

# UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



## Bachelor of Engineering

**First Year Engineering (Semester I & II), Revised course**  
**(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20**  
**(Common for All Branches of Engineering)**

Under

## FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year  
2019–2020)

## Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and remaining 2-3 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that in the present system, the first year syllabus is heavily loaded and it is of utmost importance that the students entering into the first year of an engineering course should feel at ease by lowering the burden of syllabus and credits. This is necessary for a student to get accustomed to the new environment of a college and to create a bonding between the teacher and a student. In this regard, AICTE has provided a model of Induction Program, which has been accommodated with certain modification and also overall credits proposed by AICTE in their model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for First Year of Engineering from the academic year 2019-20. Subsequently this system will be carried forward for Second Year Engineering in the academic year 2020-21, for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2021-22, 2022-23, respectively.

**Dr. Suresh K. Ukarande**  
**Dean (I/C)**  
**Faculty of Science and Technology**  
**Member, Senate Academic Council**  
**Board of Dean's, BOEE, RRC**  
**University of Mumbai, Mumbai**

## Structure for

### Student Induction Program

New students enter an institution with diverse thoughts, backgrounds and preparations. It is important to help them adjust to the new environment and inculcate in them the ethos of the institution with a sense of larger purpose.

The Induction Program is designed to make the newly joined students feel comfortable, sensitize them towards exploring their academic interests and activities, reducing competition and making them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and building of character.

Its purpose is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

Transition from school to university/college life is one of the most challenging events in student's life. Therefore, it should be taken seriously, and as something more than the mere orientation program.

The time during the Induction Program is also used to rectify some critical lacunas, for example, English background, for those students who have deficiency in it.

New students be informed that the Induction is mandatory non-credit course for which a certificate will be issued by the institution.

At the start of the induction, the incumbents learn about the institutional policies, processes, practices, culture and values, and their mentor groups are formed. The different activities are:

1. **Orientation:** In the first session of Induction program learners and parents to be oriented about institute policies, processes, practices, culture and values. In addition to this, learners will be educated for 1<sup>st</sup> year academic program information in terms of academic calendar, Assessment plan, grading information, university ordinances, rules and regulations related to academics.
2. **Mentoring:** Mentoring and connecting the students with faculty members is the most important part of student induction. Mentoring process shall be carried out in small groups, group of 10 students to be formed and allocate one senior student from 3<sup>rd</sup> year of same program in which new students have taken admission, students mentor will continue for two years, till student mentors graduate from the institute. For two (2) such groups one faculty mentor to be allocated from the same department/program, who will remain the mentor till those students graduates from the institute. In the second session of Induction program, groups for mentoring to be formed and student mentors and faculty mentors to be introduced to newly inducted students. Introduction of mentoring system to be given to new students. Minimum one meeting to be conducted every month during semesters with students group by faculty mentors. For record keeping appropriate formats to be developed and information to be updated regularly by faculty mentors.

3. **Universal Human Values:** Universal Human Values gets the student to explore oneself and experience the joy of learning, prepares one to stand up to peer pressure and take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships and be sensitive to others, understand the role of money in life and experience the feeling of prosperity. Need for character building has been underlined by many thinkers, universal human values provide the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don't's, but by getting the students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. The role of group discussions, however, with clarity of thought of the teachers cannot be over emphasized. It is essential for giving exposure, guiding thoughts, and realizing values.

4. **Proficiency Modules:** The induction program period can be used to overcome some critical lacunas that students might have, for example, English, Mathematics, computer familiarity etc. These should run like crash courses, so that when normal courses start after the induction program, the student has overcome the lacunas substantially.

A diagnostic test should be conducted on Day 2 itself. Before the test, the students should be informed that the test would not affect their grades, branch change, or any aspect of their admission, placement, study, etc. Purpose of the test is to provide help to those students who need help in English, Mathematics, Computer proficiency etc. Students having more than 80% marks in their qualifying examination in respective subjects need not take the diagnostic test. For those below this cut-off, writing the test is mandatory. Students with weak performance in the test, must attend a non-credit course in Basic English, Basic Mathematics, and Basic Computer Operation etc. Their attending the course is mandatory. There would be no separate fee payable for the course. The classes of Basic courses must start from Day 4 at the latest. Students those who are excluded from basic courses, for them some activity in the domain of creative arts, cultural and literature to be organised.

5. **Physical Activity:** Fitness session, yoga classes, lecture(s) on facing world with sportsman spirit, making young students aware that there is nothing like being failure in the world. The world gives opportunities to all.

The incoming students must be divided into batches of 50 students maximum, and a qualified coach in physical education/ faculty member should be attached to each batch. The list of available games, sport, or physical activities should be announced in orientation program on Day 1. They should be asked to fill their choice with three preferences, and the game or sport be allotted to them as per their preference. The physical activity should start from Day 3 onwards, wherein the student learns and plays his assigned game during the induction program. It is also important that along with his assigned game the student also practises yoga.

6. **Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity:** Qualified instructors for arts may be hired on contract basis and be paid honorarium as per norms of the institute. Daily 90 to 120 minute sessions may be arranged. The list of available art forms, such as vocal music, instrumental music, folk music, painting,

sketching, dance, group dance, clay modelling, pottery, dramatics, etc. should be announced. They should be asked to fill their choice with three preferences, and the art form be allotted to them as per their preference. There should be sufficient number of teachers for each art form. The ratio may be kept as 1 teacher for every 25 students.

A faculty member interested in literary activity should be assigned for organizing the activity. A list of books which are interesting and educational should be prepared beforehand. Books in Indian languages must be included and even given priority. Students are losing connection with languages in general and their own language, in particular. Students should be assigned a book or other smaller reading material. They should be asked to read and write a critical summary. They should present their summary in front of their group. A literary group may consist of around 30-40 students. Similarly, debating and public speaking activity could also be undertaken. If the college can arrange for a drama workshop where a group of students learn and enact a play it would be very good. Not all the incoming students would do this, but those who wish may be provided the opportunity. Help may be taken from senior students engaged in such extra-curricular activities in the college.

