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B.E (EXTC) rem vil (Bqs Microwave & Rodar Eur.

6015 Q.P. Code :

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 80

N.B.: (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.

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- (2) Solve any three questions from the remaining.
 - (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Design circulator using magic tees.
- (b) Explain Travelling wave tube as an amplifier.]. (a)
 - (c) Explain the operation of 2-hole Directional coupler with s-matrix.
 - (d) Explain Doppler shift and its role in pulsed and CW radar.
- The terminating impedance Z_{L} is 100+j100 Ω and the characteristics impedance 10 Z_0 of the line and stub is 50 Ω . The first stub is placed at 0.40 λ away from the 2. (a) load. The spacing between the two stubs is $3\lambda/8$. Determine the length of the
 - short circuited stubs when the match is achieved. (b) Explain instrument landing system for aircraft navigation,
- Derive the wave equation for a TE wave and obtain all the field components 10 3 (a) in a circular waveguide.
 - What is the importance of beam coupling coefficient? Derive the equation of 10 (b) velocity modulation in klystron.
- 4. (a) Explain the significane of RWH model and two valley model in Gunn diode. 10
- (b) With a suitable diagram, explain the working on conical scan tracking radar. 10 Explain the various factors that need to be considered in determining the optimum squint angle.
- 5. (a) Draw and explain with block diagram of MTI radar system. What are its 10 limitations.
 - (b) Discuss the power, frequency, current frequency and power gain frequency 10limitations with refrence to a microwave transistor.
- 6 (a) Design two Damped element L section matching network at 500 MHz to 10transform $\mathcal{D}_{L} = 200 - j100\Omega$ to a 100 Ω transmission line. Use Smith Chart.
 - (b) Write a short note one backward wave oscilator.
 - 5 (c) A radiar operating at 1.5 GHz uses a peak pulse power of 2.5 MW and have a 5 rafge of 100 nmi for objects whose radar cross section is 1m². If the minimum (receivable power of the receiver is 2×10^{-13} Watt. What is the smallest diameter of the antenna reflector could have, assuming it to be a full paraboloid with η=0.65.

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