

- N.B. :** (1) Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.  
 (2) Solve any **three** questions from the **remaining five** questions.  
 (3) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
 (4) Assume suitable data if required and mention the same in the answer sheet.

1. Solve any **five** of the following :—

20

- (a) Draw low pass first order active filter and derive expression for cut-off frequency.
- (b) What is cross over distortion ? How to overcome the same.
- (c) Determine unity gain band width for n-channel MOSFET with parameter  $k_n = 0.25 \text{ mA/V}^2$ ,  $V_{TN} = 1\text{V}$ ,  $\lambda = 0$ ,  $C_{gd} = 0.05 \text{ pf}$ ,  $C_{gs} = 0.25 \text{ pf}$ . Assume MOSFET is biased at  $V_{GS} = 3 \text{ V}$ .
- (d) Draw high frequency hybrid- $\pi$  model and explain significance of each parameter.
- (e) Why Cascode (CE-CB) amplifier provides more bandwidth as compared to CE Amplifier with equal gain.
- (f) Implement  $V_o = -(2V_1 + 5V_2 + 7V_3)$  using OpAmp.

2. (a) In common-emitter circuit as shown in **Fig. 2a**, the transistor parameters are  $\beta = 120$ , **10**

$V_{BE(on)} = 0.7 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_A = 100 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_{\mu} = 1 \text{ pF}$  and  $f_T = 600 \text{ MHz}$ . Determine :

- (i)  $C_{\pi}$  and equivalent Miller Capacitance  $C_M$ .
- (ii) The higher cut-off frequency.
- (iii) Small Signal midband voltage gain.

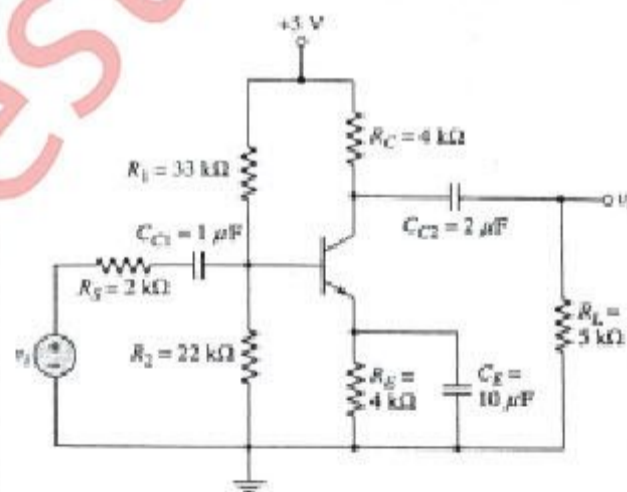
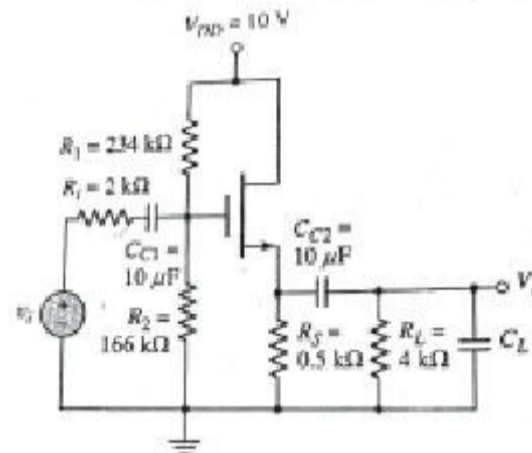


Fig. 2a

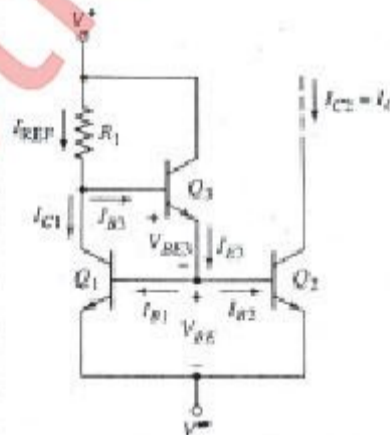
[ TURN OVER

- (b) For the circuit shown in **Fig. 2b** the transistor parameters are  $k_n = 0.5 \text{ mA/V}^2$ ,  $V_{TN} = 2 \text{ V}$  and  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$ . Determine lower cut-off frequency and small signal voltage gain. **10**



**Fig. 2b**

3. (a) Draw the circuit diagram of MOSFET based differential amplifier and derive expression for differential voltage gain, common mode gain and CMRR. **10**
- (b) Draw circuit diagram of cascode amplifier using BJT and derive expression for voltage gain, input resistance and output resistance. **10**
4. (a) For the basic three transistor current source shown in **Fig. 4a**, the parameters are :  $V^+ = 9\text{V}$ ,  $V^- = 0\text{V}$  and  $R_1 = 12 \text{ K}$ , for all transistors  $V_{BE(on)} = 0.7 \text{ V}$ ,  $\beta = 75$  and  $V_A = \infty$ . Calculate value of each current shown in **Fig. 4a** i.e.  $I_{REF}$ ,  $I_{C1}$ ,  $I_{B1}$ ,  $I_{B2}$ ,  $I_{E3}$ ,  $I_{B3}$ . **10**



**Fig. 4a**

- (b) Draw the circuit diagram and small signal equivalent circuit of Darlington configuration and derive expression for its input resistance and current gain. **10**

[ TURN OVER

5. (a) Draw circuit diagram of class B power amplifier. Explain its working with the help of waveforms and derive expression for power conversion efficiency. **10**
- (b) For the circuit shown in **Fig. 5b**, transistor parameters are  $\beta = 100$ ,  $V_{BE(on)} = 0.7\text{ V}$  and  $V_A = \infty$ . **10**
- (i)  $I_{C1}$ ,  $I_{C2}$ ,  $I_E$ ,  $V_{CE1}$  and  $V_{CE2}$
- (ii) Calculate differential voltage gain  $A_d$  for one sided output at the collector of  $Q_2$ .

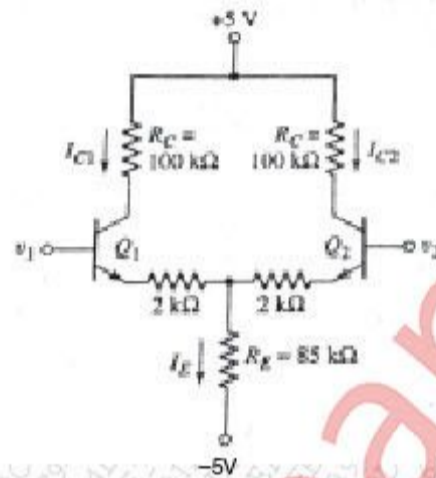


Fig. 5b

6. Write short notes on any **four** of the following :— **20**
- (a) Power MOSFET
- (b) Transistorized shunt regulator
- (c) Differentiator using OpAmp
- (d) Wilson current source
- (e) High frequency model of MOSFET.