7. **Familiarisation with Institute and Department:** The students admitted in a branch would visit their allotted department or branch. The Head of the department and other associated faculty should address the new student's right on Day 2 or so. Arrangements should be made about the meeting/gathering. The parents of the students should also be welcomed if they accompany their ward. It would be helpful if an alumnus of the Dept. relates his professional experience related to the field of the study to the incoming students.
8. **Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People:** Eminent people from all walks of life may be invited to deliver lectures, namely, from industry, academia, social science (authors, historians), social work, civil society, alumni etc. be identified and invited to come and address the new students. Motivational lectures about life, meditation, etc. by Ramakrishna Mission, Art of Living, S-VYASA university, VivekanandKendras, etc. may be organized. Workshops which rejuvenate or bring relief to students would also be welcome, such as, Art of Living workshops.
9. **Extra-Curricular Activity:** Every college has extra-curricular activities. Most of them are student driven. They are organized by student councils and clubs. The extra-curricular activities going on in the college should be presented to the new students under the guidance of faculty advisors for such activity. The new students should be informed about how they can join the activities. Related facilities should be described to them. Presentation on the activities by the student council should be made.
10. **Feedback and Report on the Program:** A formal feedback at the end of the program should be collected from students by their filling a form in writing or online. Besides the above, each group (of 20 students) should write a report on the Induction Program towards the end of the semester. They would also have to make a presentation of their report. They should be encouraged to use slides while making a

presentation. Presentation of the report should be made in the language they are comfortable with, without any insistence that it should be in English. It is more important that they feel comfortable and confident. Each group may make the presentation through 4-5 of its group members or more. In case, the number of new students in a college is large, the presentation should be made by each group in front of 4 other groups besides their own, thus there would be about 100 students (in 5 groups) in the audience in a session. Several such sessions could run in parallel or serially. In each session, their faculty mentors and student guides, if any, should also be in the audience. These sessions would tell you how well the program ran, and what the students are feeling at the end of the program. This would also serve as a grand closure to the program.

A certificate shall be awarded to all the students, upon successful completion of the induction program based on their report and presentation.

**Tentative schedule of 1<sup>st</sup> Week Induction Program:**

<b>Day 1</b>	Session 1	Orientation program
	Session 2	Mentoring (group formation and introduction)
<b>Day 2</b>	Session 3	Diagnostic test (basic English, maths and computer operation)
	Session 4	Familiarisation of Department and Institute (Visits to department, laboratory, Library, Examination cell, office etc)
<b>Day 3</b>	Session 5	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)
	Session 6	Universal human values session
<b>Day 4</b>	Session 7	Proficiency Modules (Short courses on basic maths, English and computer operation etc. for identified students)
	Session 8	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)
<b>Day 5</b>	Session 9	Proficiency Modules (Short courses on basic maths, English and computer operation etc. for identified students)
	Session 10	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity

A session may be conducted for around 2-3 hours each.

Minimum 12 sessions to be conducted from the following 20 sessions, from 2<sup>nd</sup> week to last week of academics, throughout the semester.

Session 11	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)- 1
Session 12	Extra-Curricular Activity- 1
Session 13	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)-2
Session 14	Extra-Curricular Activity- 2
Session 15	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)- 3
Session 16	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 1
Session 17	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)- 4
Session 18	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 2
Session 19	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 1
Session 20	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 3
Session 21	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 2
Session 22	Universal Human Values- 1(Group Discussion among students as per mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 23	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 3
Session 24	Universal Human Values- 2 (Group Discussion among students as per mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 25	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 4
Session 26	Universal Human Values- 3 (Group Discussion among students as per mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 27	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 5
Session 28	Physical Activity ( Yoga, sports etc)- 5
Session 29	Feedback and Report on the Program- 1
Session 30	Feedback and Report on the Program- 2

**Program Structure for First Year Engineering  
Semester I & II  
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI  
(With Effect from 2019-2020)**

**Semester I**

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	3	--	1*	3	--	1	4	
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I	--	1	--	--	0.5	--	0.5	
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I	--	1	--	--	0.5	--	0.5	
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
FEL105	Basic Workshop practice-I	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
<b>Total</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>18</b>	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	20	20	20	80	3	25	--	125
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
FEL105	Basic Workshop practice-I	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>675</b>

\* May be conducted batch-wise



## Semester II

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	3	--	1*	3	--	1	4	
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC205	C programming	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II	--	1	--	--	0.5	--	0.5	
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II	--	1	--	--	0.5	--	0.5	
FEL203	Engineering Graphics	--	4	--	--	2	--	2	
FEL204	C programming	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
FEL205	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
FEL206	Basic Workshop practice-II	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
<b>Total</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>20</b>	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	20	20	20	80	3	25	--	125
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	15	15	15	60	3	--	--	75
FEC205	C programming	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	10	10	10	40	2	--	--	50
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
FEL203	Engineering Graphics	--	--	--	--	--	25	50	75
FEL204	C programming	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
FEL205	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
FEL206	Basic Workshop practice-II	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>725</b>

\* May be conducted batch-wise

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	3	--	1*	3	1	--	4	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	20	20	20	80	3	25	--	125

### Objectives

- The course is aimed to develop the basic Mathematical skills of engineering students that are imperative for effective understanding of engineering subjects. The topics introduced will serve as basic tools for specialized studies in many fields of engineering and technology.
- To provide hands on experience in using SCILAB software to handle real life problems

### Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- Solve various types of First Order differential equation.
- Solve various types of Higher Order Differential equation.
- Illustrate the concepts of Beta and Gamma function, DUIS and rectification.
- Apply the concepts of Double integral
- Apply the concept of Triple integral.
- Apply the principles of Numerical Method for solving differential equation and numerical integration analytically and using Scilab also.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	<b>Differential Equations of First Order and First Degree</b> 1.1 Exact differential Equations, Equations reducible to exact form by using integrating factors.	4
	1.2 Linear differential equations (Review), equation reducible to linear form, Bernoulli's equation. <b># Self learning topics:</b> Simple application of differential equation of first order and first degree to electrical and Mechanical Engineering problem	2
02	<b>Linear Differential Equations With Constant Coefficients and Variable Coefficients Of Higher Order</b> 2.1. Linear Differential Equation with constant coefficient- complementary function, particular integrals of differential equation of the type $f(D)y = X$ where $X$ is $e^{ax}, \sin(ax + b), (ax + b), e^{ax}V, xV$ .	4
	2.2. Method of variation of parameters. <b># Self learning topics:</b> Cauchy's homogeneous linear differential equation and Legendre's differential equation, Applications of Higher order differential equation.	2
03	<b>Beta and Gamma Function, Differentiation under Integral sign and Rectification</b> Pre-requisite: Tracing of curves 1.1 Beta and Gamma functions and its properties. 1.2 Differentiation under integral sign with constant limits of integration.	2

	1.3 Rectification of plane curves.(Cartesian and polar) # <b>Self learning topics:</b> Rectification of curve in parametric co-ordinates.	2 2
04	<b>Multiple Integration-1</b> 4.1. Double integration-definition, Evaluation of Double Integrals.(Cartesian & Polar) 4.2. Evaluation of double integrals by changing the order of integration. 4.3. Evaluation of integrals over the given region. (Cartesian & Polar) # <b>Self learning topics:</b> Application of double integrals to compute Area, Mass.	2 2 2
05	<b>Multiple Integration-2</b> 5.1. Evaluation of double integrals by changing to polar coordinates. 5.2. Application of double integrals to compute Area 5.3. Triple integration definition and evaluation (Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polarcoordinates). # <b>Self learning topics:</b> Application of triple integral to compute volume.	2 2 2
06	<b>Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order and first degree, and , Numerical Integration</b> 6.1. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation using (a) Euler’s method (b) Modified Euler method, (c) Runge-Kutta fourth order method 6.2. Numerical integration- by (a) Trapezoidal (b) Simpson’s 1/3rd (c) Simpson’s 3/8th rule(all with proof). # <b>Self learning topics:</b> Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation using Taylorseries method.	3 3

### Term Work

General Instructions:

1. Batch wise tutorials are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be as per University pattern for practicals.
2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in tutorial class only. Each Student has to write at least 4 SCILAB tutorials (including print out) and at least 6 class tutorials on entire syllabus.
3. SCILAB Tutorials will be based on (i) Euler Method, (ii) Modified Euler Method, (iii) Runge-Kutta Method of fourth order , (iv) Trapezoidal Rule , (v) Simpson’s 1/3rd Rule (vi) Simpson’s 3/8th rule

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Class Tutorials on entire syllabus : **10 marks**
- SCILAB Tutorials : **10 marks**
- Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) : **05 marks**

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

### Assessment

#### Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

#### End Semester Examination

**In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.

2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
4. Total four questions need to be solved.

### References

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publication
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley Eastern Limited, 9th Ed.
3. Engineering Mathematics by Srimanta Pal and Subodh, C. Bhunia, Oxford University Press
4. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGraw Hill
5. Elementary Linear Algebra with Application by Howard Anton and Christ Rorres. 6th edition. John Wiley & Sons, INC.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							Total
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75

### Rationale:

Most of the engineering branches are being off-spring of basic sciences where physics is playing a pivotal role in concept and understanding of foundation of core engineering branches. This syllabus is developed by keeping in mind, needs of all branches that we offer in University of Mumbai.

The topic distribution is being done in systematic manner and whenever required, prerequisite to the topic are mentioned for frictionless teaching–learning process. In the distribution of topics, core physics and its applied form are given priority. At the same time few modules are introduced over emerging trends in the field of technology.

For the purpose of emphasis on applied part, list of suggestive experiments is added. As per new guidelines of AICTE, a scope is kept in the syllabus for simulation technique and use of information technology to supplement laboratory practices. Further, it is ensured that these modules will cover prerequisites needed for engineering courses to be introduced in higher semesters as core subjects or as interdisciplinary subjects in respective branches.

### Objectives

1. To give exposure to the topics of fundamental physics in the area of electrodynamics and relativity.
2. To give exposure to fundamentals of physics related with current technology in the field of Nanotechnology and Physics of Sensor Technology.

### Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

1. Describe the diffraction through slits and its applications.
2. Apply the foundation of laser and fiber optics in development of modern communication technology.
3. Relate the basics of electrodynamics which is prerequisite for satellite communications, antenna theory etc.
4. Explain the fundamentals of relativity.
5. Assimilate the wide scope of nanotechnology in modern developments and its role in emerging innovating applications.
6. Interpret and explore basic sensing techniques for physical measurements in modern instrumentations.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	<b>DIFFRACTION</b> (Prerequisites : Wave front and Huygen's principle, reflection and refraction, diffraction, Fresnel diffraction and Fraunhofer diffraction)	04

