

( 3 Hours )

[ Total Marks: 80 ]

- N.B.: (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any Three from the remaining.

1. (a) Find the extremal of the functional

$$\int_0^1 [y'^2 + 12xy] dx \text{ subject to } y(0) = 0 \text{ and } y(1) = 1.$$

- (b) Verify Cauchy - Schwartz inequality for  $u = (1, 2, 1)$  and  $v = (3, 0, 4)$  also find the angle between  $u$  &  $v$ .

- (c) If  $\lambda$  &  $X$  are eigen values and eigen vectors of  $A$  then prove that  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$  and  $X$  are eigen values and eigen vectors of  $A^{-1}$ , provided  $A$  is non singular matrix.

- (d) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$  where  $C: |z| = 2$

2. (a) Find the extremal that minimises the integral

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_1} (16y^2 - y'^2) dx$$

- (b) Find eigen values and eigen vectors of  $A^3$

where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

- (c) Obtain Taylor's and two distinct Laurent's expansion of  $f(z) = \frac{z-1}{z^2 - 2z - 3}$  indicating the region of convergence.

3. (a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton Theorem for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and hence find } A^{-1}$$

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- (b) Using Cauchy Residue Theorem, evaluate

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 - x + 2}{x^4 + 10x^2 + 9} dx$$

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- (c) Show that a closed curve 'C' of given fixed length (perimeter) which encloses maximum area is a circle.

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4. (a) Find an orthonormal basis for the subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  by applying Gram-Schmidt process where  $S \{(1,1,1), (0,1,1) (0,0,1)\}$ .

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- (b) Find  $A^{50}$ , where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

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- (c) Reduce the following Quadratic form into canonical form & hence find its rank, index, signature and value class where,

$$Q = 3x_1^2 + 5x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 - 2x_1x_2 - 2x_2x_3 + 2x_3x_1$$

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5. (a) Using the Rayleigh-Ritz method, find an approximate solution for the

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extremal of the functional  $\int_0^1 \{xy + \frac{1}{2}y'^2\} dx$  subject to  $y(0) = y(1) = 0$ .

- (b) Prove that  $W = \{(x,y) | x = 3y\}$  subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Is  $W_1 = \{(a,1,1) | a \text{ in } \mathbb{R}\}$  subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ?

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- (c) Prove that A is diagonalizable matrix. Also find diagonal form and

transforming matrix where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

6. (a) By using Cauchy Residue Theorem, evaluate  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{5 + 4\cos \theta} d\theta.$  6
- (b) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{z+4}{z^2 + 2z + 5} dz$  where  $C : |z+1+i|=2.$  6
- (c) (i) Determine the function that gives shortest distance between two given points. 5
- (ii) Express any vector  $(a,b,c)$  in  $R^3$  as a linear combination of  $v_1, v_2, v_3$  where  $v_1, v_2, v_3$  are in  $R^3.$  3