AC - 29/06/2021 Item No. - 6.1

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Bachelor of Engineering

in

Biomedical Engineering

Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-22

(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

AC: Item No.:



Syllabus for Approval

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Third Year B.E. Biomedical Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	Under Graduation
7	Pattern	Semester
8	Status	Revised
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year: 2021-2022

Date

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and remaining 2-3 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2020-21. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2021-22, 2022-23, respectively.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology Member, Academic Council, RRC in Engineering University of Mumbai

Incorporation and implementation of Online Contents from <u>NPTEL/ Swayam Platform</u>

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C ' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology Member, Academic Council, RRC in Engineering University of Mumbai

Preface By BoS

Engineering is an innovative field, the origin of ideas leading to everything from automobile to aerospace, skyscrapers to sonar. **Biomedical Engineering** focuses on the advances that improve human health and health care at all levels. Biomedical engineering is an interdisciplinary field with application of the principles of Basic Sciences, Mathematics, Engineering fundamentals and Biology for problem-solving.

The curriculum is designed to meet the challenges by include new age courses on Machine Learning, Artificial Intelligence, Data Analytics and other emerging technologies, dismantling the walls between engineering and scientific disciplines. The key to generate a new paradigm shift for careers in Biomedical Engineering for the next generation of talented minds lies in imparting high-quality education in Engineering.

Every course in the curriculum lists the course objectives and course outcomes for the learners to understand the skills that the learner will acquire after completing that course. Program outcomes are the skills and knowledge that a student will acquire during the course of four years of this engineering program. In line with this, Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating the philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

As the Chairman, Board of Studies in Biomedical Engineering of the University of Mumbai, I am happy to state here that, the Program Educational Objectives for undergraduate program were thoughtfully framed by faculty members from different affiliated institutes of the university. They are Heads of Departments and senior representatives from the Department of Biomedical Engineering.

The Program Educational Objectives for the undergraduate program in Biomedical engineering are listed below;

- 1. To prepare the learner with a sound foundation in the Human Physiology, Mathematics, Electronics, Computer Programming and engineering fundamentals.
- 2. To motivate the learner for self-learning, logical & analytical thinking and use of modern tools for solving real life problems.
- 3. To impart technical knowledge, competency skills, professional and ethical attitude, good leadership qualities to contribute in the field of healthcare.
- 4. To prepare the Learner for a successful career in healthcare industry such as sales & marketing, research & development, hospital administration and also to venture into higher education and entrepreneurship.

Board of Studies in Biomedical Engineering

- Dr. Manali J. Godse : Chairman
- Dr. Prem C. Pandey : Member
- Dr. Mita Bhowmick : Member
- Dr. Mrunal R. Rane : Member
- Dr. Vaibhavi A. Sonetha : Member

Course	Course Name	Г)	eaching Contac	g Schem t Hours	ie)		Credits A	ssigned	
Code		The	eory	Pract	. /Tut.	Theory	Prac	:t.	Total
BMC601	Biomedical Instrumentation – II		3	-	-	3			3
BMC602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing		3	-	-	3	6		3
BMC603	Data Analysis in Healthcare		3	-	-	3	C		3
BMC604	Biomechanics, Prosthetics and Orthotics		3]	1	3	0 -		4
BMDO601X	Department Optional Course – 2		3	-	-	3			3
BML601	Biomedical Instrumentation – II Laboratory	-	-	2	2	5	1		1
BML602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing Laboratory	-	-	2	2	-	1		1
BML603	Data Analysis in Healthcare Laboratory	-	-	2	2		1		1
BML604	Patient-care Automation Laboratory	-	-		1		2		2
BMM601	Mini Project – 2 B	-	-	4	\$		2		2
	Total	1	5	1	5	15	07		23
					Exami	ination Sch	eme		
Course				Theor	y				
Code	Course Name	Intern	al Asses	ssment	End	Exam.	Term	Prac	Total
	C	Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	WOrk	/oral	
BMC601	Biomedical Instrumentation - II	20	20	20	80	3			100
BMC602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing	20	20	20	80	3			100
BMC603	Data Analysis in Healthca <mark>r</mark> e	20	20	20	80	3			100
BMC604	Biomechanics, Prosthetics and Orthotics	20	20	20	80	3	25		125
BMDO601X	Department Optional Course – 2	20	20	20	80	3			100
BML601	Biomedical Instrumentation – II Laboratory						25	25	50
BML602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing Laboratory						25	25	50

Semester VI

BML603	Data Analysis in Healthcare Laboratory	 			 25		25
BML604	Patient-care Automation Laboratory	 			 25	25	50
BMM601	Mini Project – 2 B	 			 25	25	50
	Total	 	100	400	 150	100	750

\$ indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty), for Mini Project - 2 B Faculty Load :1 hour per week per 4 mini project groups.