	Diffraction: Fraunhofer diffraction at single slit, Diffraction Grating, Resolving power of a grating; Applications of diffraction grating; Determination of wavelength of light using plane transmission grating	
02	<p><b>LASER AND FIBRE OPTICS</b> (Prerequisites: Absorption, recombination, energy bands of p-n junction, refractive index of a material, Snell's law) Laser: spontaneous emission and stimulated emission; metastable state, population inversion, types of pumping, resonant cavity, Einstein's equations; Helium Neon laser; Nd:YAG laser; Semiconductor laser, Applications of laser- Holography Fibre optics: Numerical Aperture for step index fibre; critical angle; angle of acceptance; V number; number of modes of propagation; types of optical fibres; Fibre optic communication system;</p>	06
03	<p><b>ELECTRODYNAMICS</b> (Prerequisites : Electric Charges, Coulomb's law-force between two point charges, Electric field, electric field due to a point charge, electric field lines, electric dipole, electric field due to a dipole, Gauss's law, Faraday's law) Scalar and Vector field, Physical significance of gradient, curl and divergence in Cartesian co-ordinate system, Gauss's law for electrostatics, Gauss's law for magnetostatics, Faraday's Law and Ampere's circuital law; Maxwell's equations (Free space and time varying fields).</p>	05
04	<p><b>RELATIVITY</b> (Prerequisites: Cartesian co-ordinate system) Special theory of Relativity: Inertial and Non-inertial Frames of reference, Galilean transformations, Lorentz transformations (space – time coordinates), Time Dilation, Length Contraction and Mass-Energy relation.</p>	02
05	<p><b>NANOTECHNOLOGY</b> (Prerequisites : Scattering of electrons, Tunneling effect, Electrostatic focusing, magneto static focusing) Nanomaterials : Properties (Optical, electrical, magnetic, structural, mechanical) and applications, Surface to volume ratio; Two main approaches in nanotechnology -Bottom up technique and Top down technique; Tools for characterization of Nanoparticles: Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM), Atomic Force Microscope (AFM). Methods to synthesize Nanomaterials: Ball milling, Sputtering, Vapour deposition, Solgel</p>	04
06	<p><b>PHYSICS OF SENSORS</b> (Prerequisites : Transducer concept, meaning of calibration, piezoelectric effect)  Resistive sensors: a) Temperature measurement: PT100 construction, calibration, b) Humidity measurement using resistive sensors, Pressure sensor: Concept of pressure sensing by capacitive, flex and inductive method, Analog pressure sensor: construction working and calibration and applications. Piezoelectric transducers: Concept of piezoelectricity, use of piezoelectric transducer as ultrasonic generator and application of ultrasonic transducer for distance measurement, liquid and air velocity measurement. Optical sensor: Photodiode, construction and use of photodiode as ambient light measurement and flux measurement. Pyroelectric sensors: Construction and working principle, application of pyroelectric sensor as bolometer.</p>	05

## Assessment

### Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

### End Semester Examination

**In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
4. Total four questions need to be solved.

### References

1. A text book of Engineering Physics-Avadhanulu&Kshirsagar, S.Chand
2. Optics - Ajay Ghatak, Tata McGraw Hill
3. A textbook of Optics - N. Subramanyam and Brijlal, S.Chand
4. Concepts of Modern Physics- ArtherBeiser, Tata McGraw Hill
5. Introduction to Electrodynamics- D. J. Griffiths, Pearson publication
6. Introduction to Special Relativity- Robert Resnick, John Wiley and sons
7. Advances In Nano Materials And Applications: History of Nanotechnology From Pre-Historic to Modern Times, Madhuri Sharon, Wiley, USA
8. Nano: The essentials, understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
9. Electronic Instrumentation –H.S. Kalsi, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
10. Handbook of Modern Sensors Physics design and application- Jacob Fraden, Springer, AIP press.
11. Instrumentation & Measurement Techniques by Albert D. Helfrick& William D. Cooper (PHI) Edition

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	2	-	-	2	-	-	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75

### Objectives

The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification as well as understand the applications of several concepts in Chemistry that have been introduced at the 10 + 2 levels in schools.

### Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

1. Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques.
2. Illustrate the concept of emission spectroscopy and describe the phenomena of fluorescence and phosphorescence in relation to it.
3. Explain the concept of electrode potential and nernst theory and relate it to electrochemical cells.
4. Identify different types of corrosion and suggest control measures in industries.
5. Illustrate the principles of green chemistry and study environmental impact.
6. Explain the knowledge of determining the quality of fuel and quantify the oxygen required for combustion of fuel.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	<b>Principles of Spectroscopy:</b> Introduction: Principle of spectroscopy, Definition, Origin of spectrum, Classification of spectroscopy – atomic and molecular, selection rules. Table of relation between electromagnetic spectrum, types of spectroscopy and energy changes.	02
02	<b>Applications of Spectroscopy</b> Emission spectroscopy- Principle, Instrumentation and applications ( Flame Photometry) Introduction to fluorescence and phosphorescence, Jablonski diagram, application of fluorescence in medicine only.	04
03	<b>Concept of Electrochemistry</b> Introduction, concept of electrode potential, Nernst equation, types of electrochemical cells, concept of standard electrode with examples, electrochemical series, simple numericals.	02



04	<p><b>Corrosion:</b> Definition, Mechanism of Corrosion- (I) Dry or Chemical Corrosion-i) Due to oxygen ii)Due to other gases. (II)Wet or Electrochemical corrosion- Mechanism i) Evolution of hydrogen type ii) Absorption of oxygen. Types of Corrosion- Galvanic cell corrosion, Concentration cell corrosion (differential aeration principle), Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Stress corrosion. Factors affecting the rate of corrosion- (i)Nature of metal, (ii)Nature of corroding environment. Methods of corrosion control- (I)Material selection and proper designing,(II) Cathodic protection- i) Sacrificial anodic protection ii) Impressed current method,(III) Metallic coatings- only Cathodic coating (tinning) and anodic coatings (Galvanising)</p>	06
05	<p><b>Green Chemistry and Synthesis of drugs</b> Introduction – Definition, significance Twelve Principles of Green chemistry, numerical on atom economy, Conventional and green synthesis of Adipic acid, Indigo, Carbaryl, Ibuprofen, Benzimidazole, Benzyl alcohol, % atom economy and their numericals. Green fuel- Biodiesel.</p>	04
06	<p><b>Fuels and Combustion</b> Definition, classification, characteristics of a good fuel, units of heat (no conversions). Calorific value- Definition, Gross or Higher calorific value &amp; Net or lower calorific value, Dulong’s formula &amp; numerical for calculations of Gross and Net calorific values. Solid fuels- Analysis of coal- Proximate and Ultimate Analysis- numerical problems and significance. Liquid fuels- Petrol- Knocking, Octane number, Cetane number, Antiknocking agents, unleaded petrol, oxygenates (MTBE), catalytic converter. Combustion- Calculations for requirement of only oxygen and air (by weight and by volume only) for given solid &amp; gaseous fuels.</p>	06

