

- N.B. 1) All questions are compulsory.
 2) Figures to the right indicate marks.
 3) Illustrations, in-depth answers and diagrams will be appreciated.
 4) Mixing of sub-questions is not allowed.
 5) Use of own non-programmable calculator is allowed.

Q. 1 Attempt All(Each of 5Marks)**15****(a) Multiple Choice Questions**

- i. If $\beta_{YX} < 1$, then β_{XY} is
 A. Less than 1
 B. Greater than 1
 C. Equal to 1
 D. Equal to 0
- ii. If correlation coefficient will have positive sign then
 A. X is increasing and Y is decreasing
 B. Both X and Y are increasing
 C. X is increasing and Y is decreasing
 D. None of the above
- iii. For two independent events A and B, $P(A) = 0.3$ and $P(B) = 0.4$ then
 $P(A \cap B) = \text{---}$
 A. 0.12
 B. 0.3
 C. 0.4
 D. 0.2
- iv. If the lower and upper limits of a class are 10 and 40 then the class-mark (mid point) of the class is---
 A. 25.0
 B. 12.5
 C. 15.0
 D. 30.0
- v. The measure of central value which can not be calculated with open-end classes in case of grouped frequency distribution is ---
 A. Median
 B. Mean
 C. Mode
 D. Third quartile

(b) Fill in the blanks

- i. Median is same as ---- quartile.
 ii. More than cumulative frequency is --- in nature.
 iii. The average of the upper and lower class boundaries is called as----.

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iv. If correlation coefficient between X and Y is perfect then regression lines of X on Y and Y on X are---

v. $P(A \cup A') = \text{-----}$

(c) Short Answers

- Define mutually exclusive events.
- State the probability of union of two events when they are independent.
- State relation between mean, median and mode when frequency distribution is positively skewed
- State range of correlation coefficient.
- State relation between probabilities of two events A and B when B is subset of A.

Q. 2 Attempt the following (Any THREE)(Each of 5Marks)

15

- Define mean, median and mode. Explain how to calculate them for continuous frequency distribution.
- Explain the procedure of drawing less than ogive curve for continuous frequency distribution.
- Prepare frequency distribution for the following data on number of mangoes; 3,0,0,1,3,2,1,0,4,2,3,3,0,1,3,2,1,4,3,2,0,1,4,2,1,1,1,3,2,2.
- Represent the following information using, Histogram.

Monthly income	50-100	100-150	150-200	200-250	250-300
Number of employees	30	50	100	40	30

- Explain the concepts of discrete and continuous variable using illustrations.
- Find mean, variance, and standard deviation for the following data. 90,99,70,32,76,68,75,31,39,89,40,66,42,93,53,97,43,92,95,36,67,55,47,37.

Q. 3 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (Each of 5Marks)

15

- Define first four raw moments about zero and first four central moments. Write down the relations between raw and central moments.
- What do you understand by kurtosis? Distinguish clearly by drawing figures between leptokurtic and platykurtic.
- For the following frequency distribution obtain coefficient of skewness based on quartiles.

Marks	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Number of students	5	20	14	10	8	5

- Represent the positive and negative correlation coefficient by scatter diagram.
- Explain the concept of correlation and regression. How regression is different than correlation?
- For the following data obtain coefficient of regression line of X on Y.

X	45	44	50	53	66	30	48
Y	42	40	41	42	56	30	43

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Q. 4 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (Each of 5Marks)

15

- (a) Explain the following concepts;
- Sample space
 - Independent events.
- (b) Define conditional probability and state Bayes' theorem.
- (c) The probability that a student passes a Physics test is $\frac{2}{3}$ and the probability that he passes both the Physics test and English test is $\frac{14}{45}$. The probability that he passes at least one test is $\frac{4}{5}$. What is the probability that he passes the English test?
- (d) A box contains 6 red, 4 white and 5 black balls. A person draws 4 balls from the box at random. Find the probability that among the balls drawn there is at least one ball of each colour.
- (e) In 2002 there will be three candidates for the position of principal, Dr. X, Dr. Y and Dr. Z - whose chances of getting the appointment are in the proportion 4:2:3 respectively. The probability that Dr. X if selected would introduce co-education in the college is 0.3. The probabilities of Dr. Y and Dr. Z doing the same are respectively 0.5 and 0.8.
- What is the probability that there will be co-education in the college in 2003?
 - If there is co-education in the college in 2003, what is the probability that Dr. Z is the principal?
- (f) Bag I contains 6 blue and 4 red balls. Bag II contains 2 blue and 6 red balls. Bag III contains 1 blue and 8 red balls. A bag is chosen at random and two balls are drawn without replacement from this bag. Both the balls were blue. Find the probability that bag II was chosen.

Q. 5 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (Each of 5Marks)

15

- (a) Define variance, standard deviation and coefficient of variation. Explain how to calculate them for raw data.
- (b) Explain regression model and write the properties of regression coefficient.
- (c) An MBA applies for a job in two firms X and Y. The probability of his being selected in firm X is 0.7 and being rejected at Y is 0.5. The probability of at least one of his applications being rejected is 0.6. What is probability that he will be selected in one of the firms.
- (d) The probabilities of X, Y, and Z becoming managers are $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{2}{9}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ respectively. the probabilities that the bonus scheme will be introduced if X, Y, and Z becomes managers are $\frac{3}{10}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ respectively.
- What is the probabilities that bonus scheme will be introduced and
 - If the bonus scheme has been introduced, what is the probability that the manager appointed was X ?
- (e) Represent the following data by Stem and Leaf diagram:
- 86,46,44,68,47,81,77,48,50,87,41,88,59,80,52,85,56,61,58,72,69,82,78,60,54,71.