

N.B.:

1. Question-1 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from remaining
2. Assume data if necessary and specify the assumptions clearly
3. Draw neat sketches wherever required
4. Answer to the sub-questions of an individual question should be grouped and written together i.e. one below the other

- 1
 - a) Discuss “energy profile” (5)
 - b) Explain the concept of “optimum approach temperature difference (ΔT_{opt})” in heat exchanger networking (5)
 - c) Discuss direct and indirect benefits of waste heat recovery (WHR) (5)
 - d) Differentiate between primary and secondary energy sources with examples (5)
- 2
 - a) Explain how to make “motor, belts and drives system” of process plant more efficient (12)
 - b) Discuss different types of “energy sub audits” (8)
- 3
 - a) Derive basic rule of heat exchanger networking by Linhoff to match the streams on hot and cold side of pinch (10)
 - b) Estimate minimum utility requirement of hot and cold and pinch temperature for the process stream given below: (10)
 $\Delta T_{min}=30^{\circ}\text{C}$

Stream	$T^s(^{\circ}\text{C})$	$T^t(^{\circ}\text{C})$	mC_p (KW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$)
1	140	70	3
2	100	40	5
3	60	80	6
4	30	120	4

- 4
 - a) A triple effect evaporator is concentrating a liquid that has no appreciable elevation in boiling point. The temperature of steam to the first effect is 108°C , and the boiling point of the solution in the last effect is 52°C . The overall heat transfer coefficients, in $\text{W}/\text{m}^2\text{K}$ are 2500 in the first effect, 2000 in the second effect and 1500 in the third effect. At what temperatures will the liquid boil in the first and second effects? (10)
 - b) Explain how multiple effect evaporator is more advantageous over single effect evaporator (5)
 - c) Write short note on multiple effect distillation (5)

5 a) The potential for electricity generation (PGC) for a steam turbine system is 18,500 (8) kW. The saturated steam is being expanded through a PRV to obtain process steam Determine :-

- I. Theoretical steam rate (TSR) in lb/kW-hr
- II. Steam flow rate (Ws) in lb/hr

Data :-

Inlet enthalpy of steam (h_i)= 1378.9 Btu/lb

Outlet enthalpy of steam (h_o)= 935.0 Btu/lb

Efficiency of turbine generator ($\eta_{tg} = 0.77$)

b) Discuss topping cycle and bottoming cycle with suitable example (12)

6 Write short notes on:

- a) Waste heat boiler (5)
- b) Vapor recompression related to distillation (5)
- c) Economizer (5)
- d) Reboiler flashing (5)