<u>Sem. VI: Department Optional Course – 2</u>

BMDO6011: Nuclear Medicine BMDO6012: Advanced Embedded Systems BMDO6013: Telemedicine

Semester – VI

Course Code	Course Name	Te	Teaching schemeCredit assignedheoryPract.Tut.030303					
	Biomedical	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BMC601	Instrumentation-II (Abbreviated as BMI-II)	03			03		6	03

		Examination Scheme									
Course		Theory									
Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			Fnd	Dura	Term	Dreat	Oral	Pract. /	Total
		Test	Test	Avg	Ella	tion	work	TTact.	Ulai	Oral	Total
		1	2	•	sem	(hrs)					
	Biomedical										
BMC601	Instrumentation-II	20	20	20	80	03					100
	(BMI-II)										

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMC601	Biomedical Instrumentation-II	03
Course Objective	 To understand the basic principles and working of different monitoring systems. To develop skills enabling Biomedical Engineers to serve the here. To develop core competency and skill in the field of Biomedic design and develop new health care systems. 	erent Biomedical ealth care industry cal Engineering to
Course Outcome	 Learner will be able to Provide a better understanding about various bioelectrical sig patient safety along with greater emphasis on health care e advanced technologies such as Telemetry and Telemedicine. Demonstrate the principles of electronics used in designing v monitoring equipment. Understand the basic princples and working of audiometry hearing aids Provide a better understanding about foetal and neonatal moni Acquire the ability to explain the various blood flow an measurement devices. 	gnal recorders and quipment and the arious biomedical v equipments and itoring systems. d cardiac output

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	 Basic principle, working and technical specifications of ECG, EMG and EEG machines, LEAD configurations, 10-20 electrode system measuring techniques for EOG, ERG and phonocardiography, Patient Safety: Electric shock hazards, leakage currents, safety codes for electro- medical equipment. 	08
2.	 Arrhythmia and Patient monitoring: Cardiac arrhythmias, Stress test measurement, ambulatory monitoring instruments such as holter monitor. Basics of Telemetry, Multi-channel Telemetry. 	08
3.	 Basic principle and working of Patient Monitoring Systems Measurement of heart rate, pulse rate, blood pressure, temperature and respiration rate, apnea detector. Heart rate variability measurement. Point of care devices and their design considerations for homecare devices: glucometer. 	08
4.	Basic principle and working of Audiometers and hearing aid Basic audiometer, pure tone and speech audiometer, evoked response audiometry, introduction to hearing aids and cochlear implants.	05
5.	Basic principle and working of Foetal and Neonatal Monitoring System Cardiotocograph, methods of monitoring of foetal heart rate, monitoring of labour activity, incubator and infant warmer, non-stress test monitoring.	05
6.	Basic principle and working of Blood flowmeters Electromagnetic, ultrasonic, NMR and laser doppler flowmetry, Measurement of Cardiac Output Indicator dilution, dye dilution and thermal dilution techniques.	05

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Books Recommended:

Text books:

- 1. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation (Third edition): R S. Khandpur. (PH Pub)
- 2. Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design: J G. Webster. (John Wiley)
- 3. Biomedical Instrumentation and measurements: Leslie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Enrich A. Pfeiffer. (PHI Pub)

Reference books:

- 1. Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology: Carr –Brown. (PH Pub)
- 1. Encyclopedia of Medical Devices and Instrumentation: J G. Webster. Vol I- IV (PH Pub)
- 2. Various Instruments Manuals.
- 3. Various internet websites.

Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total 04 questions need to be solved.
- 3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus wherein sub-questions of marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Sub Code	Subject	Teaching	g Scheme		Credits Assigned				
Sub Code	Name	Theory	Pract.	Tut	Theory	Pract.	Tut	Total	
BMC602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing (abbreviated as BDIP)	3			3			3	

Sub Code		Examination scheme								
	Subject Name		Th	\bigcirc						
		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term work	Pract/ Oral	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	exam	hrs				
BMC602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing	20	20	20	80	3 hrs			100	

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMC602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing	03
Course Objectives	 To be able to think about applying different Image processing given image. To know the fundamental concepts of a digital image processir To be able to analyze problem and design algorithms to solve to a solve to solve t	techniques on a ng techniques he problems.
Course Outcomes	 Learner will be able to Acquire the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing image acquisition, enhancement, segmentation, transforms morphology, representation and description. Analyze images in the spatial domain. Analyze images in the frequency domain through the Fourier to Apply the concepts of morphology, representation and descript Design and implement with MATLAB/C/Python algorithms for processing. 	g system such as s, compression, ransform. tion on images. for digital image

Module	Contents	Time
1.	Basics of Image Processing : Image acquisition, processing, communication, display; electromagnetic spectrum; elements of visual perception - structure of the human eye, image formation in the eye, brightness adaptation and discrimination, image formation model, uniform and non-uniform sampling, quantization, image formats.	06
2.	Image Enhancement : Spatial domain - point processing techniques, histogram processing, neighbourhood processing, frequency domain techniques, 2D-DFT, properties of 2D-DFT, low pass, high pass, noise removal, homomorphic filters, basics of colour image processing.	09

3.	Image Segmentation : Basic relationships between pixels, neighbours, adjacency, connectivity, regions, boundaries, distance measures; detection of discontinuities, point, line and edges, edge linking, Hough transform, thresholding based segmentation, region-based segmentation.	06
4.	Image Transforms & Image Compression : DFT, FFT, DCT, DST, Hadamard, Walsh, Haar, basis functions and basis images, introduction to wavelet transform, fundamentals of image compression models, lossless compression, RLE, Huffman, LZW and arithmetic coding techniques, lossy compression - IGS coding, transform coding, JPEG, JPEG 2000.	08
5.	Morphology, Representation and Description : Dilation, erosion, open, close, hit- or-miss, boundary extraction, region filling, thinning and thickening; chain codes, polygonal approximations, signatures; fourier descriptors, moments.	04
6.	Feature Recognition and Classification: Object recognition and classification, connected components labelling, features, statistical classification, structural/syntactic classification, applications in medical image analysis	06

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Text books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalez and Woods Pearson Education.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A.K. Jain P.H.I.
- 3. Digital Image Processing and Analysis, Chanda Majumder Printice Hall India.