## Assessment

### Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

### End Semester Examination

**In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
4. Total four questions need to be solved.

**Recommended Books :**

1. Engineering Chemistry - Jain & Jain, DhanpatRai
2. Engineering Chemistry – Dara & Dara, S Chand
3. Green Chemistry: A textbook – V.K.Ahluwalia, Alpha Science International
4. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy ( 4th Edition) - C.N.Banwell, Elaine M. McCash,  
Tata McGraw Hill.
5. Elementary Organic Spectroscopy- Y.R.Sharma, S.Chand and Co.
6. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry - ShashiChawla, DhanpatRai
7. Engineering Chemistry – Payal Joshi & Shashank Deep (Oxford University Press)

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	15	15	15	60	3	--	--	75

### Objectives

1. To impart and inculcate proper understanding of the theory of projection.
2. To impart the knowledge of reading a drawing
3. To improve the visualization skill.

### Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

1. Apply the basic principles of projections in Projection of Lines and Planes
2. Apply the basic principles of projections in Projection of Solids.
3. Apply the basic principles of sectional views in Section of solids.
4. Apply the basic principles of projections in converting 3D view to 2D drawing.
5. Read a given drawing.
6. Visualize an object from the given two views.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	<p><b>Introduction to Engineering Graphics</b> Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, Types of Lines, Dimensioning Systems as per IS conventions. Introduction to plain and diagonal scales.</p> <p><b>Engineering Curves</b> Basic construction of Cycloid, Involute and Helix (of cylinder) only.</p>	2
02	<p><b>Projection of Points and Lines</b> Lines inclined to both the Reference Planes (Excluding Traces of lines) and simple application based problems on Projection of lines.</p> <p><b>@ Projection of Planes</b> Triangular, Square, Rectangular, Pentagonal, Hexagonal and Circular planes inclined to either HP or VP only. (Exclude composite planes).</p>	5
03	<p><b>Projection of Solids</b> (Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder, Cone only) Solid projection with the axis inclined to HP and VP. (Exclude Spheres, Composite, Hollow solids and frustum of solids). Use change of position or Auxiliary plane method</p>	5
04	<p><b>Section of Solids</b> Section of Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder, &amp; Cone cut by plane perpendicular to at least one reference plane (Exclude Curved Section Plane). Use change of position or Auxiliary plane method.</p>	5

05	<b>#Orthographic and Sectional Orthographic Projections:</b> - Fundamentals of orthographic projections. Different views of a simple machine part as per the first angle projection method recommended by I.S. Full or Half Sectional views of the Simple Machine parts.	3
06	<b>#@ Missing Views:</b> The identification of missing views from the given views. Create the third view from the two available views so that all the details of the object are obtained.	1
07	<b>#Isometric Views:-</b> Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conversion of Orthographic Views to Isometric Views(Excluding Sphere ).	3
<b>@ only in Term Work ( i.e; Questions will not be asked for any examination.)</b>		
<b># more problems should be discussed during practical hours to strengthen the concepts.</b>		

### **Assessment:**

#### **Internal Assessment Test:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each.

Among the two tests One is Conventional (manual drawing) and Second using CAD software.

#### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

1. Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 15marks.
2. Any 4 questions need to be solved. There won't be any compulsory Question
3. Total 04 questions need to be solved.
4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature.( e.g. Suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
5. In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hrs as mentioned in the syllabus.

#### **Text Books.**

1. N.D. Bhatt, "Engineering Drawing (Plane and solid geometry)", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
2. N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, "Machine Drawing", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

#### **Reference Books**

3. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publisher.
4. Prof. Sham Tickoo (Purdue University) & Gaurav Verma, "( CAD Soft Technologies) : Auto CAD 2012 (For engineers and Designers)", Dreamtech Press New Delhi.
5. Dhananjay A Jolhe, "Engineering Drawing" Tata McGraw Hill.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC205	C Programming	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC205	C Programming	15	15	15	60	2	--	--	75

### Objectives

To provide exposure to problem-solving by developing an algorithm, flowchart and implement the logic using C programming language.

**Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

1. Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic, logical problems and translate them to programs in C language
2. Implement, test and execute programs comprising of control structures.
3. Decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program.
4. Demonstrate the use of arrays, strings and structures in C language.
5. Understand the concept of pointers

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
1	<b>Introduction</b>	5
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Introduction to components of a Computer System</li> <li>● Introduction to Algorithm and Flowchart</li> </ul>	
1	<b>Fundamentals of C Programming</b>	5
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Keywords, Identifiers, Constants and Variables</li> <li>● Data types in C</li> <li>● Operators in C</li> <li>● Basic Input and Output Operations</li> <li>● Expressions and Precedence of Operators</li> <li>● In-built Functions</li> </ul>	
2	<b>Control Structures</b>	7
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Introduction to Control Structures</li> </ul>	
2	<b>Branching and looping structures</b>	7
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● If statement, If-else statement, Nested if-else, else-if Ladder</li> <li>● Switch statement</li> <li>● For loop, While loop, Do while loop</li> <li>● break and continue</li> </ul>	
3	<b>Functions</b>	4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Introduction to functions</li> <li>● Function prototype, Function definition, Accessing a function and parameter passing.</li> <li>● Recursion.</li> </ul>	
4	<b>Arrays and Strings</b>	4

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Introduction to Arrays</li> <li>● Declaration and initialization of one dimensional and two-dimensional arrays.</li> <li>● Definition and initialization of String</li> <li>● String functions</li> </ul>	
5	<b>Structure and Union</b>	4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Concept of Structure and Union</li> <li>● Declaration and Initialization of structure and union</li> <li>● Nested structures</li> <li>● Array of Structures</li> <li>● Passing structure to functions</li> </ul>	
6	<b>Pointers</b>	4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Fundamentals of pointers</li> <li>● Declaration, initialization and dereferencing of pointers</li> <li>● Operations on Pointers</li> <li>● Concept of dynamic memory allocation</li> </ul>	

### **Assessment:**

#### **Internal Assessment Test:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

#### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

1. Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 15marks.
2. Total 04 questions need to be solved.
3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus wherein sub-questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature.( e.g. Suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
5. In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hrs as mentioned in the syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

1. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, McGraw-Hill
2. Kernighan , Ritchie, “The C programming Language”, Prentice Hall of India
3. Sumitabha Das, Computer Fundamentals and C Programming, McGraw-Hill
4. Pradeep Day and ManasGosh ,“Programming in C”, Oxford University Press.

