

(3hours) Marks:80

N.B:

- (1) Attempt **four** questions, question **no:1** is Compulsory.
- (2) Assume suitable data wherever required.
- (3) Answers to the questions should be grouped together.
- (4) Figure to the **right** of question indicates **full** marks.

1. Attempt **all**:

20M

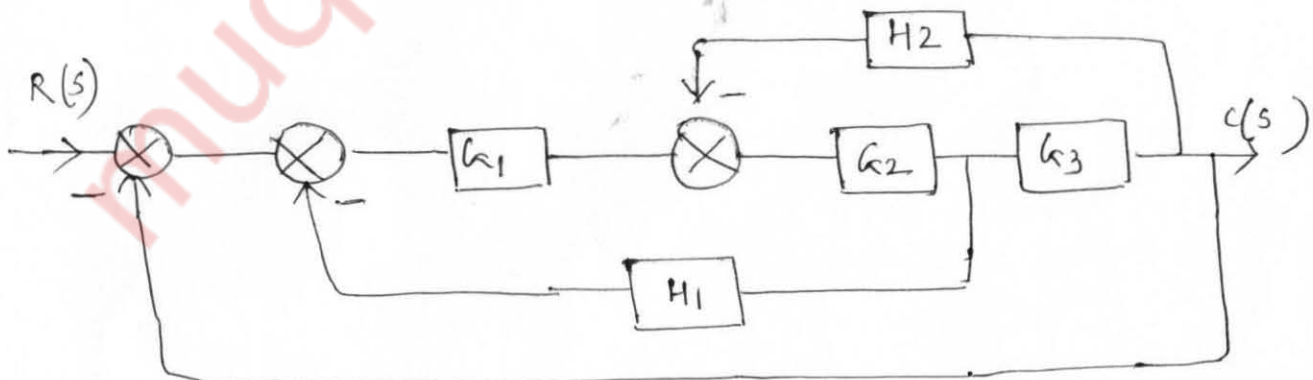
- (a) Derive an expression for the resistance using Wheatstone bridge for balanced condition
- (b) Find the transfer function of the given electrical network



- (c) Explain various criteria for selection of transducers
- (d) Compare analog and digital Data Acquisition system.
- (e) Check whether the given system is stable
 $s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 15 = 0$

2.

- (a) Describe how Q meter is used for measurement of low impedance. Also List the various sources of errors in Q meter. 10
- (b) Using Block diagram reduction techniques, find closed loop transfer function 10



3

- (a) Sketch the root locus of a unity feedback control system with 10

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)(s+6)} \text{ and determine the value of } k \text{ for marginal stability}$$

- (b) A Unity feedback control system has $G(S) = \frac{10}{s(1+0.4s)(1+0.1s)}$, $H(s)=1$ 10

Draw the bode plot and predict stability

4

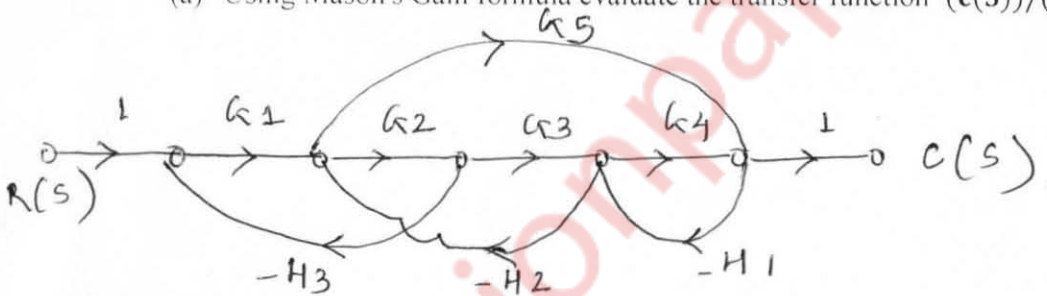
- (a) Explain basic telemetry system. 05

- (b) For Unity Feedback system $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(1+0.4s)(1+0.25s)}$, find range of K, marginal value of K and frequency of sustained oscillation. Using Routh's criterion. 05

- (c) Explain with neat diagram working principle of LVDT and Explain advantages and disadvantages of LVDT 10

5

- (a) Using Mason's Gain formula evaluate the transfer function $(c(S))/(R(s))$ 10



- (b) Explain Kelvin's double Bridge and its application for measurement of low resistance and derive expression for unknown resistance. 10

6

(a)

- (i) Compare the temperature transducers with respect to their characteristics and measurement range 05

- (ii) How stability of the system can be analyzed using Nyquist criterion 05

- (iii) Explain Digital Data Acquisition system 05

- (iv) A unity feedback system has open loop transfer function as $\frac{(1+0.4s)}{s(s+0.6)}$.

Obtain Unit step Response, Rise Time and Peak overshoot 05