Reference Books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing for Medical Applications, Geoff Dougherty, Cambridge University Press, 2009..
- 2. Digital Image Processing, William Pratt John Wiley.

NPTEL/Swayam Course:

Course:

Digital Image Processing - NPTEL Lecture Videos by Prof. P.K. Biswas from IIT Kharagpur. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.com/course.php?id=541</u>

Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Course Code	Course Name	Tea	ching sch	eme	Credit assigned			
	Data Analysis in	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BMC603	Healthcare (Abbreviated as DAH)	03			03		-	03
							2	

	Course Name		Examination Scheme											
Course Code				Theory	r									
		Internal Assessment			End	Dur- Term		Proof	Oral	Pract.	Tatal			
		Test	Test	Ava	Ellu	ation	work	Tract.	Orai	/ Oral	10121			
		1	2	Avg.	sem	(hrs)								
	Data							0						
	Analysis in													
BMC603	Healthcare	20	20	20	80	03	\sim				100			
	(Abbreviat													
	ed as DAH)													

Course Code	Course Name	Credits							
BMC603	Data Analysis in Healthcare	03							
Course Objectives	 To cover basic concepts and theory related to statistics. To focus on various statistical abilities such as analysis of variance, hypothesis testing, estimation, etc. 								
Course Outcomes	Irse Outcomes The learner will be able to : • Understand the basic techniques and nomenclatures used for statistical analysis of data • Describe the importance of normalizing data • Apply statistical methods to sample data • Analyze data using parametric statistical methods • Develop a strong foundation for designing algorithms for computation.								
Ŕ									

Module	Contents	Hours
1	Descriptive statistics, probability and sampling distributions: Frequency	09
	distribution, measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, basic	
	probability and Bayes theorem, Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions,	
	sampling distributions of sample mean, difference between two sample means,	
	sample proportions and difference between two sample proportions	
2	Estimation: Confidence intervals for population mean, difference between two	06
	population means, population proportion, difference between two population	
	proportions, t-distribution, variance of normally distributed population, ratio of	
	variances of two normally distributed populations, determination of sample size	
	for estimating mean and proportions	
3	Hypothesis testing: Type – I and II errors, hypothesis testing for population	06
	mean, difference between two population means, population proportions,	
	difference between two population proportions, population variance and ratio of	
	two population variances, power of test	
4	Analysis of variance: Completely randomized design, randomized complete	06
	block design, repeated measures design, factorial experiment, regression and	
	correlation, simple linear regression, correlation model, correlation coefficient,	
	multiple regression, multiple correlation	
5	Chi square distribution and analysis of frequency: Chi-square distribution and	06
	properties, test of goodness of fit, independence and homogeneity of data	
6	Non-parametric analysis: Distribution free tests such as one sample sign test,	06
	rank sun test, Mann-Whitney U-test, Kruskal-Wallis test, cluster analysis, data	
	mining methods	

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Books Recommended: Text Books:

1. Biostatistics - A foundation for analysis in health sciences by Wayne W. Daniel, Seventh edition, Wiley India

2. Fundamentals of mathematical statistics by S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor, second edition, Sultan Chand Publisher

3. Probability and statistics for engineers by J. Ravichandran, Wiley /India

4. Research Methodology Methods and Techniques by C. R Kothari and Gaurav Garg, Fourth Edition, New Age international publishers.

Reference Books:

Biostatistics – How it works by Steve selvin, Pearson education

2. An Introduction to Biostatistics by Sunder Rao and J. Richard, Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India

3. Probability and Statistics by Schaum's series

NPTEL/Swayam Course:

Course:

Introduction to Data Analytics by Prof. Nandan Sundarsanam – IIT-M and Prof. B. Ravindran – IIT-M *https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc16/SEM2/noc16-mg06/*

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which, one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Theory Examination:

- 5. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 6. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 7. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 8. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

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Sub Codo	Subject Neme	Tea	ching Schei	ne	Credits Assigned				
Sub Code	Subject Ivaille	Theory	Pract.	Tut	Theory	Pract.	Tut	Total	
BMC604	Biomechanics, Prosthetics and Orthotics (abbreviated as BPO)	3	-	1	3	-	1	4	

		Examination scheme									
Sub Code	Carles and Name		Theory	Marks			5				
	Subject Name	Intern	al Assess	ment	End	Term work	Pract.	Oral	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	exam						
BMC604	Biomechanics, Prosthetics and Orthotics (abbreviated as BPO)	20	20	20	80	25	-	-	125		

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMC604	Biomechanics, Prosthetics and Orthotics	03
Course Objectives	 Recall the general characteristics, mechanical properties of bone Analyze the forces at joints for various static and dynamic hu analyze the stresses and strains in biological tissues. Understand principles used in designing orthoses and prostheses Study different metarials used for orthoses and prosthesis 	e and tissues. man activities;
Course Outcomes	 Learner will be able to Explain the basic principles of Biomechanics Explain the mechanical behavior of Biological Tissues Explain about various joints and its movements Explain the techniques adopted for analyzing joint movements. Explain the general principles followed while designing prosthesis. Explain the applications of various Prosthetic and Orthotic device 	Orthoses and ces.