#### **References:**

1. Byron Gottfried, “Programming with C”, McGraw Hill ( Schaum’s outline series)
2. Venugopal K.R, Prasad Sudeep, “Mastering C”, McGraw-Hill
3. KanetkarYashwant, ” “Let Us C”, BPB Publication.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	10	10	10	40	2	--	--	50

### Objectives

1. To demonstrate the fundamental concepts of interpersonal and professional communication.
2. To encourage active listening with focus on content, purpose, ideas and tone.
3. To facilitate fluent speaking skills in social, academic and professional situations.
4. To train in reading strategies for comprehending academic and business correspondence.
5. To promote effective writing skills in business, technology and academic arenas.
6. To inculcate confident personality traits along with grooming and social etiquettes.

### Outcomes: Learners will be able to understand how to...

1. Eliminate barriers and use verbal/non-verbal cues at social and workplace situations.
2. Employ listening strategies to comprehend wide-ranging vocabulary, grammatical structures, tone and pronunciation.
3. Prepare effectively for speaking at social, academic and business situations.
4. Use reading strategies for faster comprehension, summarization and evaluation of texts.
5. Acquire effective writing skills for drafting academic, business and technical documents.
6. Successfully interact in all kinds of settings, displaying refined grooming and social skills.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
1	<b>FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION</b>	12
	<b>1.1. Introduction to Theory of Communication</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Definition</li> <li>● Objectives</li> <li>● Postulates/Hallmarks</li> <li>● The Process of Communication</li> <li>● Organizational Communication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Formal (Upward, Downward and Horizontal)</li> <li>○ Informal (Grapevine)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <b>1.2. Methods of Communication</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Verbal (Written &amp; Spoken)</li> <li>● Non-verbal <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Non-verbal cues perceived through the five senses: (Visual, Auditory, Tactile, Olfactory and Gustatory cues)</li> <li>○ Non-verbal cues transmitted through the use of: (The Body, Voice, Space, Time and Silence)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <b>1.3. Barriers to Communication</b>	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Mechanical/External</li> <li>● Physical/Internal</li> <li>● Semantic &amp; Linguistic</li> <li>● Psychological</li> <li>● Socio-Cultural</li> </ul> <p><b>1.4. Communication at the Workplace</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Corporate Communication - Case Studies</li> <li>● Listening Tasks with Recordings and Activity Sheets</li> <li>● Short Speeches as Monologues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Informative Speeches that Center on People, Events, Processes, Places, or Things</li> <li>○ Persuasive Speeches to Persuade, Motivate or Take Action</li> <li>○ Special Occasion Speeches for Ceremonial, Commemorative, or Epideictic purposes</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Pair-work Conversational Activities (Dialogues)</li> <li>● Short Group Presentations on Business Plans</li> </ul>	
2	<p><b>VERBAL APTITUDE FOR EMPLOYMENT</b></p> <p><b>2.1. Vocabulary Building</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Root words (Etymology)</li> <li>● Meaning of Words in Context</li> <li>● Synonyms &amp; Antonyms</li> <li>● Collocations</li> <li>● Word Form Charts</li> <li>● Prefixes &amp; Suffixes</li> <li>● Standard Abbreviations</li> </ul> <p><b>2.2. Grammar</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Identifying Common Errors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Subject - Verb Agreement</li> <li>○ Misplaced Modifiers</li> <li>○ Articles</li> <li>○ Prepositions</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Tautologies</li> <li>● Pleonasm (Redundancies)</li> <li>● Idioms</li> <li>● Cliches</li> </ul>	02
3	<p><b>DEVELOPING READING AND WRITING SKILLS</b></p> <p><b>3.1. Reading Comprehension</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Long Passages</li> <li>● Short Passages</li> <li>● MCQs on Inferential Questions with 4 Options</li> </ul> <p><b>3.2. Summarization of reading passages, reports, chapters, books</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Graphic Organizers for Summaries <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Radial Diagrams like Mind Maps</li> <li>○ Flow Charts</li> <li>○ Tree Diagrams</li> <li>○ Cyclic Diagrams</li> <li>○ Linear Diagrams like Timelines</li> <li>○ Pyramids</li> <li>○ Venn Diagrams</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Point-form Summaries</li> <li>● One-sentence Summaries of Central Idea</li> </ul> <p><b>3.3. Paraphrasing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Understanding Copyrights</li> <li>● Running a Plagiarism Check on Paraphrased Passages</li> <li>● Generating Plagiarism Reports</li> </ul>	02



