



[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks:80]

- N.B:
1. Question.No.1 is compulsory.
 2. Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions.
 3. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

- 1 Attempt any four . 20
 - a Explain electrodes used for PH measurement.
 - b State the working principle of elastic type pressure sensors also draws its neat sketches.
 - c Compare orifice and venturi meter.
 - d Explain various energy losses in pipes.
 - e Derive the expression for gauge factor of strain gauge.
- 2
 - a Draw and explain pressure measurement scheme using bourdon tube and LVDT. 10
 - b State and derive Bernoullis equation. 10
- 3
 - a Explain in details suitable instrument used for calibration of pressure gauges. 10
 - b What is ORP ? Explain setup used for ORP measurement. 10
- 4
 - a A strain gauge bonded to a steel beam 0.1 m long and has a crosssectional area 4 cm^2 . Young's modulus for steel is 207 GN/m^2 . The strain gauge has an unstrained resistance of 240Ω and gauge factor of 2.2. When a load is applied, the resistance of gauges changes by 0.013Ω . Calculate the change in length of the steel beam and an amount of force applied to the beam. 10
 - b Explain with diagram working of Mcleod Gauge 10
- 5
 - a Classify flow measurement techniques . Explain the construction and working of electromagnetic flow meter. 10
 - b Explain the need of temperature compensation for strain gauge and state applications of strain gauge. 10
- 6 Write a short note on :- 20
 - a Viscosity measurement
 - b Dynamometer
 - c Torque measurement