Module	Contents	Time
	BIOMECHANICS	
1.	Force system: Classification of force system, equilibrium of force system, principle of biomechanics	02
2.	Tissue Biomechanics : Direct shear, bending and torque actions and the corresponding stresses and strains in biological tissues. stress relaxation and creep. Bone structure & composition, mechanical properties of bone, biomechanical evaluation of bone using three points and four points. Biomechanics of connective tissues (skin, tendon, ligaments, etc.) covering structure function, and physiological factors.	10
3.	Movement Biomechanics: Study of joints and movements, anatomical levers, gait analysis, gait cycle and gait parameters	04

4.	Joint analysis: Instrumentation for gait analysis: measurement devices-footswitches, instrumented walkway, motion analysis - Selspot, goniometers, joint monitoring sensors and joint monitoring parameters	05
	PROSTHETICS AND ORTHOTICS	
5.	Principles in designing orthoses and prostheses: Principles of three point pressure, total contact, partial weight bearing.	05
6.	Classification in prosthetics and orthotics: Lower extremity orthoses and prostheses, upper extremity orthoses and prostheses, spinal orthoses.	13

Tutorials: Eight tutorials are to be conducted from the below list.

- 1. Components of biomechanics
- 2. Role of biomechanics in exercises
- 3. Biomechanics and body movements
- 4. Gait cycle
- 5. Evaluation of gait parameters
- 6. Orthotic devices associated with sports injuries
- 7. Advancements in materials used for orthotic devices
- 8. Prosthetic rehabilitation
- 9. Advancements in materials used for prosthetic devices

Text books:

- 1. Basic Biomechanics- Susan J. Hall, MC Graw Hill.
- 2. Basics of Biomechanics" by Dr. Ajay Bahl and others
- 3. Basic Biomechanics of the Musculoskeletal System, M. Nordin, V.Frankel
- 4. Human Limbs and their substitutes Atlas, C. V. Mosby
- 5. American Atlas of Orthopedics: Prosthetics, C. V. Mosby.
- 6. American Atlas of Orthopedics: Orthotics, C. V. Mosby
- 7. Biomechanics Prof Ghista (Private Publication UAE)
- 8. Biomechanics By White and Puyator (Private Publication UAE)

Reference Books:

- 1. Introductory Biomechanics: from cells to tissues by Ethier and Simmons
- 2. Biomechanics: Mechanical properties of living tissues by Y. C. Fung

NPTEL/Swayam Course:

1. Assistive Devices, Prosthesis and Orthosis, NPTEL Lecture Video by Dr Sujatha Srinivasan, IIT Madras.

http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/112106248/L47.html

2. Mechanics of Human Movement, Swayam, Lecture Video by Dr Sujatha Srinivasan, IIT Madras. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me52/preview

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which, one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Course Code	Course Name	Tea	aching scher	ne	Credit assigned				
	Nuclear	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
BMDO 6011	Medicine (Abbreviated as NM)	03			03			03	

		Examination Scheme									
	Course Name	Theory									
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Dura tion	Term	Pract	Oral	Pract.	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem	(hrs)	work	C	5	/ Orai	
BMDO 6011	Nuclear Medicine (Abbreviated as NM)	20	20	20	80	03		3			100

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMDO6011	Nuclear Medicine	03
Course Objectives	 To enable the students to understand the basic science of nuc operating principles and quality control aspects of various nu equipment. To keep the students abreast with the technological developm field of nuclear medicine. 	lear medicine, iclear medicine nents in the
Course Outcomes	 Learners will be able to Explain the essential physics of nuclear medicine such radioactivity, its measurement, interaction with matter an production. Apply the principles of physics to understand working of va and counting systems. Study principle of operation of different scanning system as control function. Explain various Emission Tomography Techniques along with Applications. Explain various aspects of radiation safety. Explain concept of radionuclide therapy and the function of equipment. 	as concepts of nd radionuclide arious detectors nd their quality th their Clinical of radiotherapy

Module	Content	Hours
1.	 Basics of Nuclear Physics: Radioactivity, radioactive decay law, radioactive decay processes, decay scheme of Mo-99. Units of radioactivity measurement, interaction of radiation with matter Production of Radionuclide: Methods of radionuclide production: nuclear reactor, medical cyclotron & radionuclide generators 	09

	Spectra of commonly used radio nuclides e.g Tc-99m, Cs-137. Radiopharmaceuticals: i deal radiopharmaceutical, methods of radio labelling	
2.	Detectors in Nuclear Medicine & Counting and Measuring System:Gas filled detectors, scintillation detectors and solid-state detectors, scintillationcounting system, gamma ray spectrometry, radionuclide dose calibrator,properties of detectors.In Vitro Techniques (Brief Description):Introduction, single and double isotope method, radioimmunoassay, RIAcounting system, liquid scintillation counting system, RIA applications.	07
3.	In Vivo Techniques: General principle, uptake monitoring system, rectilinear scanner, gamma camera fundamentals, position circuitry and working, computer interface, performance parameters, quality control functions	06
4.	Emission Tomography Techniques and Clinical Applications:Introduction, principles and applications of SPECT, principles and applicationsof PET, system performance parameters and quality control functions.Introduction to Hybrid Modalities:PET/CT, SPECT/CTClinical ApplicationsClinical ApplicationsClinical applications of PET, SPECT and hybrid modalities in cardiology,neurology and oncology.	07
5.	Radiation Safety: Natural & artificial radiation exposure, external & internal radiation hazard, methods of minimizing external exposure, methods of preventing internal exposure, evaluation of external & internal hazard, biological effects of radiation, radioactive waste management.	06
6.	Radionuclide Therapy: Choice of a radionuclide in therapeutic nuclear medicine, radiotherapy equipment: cobalt unit, proton beam therapy	04