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Basic APA and MLA Referencing Style and Format</li> </ul>	
4	<p><b>BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE</b></p> <p><b>4.1. Seven Cs of Business Correspondence</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Completeness</li> <li>● Conciseness</li> <li>● Consideration</li> <li>● Concreteness</li> <li>● Clarity</li> <li>● Courtesy</li> <li>● Correctness</li> </ul> <p><b>4.2. Parts of a Formal Letter and Formats</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Parts/Elements of a Formal Letter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Letterheads and/or Sender's Address</li> <li>○ Dateline</li> <li>○ Inside Address</li> <li>○ Reference Line (Optional)</li> <li>○ Attention Line (Optional)</li> <li>○ Salutation</li> <li>○ Subject Line</li> <li>○ Body</li> <li>○ Complimentary Close</li> <li>○ Signature Block</li> <li>○ Enclosures/Attachments</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Complete/Full Block Format</li> </ul> <p><b>4.3. Emails</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Format of Emails</li> <li>● Features of Effective Emails</li> <li>● Language and style of Emails</li> </ul> <p><b>4.4. Types of Letters in Both Formal Letter Format and Emails</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Claim &amp; Adjustment Letters</li> <li>● Request/Permission Letters</li> <li>● Sales Letters</li> </ul>	06
5	<p><b>BASIC TECHNICAL WRITING</b></p> <p><b>5.1. Introduction</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● What is Technical Writing?</li> <li>● Importance and Principles of Technical Writing</li> <li>● Difference between Technical Writing &amp; Literary Writing</li> <li>● Framing Definitions</li> <li>● Difference between Technical Description &amp; Instructions</li> </ul> <p><b>5.2. Description of a Technical Object</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Definition</li> <li>● Diagram</li> <li>● Discussion of Parts/Characteristics</li> </ul> <p>Working</p> <p><b>5.3. Writing User Instructions</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● User Instructions</li> <li>● Special Notices (Note, Warning, Caution and Danger)</li> <li>● Styles of Presentation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Impersonal</li> <li>○ Indirect</li> <li>○ Direct</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Imperative</li> </ul> <p><b>5.4. Description of a Technical / Scientific Process</b></p>	02

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Definition</li> <li>● Diagram</li> <li>● Tools/ Apparatus/Software/ Hardware Used</li> <li>● Working</li> <li>● Result</li> </ul>	
6	<p><b>PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL ETIQUETTES</b></p> <p><b>6.1. Personality Development</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Introducing Self and/or a Classmate</li> <li>● Formal Dress Code</li> </ul> <p><b>6.2. Social Etiquettes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Formal Dining Etiquettes</li> <li>● Cubicle Etiquettes</li> <li>● Responsibility in Using Social Media</li> <li>● Showing Empathy and Respect</li> <li>● Learning Accountability and Accepting Criticism</li> <li>● Demonstrating Flexibility and Cooperation</li> <li>● Selecting Effective Communication Channels</li> </ul>	02

**Assessment:**

**Internal Assessment Test:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 10 marks each.

**TEST I** -Public speech on general topics (Maximum 5 mins. per student)

**TEST II** - Written test covering modules 1 - 6

The second test should be based on theory and application exercises as mentioned in the syllabus. (Note: Summarization should be a compulsory question in Test II and not in the End Semester Theory Examination.)

**End Semester Theory Examination:**

- 1.Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 15marks.
- 2.Total 04 questions need to be solved.
- 3.Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus wherein sub-questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4.Remaining questions will be mixed in nature.( e.g. Suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 5.In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus
6. The first module (Fundamentals of Communication) will carry 40 % weightage.

**Text Books.**

1. Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata (2018). Communication Skills with CD. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
2. Hemphill, P.D., McCormick, D. W., & Hemphill, R. D. (2001). Business Communication with writing improvement exercises. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
3. Locker, Kitty O. Kaczmarek, Stephen Kyo. (2019). Business Communication: Building Critical Skills. Place of publication not identified: Mcgraw-hill.
4. Murphy, H. (1999). Effective Business Communication. Place of publication not identified: Mcgraw-Hill.
5. Raman, M., & Sharma, S. (2016). Technical Communication: Principles and practice. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
6. Kaul, A. (2015). Effective Business Communication. Place of publication not identified: Prentice-Hall of India.

7. Rizvi, A. M. (2010). Effective Technical Communication: A guide for Scientists and Engineers. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
8. Lewis, N. (2014). Word power made easy. Random House USA.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II	-	01	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							Total
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25

### Objectives

1. To improve the knowledge about the theory learned in the class.
2. To improve ability to analyze experimental result and write laboratory report.

**Outcomes:** Learners will be able to...

1. Perform the experiments based on diffraction through slits using Laser source and analyze the results.
2. Perform the experiments using optical fibre to measure numerical aperture of a given fibre.
3. Perform the experiments on various sensors and analyze the result.

### Suggested Experiments:(Any five)

1. Determination of wavelength using Diffraction grating. (Hg/Na source)
2. Determination of number of lines on the grating surface using LASER Source.
3. Determination of Numerical Aperture of an optical fibre.
4. Determination of wavelength using Diffraction grating.(Laser source)
5. Study of divergence of laser beam
6. Determination of width of a slit using single slit diffraction experiment(laser source)
7. Study of I-V characteristics of Photo diode.
8. Study of ultrasonic distance meter/ interferometer.
9. Study of PT100 calibration and use and thermometer
10. Study of J /K type thermocouple, calibration and use and thermometer
11. Simulation experiments based on nanotechnology using open source simulation softwares like Avogadro, Chimera, JMOL etc.

### Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) : 10 marks
- Project Groupwise (Execution & Submission) : 10 marks
- Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II	-	01	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							Total
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25

**Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

1. Determine moisture and ash content of coal
2. Analyze flue gas
3. Determine saponification and acid value of oil
4. Determine flash point of a lubricating oil
5. Synthesize a drug and a biofuel.
6. Determine na/k and emf of cu-zn system

### Suggested Experiments

1. Determination of Moisture content of coal.
2. Determination of Ash content of coal.
3. Flue gas analysis using Orsat's apparatus.
4. Saponification value of oil
5. Acid value of oil
6. Determination of Na/K by Flame photometry.
7. Preparation of Biodiesel from edible oil.
8. To estimate the emf of Cu-Zn system by Potentiometry.
9. Synthesis of Aspirin.
10. Determination of Flash point of a lubricant using Abel's apparatus

### Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) : **10 marks**
- Assignments and Viva on practicals : **10 marks**
- Attendance (Theory and Practical) : **05 marks**

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Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL203	Engineering Graphics	-	04	-	-	-	2	2	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.					
FEL203	Engineering Graphics	--	--	--	--	--	25	50	75

### Objectives

1. To inculcate the skill of drawing with the basic concepts.
2. To Use AutoCAD for daily working process.
3. To teach basic utility of Computer Aided drafting (CAD) tool

### Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Apply the basic principles of projections in 2D drawings using a CAD software.
2. Create, Annotate, Edit and Plot drawings using basic AutoCAD commands and features.
3. Apply the concepts of layers to create drawing.
4. Apply basic AutoCAD skills to draw different views of a 3D object.
5. Apply basic AutoCAD skills to draw the isometric view from the given two views.

