following.

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- (a) For a system with characteristic equation, $F(s) = S^6 + 3S^5 + 4S^4 + 6S^3 + 5S^2 + 3S + 2 = 0$ examine stability.
- (b) Write the short note on standard signals.
- (c) Find the transfer function of following.



(d) What are the advantages and features of transfer function.

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