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Books Recommended:

Text Books:

- 1. J. Harbert and A.F.G. Rocha, Textbook of Nuclear medicine, Second Edition, Lea & Febiger.
- 2. B.R. Bairi, Balvinder Singh, N.C. Rathod and P.V. Narurkar, *Handbook of Nuclear medicine Instruments*, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Gopal B. Saha, Fundamentals of Nuclear Pharmacy, Springer Science + Business Media
- 4. Ramesh Chandra, Introductory Physics of Nuclear Medicine, Lea & Febiger.
- 5. Simon R. Cherry, James A. Sorenson and Michael E. Phelps, *Physics in Nuclear Medicine*, Saunders, an imprint of Elsevier Inc.
- 6. Janet F. Eary and Winfried Brenner, Nuclear Medicine Therapy, informa healthcare

Reference Books:

- 1. William R. Hendee, Medical Radiation Physics, Year Book Medical Publishers
- 2. G. Hine, Instrumentation of Nuclear medicine, Academic Press
- 3. Glenn F. Knoll, Radiation Detection & Measurement, John Wiley & Sons.

NPTEL/Swayam Links:

Course 1: Nuclear Science and Engineering, Dr. Santanu Gosh, Indian institute of Technology, Delhi https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/102/115102017/

Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme			Credit assigned			
BMDO	Advanced	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
6012	Embedded Systems (Abbreviated as AES)	03			03			03

Course			Exami	nation					
	Course Name			Theor	Term work	Pract. / Oral	Total		
Code		Intern	al Assess	ment	End	Duration			
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem	(Hrs.)	CI		
BMDO 6012	Advanced Embedded Systems (Abbreviated as AES)	20	20	20	80	03);-)		100

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMDO6012	Advanced Embedded Systems	03
Course Objectives	 To impart the hardware and software concepts of Embedde To introduce the students with Real Time Operating Syster To implement the embedded design, ARM Cortex M3 Mic is covered in detail. 	ed System. n. rocontroller
Course Outcomes	 Learner will be able to: Explain the fundamentals of embedded systems Understand the characteristics and hardware of embedded s Understand the software used for an embedded system. Understand interprocess communication. Understand the usage of the development and debugging to Explain the concept of Real Time Operating Systems (RTO practical cases. 	system. ools. OS) using

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	ARM Cortex M3: Overview of ARM family, comparison of RISC and CISC	
	architectures.	
	Cortex-M3 architecture, pipelining, BUS interfaces	
	Programmers' model: register set, program status register, operation modes and	08
	states.	
	Memory system and memory protection unit (MPU).	
	Exceptions, interrupt architecture: Nested vectored interrupt controller,	
	power management, watchdog timer and systick timer.	

2.	characteristics and design metrics of embedded systems and Embedded Hardware: characteristics and design metrics of embedded system, challenges in embedded system design, embedded processors, co-processors and hardware accelerators. Processor performance enhancement: pipelining and superscalar architecture. Types of memories and buffers, sensors (optical encoders, resistive sensors) and actuators (solenoid valves, relay/switch, opto-couplers). Power supply considerations in embedded systems: linear and switching voltage regulators, low power features, sleep mode, brown-out detection.					
3.	Embedded Software – RTOS 01: Features of RTOS, advantages of RTOS, hard and soft real time systems, selecting an RTOS, Kernel architectures and features. Task/Processes and threads, task states, multitasking, interrupt latency. Context Switching: Cooperative multi-tasking and pre-emptive multi-tasking. Task Scheduler: FIFO, round robin, rate-monotonic scheduling, earliest- deadline first scheduling, fault-tolerant scheduling	08				
4.	Embedded Software – RTOS 02: Inter-process communication: Semaphores and signals, shared memory communication, message based communication. Memory management, file systems, device management (device drivers), I/O and communications management. Event timers, task synchronization, priority inversion, deadlock. Software design methodologies: UML, FSM, DFG. Evaluating and optimizing operating system performance: response-time calculation, interrupt latency, time-loading, memory loading.	08				
5.	FreeRTOS: Study of Kernel structure of FreeRTOS, functions for initialization, task creation, inter-task communication and resource management, memory management. System integration, testing and debugging methodology: Embedded product design life-cycle (EDLC), Hardware-software co-design testing & debugging: Boundary-scan/JTAG interface concepts, black-box testing, white-box testing.	05				
6.	Case studies: Chocolate vending machine, washing machine, automotive systems, auto-focusing digital camera, air-conditioner.	04				

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which, one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Books Recommended: Text books:

- 1. Embedded Systems Architecture Programming and Design: Raj Kamal, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Software Design for Real-Time Systems: Cooling, J E, *published* by Chapman and Hall in 1991 ... ISBN 978-0-442-31174-2
- 3. Embedded System Design: A unified Hardware/software Introduction by Frankvahid/Tony Givargis, Wiley India Edition
- 4. Real-Time Systems Design and Analysis: An Engineer's Handbook: Laplante, Phillip A by IEEE press, Wiley-Interscience, A John Wiley and Sons Inc, Publications
- 5. Embedded / Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design and Programming Black Book, New ed (MISL-DT)

Reference Books:

- 1. Embedded Realtime Systems Programming by Sriram Iyer and Pankaj Gupta, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Dreamteach Software team, Programming for Embedded Systems, AVR 8515 manual
- 3. Bruce Powel Douglas, "Real-Time UML, Second Edition: Developing Efficient Object for Embedded Systems, 2nd edition ,1999, Addison-Wesley
- 4. An Embedded Software Primer by David E. Simon Pearson Education, 2003

Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned					
		Theory		Pract. /Tut.		Theory	Pract.		Total		
BMDO6013	Telemedicine (Department Optional Course-2)	3				3			3		
		Examination Scheme									
	Course Name			Theor	у		~				
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End Exam.		Term Pr		/ Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	WORK	oral			
BMDO6013	Telemedicine Department Optional Course – 2	20	20	20	80	3	5		100		

Course Code	Course Code Course Name							
BMDO6013	Telemedicine	03						
Course Objectives	• Learn the key principles for telemedicine and e-health care.							
	• Understand telemedicine technology.							
	• Know telemedicine standards, mobile telemedicine, and its applications.							
Course Outcomes	Learner will be able to	Learner will be able to						
	• Explain the basic principles of healthcare in telemedicine							
	• Discuss the role of telecommunication in Healthcare							
	• Describe various Tele-medicine standards.							
	• Explain the different Components of tele-radiology system							
	• Discuss the various applications of telemedicine							

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction to Telemedicine: Historical perspective and evolution of telemedicine, tele health, tele care, components of telemedicine system, global and indian scenario, ethical and legal aspects of telemedicine, safety and regulatory issues, laws governing telemedicine.	07
2.	Telemedicine Technology: Principles of multimedia – text, audio, video, data, data communications and networks, PSTN, POTS, ANT, ISDN, internet, air/wireless communications: GSM satellite, and micro wave, modulation techniques, integration and operational issues, communication infrastructure for telemedicine, LAN and WAN technology, satellite communications, mobile hand held devices and mobile communication, internet technology, video and audio conferencing, clinical data - local and centralized	06
3.	Telemedicine Standards: Data security and standards: encryption, cryptography, mechanisms of encryption, phases of encryption. Protocols: TCP/IP, ISO-OSI, standards to be followed DICOM, HL7, H.320 series (video phone based ISBN) T.120, H.324 (video phone based PSTN), Video conferencing, real-time telemedicine integrating doctors / hospitals, clinical laboratory data, radiological data, and other clinically significant biomedical data,	06

	administration of centralized medical data, security and confidentially of medical	
4.	Mobile Based Tele-ECG: Need for mobile based TM, Tele-ECG development, Tele ECG scenario on the globe, extension of mobile based approach for other vital signals, cloud based tele-monitoring, personal monitoring, Impact of mobile based Tele-ECG.	06
5.	Mobile Telemedicine: Components of tele-radiology system: Image acquisition system display system, tele pathology, multimedia databases, color images of sufficient resolution, dynamic range, spatial resolution, compression methods, interactive control of color, medical information storage and management for telemedicine- patient information medical history, test reports, medical images diagnosis and treatment. Hospital information system – doctors, paramedics, facilities available. pharmaceutical information system.	07
6.	Telemedicine Applications: Telemedicine access to health care services – health education and self-care. introduction to robotics surgery, tele-surgery. tele-cardiology, telemedicine in neurosciences, electronic documentation, e-health services security and interoperability., telemedicine access to health care services, health education and self-care, business aspects – project planning, usage of telemedicine.	07

Internal assessment consists of two tests out of which, one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

Text Books:

- 1. Norris, A.C. "Essentials of Telemedicine and Telecare", Wiley (ISBN 0-471-53151-0), First edition, 2002.
- 2. O'Carroll, P.W, Yasnoff W.A., Ward E.Ripp, L.H., Martin, E.L., "Public Health Informatics and Information Systems", Springer (ISBN 0-387-95474-0), 1st Edition, 2003.
- 3. Ferrer-Roca, O., Sosa-Iudicissa, M, "Handbook of Telemedicine", IOS Press (Studies in Health Technology and Informatics, Volume 54). (ISBN 90-5199-413-3), 3rd Edition, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Simpson, W. "Video over IP- A practical guide to technology and applications", Focal Press (Elsevier). ISBN-10: 0-240-80557-7, 2006.
- 2. Wootton R. Craig, J., Patterson V. "Introduction to Telemedicine", Royal Society of Medicine Press Ltd (ISBN 1853156779), 2nd Edition, 2006.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme			Credit assigned			
	Biomedical	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BML601	Instrumentation-II Laboratory (Abbreviated as BMI-II)		02			01	-	01
						2		

		Examination Scheme										
Course Code		Theory			75							
	Course Name	Interna	Internal Assessment			Term	Draat	Oral	Pract.	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem	work	I I act.	Orai	/ Oral	I otai		
	Biomedical				0							
BML601	Instrumentation-II Laboratory (BMI-II)		-	S		25			25	50		
L					1	1	1	1		1		

Course Code	Course Name	Credits							
BML601	Biomedical Instrumentation – II Laboratory	01							
Course Objective	• To understand the basic principles and working of patient monitoring s	ystem.							
	• To develop skills enabling Biomedical Engineers to serve the health care industry								
	• To develop core competency and skill in the field of Biomedical Engineering, to								
	design and develop new health care systems.								
Course Outcome	Learner will be able to								
	• Design and Implement filters for filtering of noise from signals.								
	• Design and Implement Instrumentation amplifier to amplify low signals.	amplitude							
	• Design and Implment a regulated power supply.								
	• Design and Implement Pulse Width Modulator.								
	• Undesrtand the working of ECG machine by recording ECG.								
	• Provide a better understanding about foetal monitoring systems.								
	• Test the hearing ability using an audiometer.								