### Component-1 (Use half Imperial Drawing Sheet)

	Hrs
<b>Activities to be completed in the Drawing Laboratory.</b>	
One Practice sheet on projection of solids(minimum 2 problems )	4
# Term Sheet 1: Projection of Solids (3 Problems).	4
One Practice sheet on Section of Solids. (minimum 2 problems ) # Term Sheet 2: Section of solids. (3 problems).	6
One practice sheet on Orthographic projection. (minimum 1 problem) # Term Sheet 3: Orthographic Projection (With section 1 problem, without section 1 problem).	6
One practice sheet on Isometric drawing. (minimum 2 problems ) # Term Sheet 4: Isometric Projection. ( 3 problems).	4
# Term sheets to be done in laboratory only and to be <b>submitted as part of term work.</b> <i>Note: Practice sheets to be done before starting the Term Sheets.</i>	

**Component-2**

**Self-study problems/ Assignment: (In A3 size Sketch book, to be submitted as part of Term Work)**

1. Engineering Curves. (2 problems)
2. Projection of Lines (2 problems)
3. Projection of planes (2 problems)
4. Projection of solids. (2 problems)
5. Section of solids (2 problems)
6. Orthographic Projection. (With section 1 problem, without section 1 problem).
7. Missing views. (1 problem)
8. Isometric Drawing. (2 problems)

**Computer Graphics:** Engineering Graphics Software - Orthographic Projections, Isometric Projections, Co-ordinate Systems, Multi-view Projection.

	<b>To be Taught in laboratory.</b>	<b>Hrs</b>
<b>Part-A</b>	<b>Overview of Computer Graphics Covering:</b> Listing the computer technologies that impact on graphical communication, demonstrating knowledge of the theory of CAD software such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.	<b>3</b>
	<b>Customization &amp; CAD Drawing:</b> Consisting of set up of the drawing page and the printer including scale settings, Setting up of units and drawing limits, ISO and ANSI standards for coordinate dimensioning.	<b>3</b>
	<b>Annotations, layering &amp; other Functions Covering:</b> Applying dimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings, Setting up and use of layers, layers to create drawings, Create, edit and use customized layers, Changing line lengths through modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen), Printing documents to paper using the print command, orthographic projection techniques, Drawing sectional views of objects (simple machine parts).	<b>4</b>
<b>Part-B</b>	<b>* Activities to be completed in the CAD Laboratory. ( All printouts to be the part of Term Work. Preferably, Use A3 size sheets for print out.)</b> <b>Component-3</b>	
	1. Orthographic Projections (without section)- 1 problem	<b>4</b>
	2. Orthographic Projection (with section)- 1 problem	<b>4</b>
	3. Orthographic Reading – 1 problem	<b>2</b>
	4. Isometric Drawing – 3 problem.	<b>4</b>

**Note:** \* Give practice sheet problems before going for Term Sheet problems. Students are supposed to bring complete solution of problems before coming to CAD practical.

**Term Work:**

Component-1	:	7Marks
Component-2	:	6 Marks
Component-3	:	7 Marks
Attendance	:	5 Marks

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**Total Marks : 25 Marks**

**Note: Satisfactory submission of all 3 components is mandatory to full fill the Term.**

**Topic for the End Semester Practical Examination (Auto CAD) (2 hours/ 50 Marks.)**

1. Isometric drawing. ( 1 problem) (20 Marks)
2. Orthographic Projection (With Section) (1 problem). (30 Marks)

**Note:**

1. **Printout of the answers have to be taken preferably in A3 size sheets and should be Assessed by External Examiner only.**
2. **Knowledge of Auto CAD software, concepts of Engineering Graphics related to specified problem and accuracy of drawing should be considered during evaluation.**

**Text Books.**

1. N.D. Bhatt, "Engineering Drawing (Plane and solid geometry)", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
2. N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, "Machine Drawing", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

**Reference Books**

1. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publisher.
2. Prof. Sham Tickoo (Purdue University) &GauravVerma, "( CAD Soft Technologies) : Auto CAD 2012 (For engineers and Designers)", Dreamtech Press NewDelhi.
3. Dhananjay A Jolhe, "Engineering Drawing" Tata McGraw Hill.



Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL204	C programming	--	2	--	--	--	1	1	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory					Term Work	Pract. /oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg					
FEL204	C programming	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50

**Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

1. Translate given algorithms to a program.
2. Correct syntax and logical errors.
3. Write iterative as well as recursive programs.
4. Represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program.
5. Declare pointers and demonstrate call by reference concept.

**Lab Description:**

Weekly 2 hours of laboratory Programming Assignments on the following topics:

1. Basic data types and I/O operations
2. Branching Statements
3. Loop Statements
4. Arrays
5. Strings
6. Functions
7. Recursion
8. Structure and Union
9. Pointers

**Term Work:**

**Experiments (20 Programs) and Assignments (2 Assignments) should be completed by students on the given time duration**

Experiments:	15 Marks
Assignment:	05 Marks
Attendance:	05 Marks
<b>Total:</b>	<b>25 Marks</b>

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**Practical and Oral :**

**Practical and oral Exam should be conducted for the Lab, on Computer Programming in C subject for given list of experiments.**

Implementation:	15 Marks
Oral:	10 Marks