Q.P. Code :38916

[Time: Three Hours] [Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. Question.No.1 is compulsory.

- 2. Attempt any three questions from Q.No.2 to Q.No.6
- **Q.1** Attempt **any four** of the following:

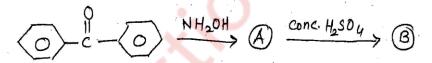
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- Calculate transport number of H^{\oplus} ions and Cl ions from the following data obtained by moving boundary method using cadmium chloride as indicator electrolyte:
 - i. concentration of HCI solution =0.25 N
 - ii. Mass of silver deposited in the coulometer = 0.15g
 - iii. movement of boundary = 8.0cm
 - iv. Cross section of tube = 0.58cm^2
 - v. Equivalent weight of silver = 108
- **b.** A cyclic compound with molecular formula C_4H_8 gives one peak in proton NMR spectrum. Predict the structure of the compound with justification.
- c. Discuss aromaticity of thiophene
- **d.** Write mechanism and application of Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement
- e. Write a note on streaming potential. How is it related to zeta potential.
- **f.** Discuss in brief any two applications of Ion-exchange method.
- **g.** Describe a method to titrate strong acid with strong base without using an indicator. Explain the principle involved in it.
- Q.2 a. Predict A and B in following reaction and write the name and mechanism of the reaction.



b. What is the principle of UV- visible spectroscopy? Which of the following isomers will absorb at longer wavelengths and why?

- **c.** Explain why pyridine is aromatic in nature.
- **d.** Explain any two of the following terms with examples.
 - i. Negative catalysis
 - ii. Auto catalysis
 - iii. Induced catalysis

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Q.3	a.	A certain extraction system has a distribution ratio of 10. If 300 mg solute is dissolved in 100ml of solvent A, find out total amount of solute extracted by two extractions with 50 ml of solvent B which is immiscible with solvent A. (The solute has molecular weight 71)	05
	b.	Write the principle and applications of thin layer chromatography.	05
	c.	Derive an expression for the e.m.f. of concentration cell with transference with respect to cations.	05
	d.	Write a short note on Donnan membrane equilibrium and its significance.	05
Q.4	a.	Write preparation of following compounds from acetoacetic ester i. 3,4 dimethylpentan-2-one ii. Isobutyric acid	05
	b.	What is electro-osmosis? How is it demonstrated?	ິ05
	c.	Explain following terms with respect to NMR spectroscopy. i. Chemical shift ii. shielding & deshielding	05
	d.	Give an account of Ion-exchange resins	05
Q.5	a.	Write the characteristics and mechanism of enzyme catalysis.	05
	b.	Explain Huckel's rule of aromaticity with examples.	05
	c.	Explain how e.m.f. measurements can be used to determine the solubility of a sparingly soluble salt.	05
	d.	Write principle and two applications of HPLC	05
Q.6	a.	Give an account of the Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes. Explain what is meant by asymmetry effect?	05
	b.	Write a note on Paal-knorr synthesis of pyrrole.	05
	c.	Discuss the principle underlying potentiometric titration. How can a potentiometric titration be carried out of a solution of AgNO ₃ against a standard solution of KCl?	05
	d.	Describe in detail batch process used in liquid-liquid extraction. Name the other two methods used for liquid-liquid extraction.	05