Syllabus: Same as that of (BMC601) Biomedical Instrumentation-II (BMI-II)

List of Laboratory Experiments: (Any Seven)

- 1. Design of instrumentation amplifier
- 2. Implementation of notch filter
- 3. Implementation of bandpass filter
- 4. Design and implementation of regulated power supply
- 5. Demonstration of ECG machine / monitor
- 6. Demonstration of foetal monitor
- 7. Demonstration of blood flow measurement
- 8. Testing of hearing ability using audiometer
- 9. Industry / hospital visit may to be conducted

Any other experiment based on syllabus which will help learner to understand topic/concept.

Group Presentations on the latest technology in hospitals based on the topics covered in the syllabus.

Assessment:

Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum 7 experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments)	: 10 Marks
Laboratory work (Journal)	: 5 Marks
Presentation	: 5 Marks
Attendance	: 5 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

Books Recommended:

Text books:

- 1. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation (Third edition): R S. Khandpur. (PH Pub)
- 2. Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design: J G. Webster. (John Wiley)
- 3. Biomedical Instrumentation and measurements: Leslie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Enrich A. Pfeiffer. (PHI Pub)

Reference books:

- 1. Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology: Carr –Brown. (PH Pub)
- 2. Encyclopedia of Medical Devices and Instrumentation: J G. Webster. Vol I- IV (PH Pub)
- 3. Various Instruments Manuals.
- 4. Various internet websites

Practical and Oral examination will be based on suggested practical list and entire syllabus.

Sub Code	Subject Name	Teaching	g Scheme		Credits Assigned				
Sub Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut	Theory	Pract.	Tut	Total	
BML602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing Laboratory		2			1		1	

Sub Code		Examination scheme											
	Subject		Theory Marks										
	Name	Intern	al Assessn	nent	End	Exam	Term work	Pract/ Oral	Total				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem exam	hrs	5						
BML602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing Laboratory					S	25	25	50				

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BML602	Biomedical Digital Image Processing Laboratory	01
Course Objectives	 To be able to think about applying different Image processing tec given image. To know the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing to To be able to analyze problem and design algorithms to solve the 	chniques on a techniques problems.
Course Outcomes	 Learner will be able to Acquire the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing sy image acquisition, enhancement, segmentation, transforms, morphology, representation and description. Analyze images in the spatial domain. Analyze images in the frequency domain through the Fourier tran Apply the concepts of morphology, representation and description Design and implement with MATLAB/C/Python algorithms for processing. 	ystem such as compression, sform. n on images. digital image

Syllabus: Same as that of BMC602 Biomedical Digital Image Processing (Abbreviated as BDIP).

List of Experiments (using Matlab / C / Labview / python / other platform)

- 1. Point processing techniques (At least 4 experiments)
- 2. Spatial domain filtering
- 3. Histogram processing (Histogram stretching, equalisation and matching)
- 4. Frequency domain filtering (Plotting 2D-DFT, low pass and high pass (Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian) filters

- 5. Segmentation gradient operators
- 6. Compression JPEG
- 7. Morphology dilation erosion

Any other experiment based on syllabus may be included, which would help the learner to understand topic/concept.

Assessment:

Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum 8 experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments) : 10 Marks

Laboratory work (Journal) : 10 Marks

Attendance : 5 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

Text books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalez and Woods Pearson Education.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A.K. Jain P.H.I.
- 3. Digital Image Processing and Analysis, Chanda Majumder Printice Hall India.

Reference Books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing for Medical Applications, Geoff Dougherty, Cambridge University Press, 2009..
- 2. Digital Image Processing, William Pratt John Wiley.

Course Code	Course Name	Te	aching scher	ne		Credit assigned			
BML603	Data Analysis in	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
	Healthcare Laboratory		02			01		01	

		Examination Scheme										
Course	Course Name	Theory				Town			Dresset			
Code	Course Maine	Inter	Internal Assessment Er		End	work	Pract.	Oral	/ Orol	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem	WULK			/ Oral			
BML603	Data Analysis in Healthcare Laboratory					25	C	0	25	50		

Course Code	Course Name	Credits								
BML603	Data Analysis in Healthcare Laboratory	01								
Course Objective	To conduct analysis of medical data using Statistical tools.									
Course Outcome	 Learner will be able to Plan the experiment for the given study Form a sample of proper size Use descriptive statistics to present the data Apply statistical methods to analyse the data Make inferences based on statistical theories 									

Syllabus: Same as that of BML603 Data Analysis in Healthcare (DAH)

Laboratory experiments may be conducted using Excel/ Python / R Studio /Tableau or any other Statistical tool/ software

List of experiments

- 1. Descriptive statistics and probability
- 2. Discrete probability distributions
- 3. Continuous probability distributions
- 4. Sampling distributions
- 5. Estimation
- 6. Hypothesis testing
- 7. Analysis of variance
- 8. Regression and Correlation
- 9. Chi square distribution and analysis of frequency
- 10. Anova
- 11. Kruskal-Wallis Test
- 12. Mann Whitney U-test

Any other experiment based on syllabus which will help students to understand topic/concept

Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum 7 experiments.The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:Laboratory work (Experiments): 10 MarksLaboratory work (Journal): 10 MarksAttendance: 5 MarksThe final continuous for term work in the second content of the second content

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

Books Recommended:

Text books:

- 1. Biostatistics A foundation for analysis in health sciences by Wayne W. Daniel, Seventh edition, Wiley India
- 2. Fundamentals of mathematical statistics by S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor, second edition, Sultan Chand Publisher
- 3. Probability and statistics for engineers by J. Ravichandran, Wiley India

Reference Books:

- 1. Biostatistics How it works by Steve Selvin, Pearson education
- 2. An Introduction to Biostatistics by Sunder Rao and J. Richard, Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India
- 3. Probability and Statistics by Schaum's series

NPTEL/Swayam Course:

Course:

Data Analysis and Decision Making - I by Prof. Raghunandan Sengupta, IIT Kanpur *https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/104/110104094/*

Descriptive Statistics with R Software By Prof. Shalabh, Prof. Prashant Jha IIT Kanpur, NIT Sikkim <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ma37/preview</u>

Oral examination will be based on suggested practical list and entire syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Те	aching scher	ne		Credit assignedFheoryPract.Tut01		
	Patient-care	Theory	Pract.	Tut. Theory		Pract.	Tut.	Total
BML604	Automation Laboratory		02	-		01		01

		Examination Scheme										
Course Code	Course Nome	Theory				Tour			Desid			
	Course maine	Inter	nal Asses	sment	End	work	Pract.	Oral	Pract. / Oral	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem	WUIK			7 OI al			
BML604	Patient-care Automation Laboratory					25	-	D.		25		

Course Code	Course Name C							
BML604	Patient-care Automation Laboratory	01						
Course Objectives	 Course To understand the fundamentals of automation and various components of autom instrumentation systems used in patient care such as sensors, data acquisition, processing and visualization. To understand the working of these systems and should be able to determine hardwand software requirements for the automated systems. To understand how to design any application based on these systems. To understand the requirements of patient safety and design safety instrume 							
	systems							
Course	 Learner will be able to Demonstrate the use of analog circuits in automation of biomedical instances. 	truments						
Guttomes	 Demonstrate the use of digital circuits in automation of biomedical inst Demonstrate and explain the working of automated patient car instrumentation by proper selection and designing criteria, developing interfaces/GUI to make stand-alone biomedical instruments. Explain the need of patient safety and use of safety features and device of the systems. 	truments. re devices and ng user friendly ces in designing						

List of Experiments (any 7)

- 1. Conditional decision making and switching of output devices like relays/ motors
- 2. Usage of indicating components (displays/ LED/ alarms) in biomedical applications
- 3. Use of peristaltic pump for dispensing the doses
- 4. Design of heart rate measurement circuits using analog components
- 5. Design of low-cost body temperature measurement unit
- 6. Automation of rehabilitation devices using electronic/ mechanical components
- 7. Design syringe pump driving circuit
- 8. User friendly user interfaces for biomedical equipment
- 9. Patient feedback designs using patient switch (audiometer)

- 10. Patient safety using safety switch (traction machine)
- 11. Design and approaches for nerve and muscle stimulator using wave form generators
- 12. Design of bio-signal transmission using modulation techniques
- Note: The above experiments can be performed using the freeware or available simulation software No single solution to any design and it depends on the available analog or digital resources.

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Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum 7 experiments. The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments) : 10 Marks

Laboratory work (Journal) : 05 Marks

Presentation : 05 Marks

Attendance : 05 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

Books Recommended:

Text books:

- 1. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation (Third edition): R S. Khandpur. (PH Pub)
- 2. Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design: J.G. Webster. (John Wiley)
- 3. Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements: Leislie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Enrich A. Pfeiffer. (PHI Pub)

Reference books:

- 1. Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology: Carr Brown. (PH Pub)
- 2. Encyclopedia of Medical Devices and Instrumentation: J G. Webster. Vol. I- IV (PH Pub)
- 3. Various Instruments Manuals.
- 4. Various internet websites

Course code	Course Name	Credits
BMM601	Mini Project - 2 B	02

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BMM601	Mini Project – 2 B	02
Course Objective	 To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converge problem. To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group. To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering frattempt solutions to the problems. To inculcate the process of self-learning and research. 	erting it into the
Course Outcome	 Learner will be able to: Identify problems based on societal /research needs. Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group. Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader. Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical experimental/simulations. Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development. Use standard norms of engineering practices Excel in written and oral communication. Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to life long learning. Demonstrate project management principles during project work. 	

Guidelines for Mini Project

- Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project.
- A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
- Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.
- Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.

- The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format • of University of Mumbai.
- With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship • quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 1 in semester III and IV. Similarly, Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
- However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, • if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case basis.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project:

Term Work

- The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of • each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.
- In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.
- Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below;
 - Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book :10
 - Marks awarded by review committee :10 :05
 - Quality of Project report

Review/progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines.

One-year project:

- In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.
 - First shall be for finalisation of problem
 - Second shall be on finalisation of proposed solution of problem. .
- In second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.
 - First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted.
 - Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

Half-year project:

- In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,
 - Identification of need/problem
 - Proposed final solution
 - Procurement of components/systems

- Building prototype and testing
- Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,
 - First shall be for finalisation of problem and proposed solution
 - Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

- 1. Quality of survey/ need identification
- 2. Clarity of Problem definition based on need.
- 3. Innovativeness in solutions
- 4. Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution
- 5. Cost effectiveness
- 6. Societal impact
- 7. Innovativeness
- 8. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 9. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 10. Effective use of skill sets
- 11. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 12. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 13. Clarity in written and oral communication
- In **one year**, **project**, first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
- In case of **half year project** all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

- Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
- Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organisations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
- Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points;

- 1. Quality of problem and Clarity
- 2. Innovativeness in solutions
- 3. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 4. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 5. Effective use of skill sets
- 6. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 7. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 8. Clarity in written and oral communication