

[Time : 3Hours]

[Total marks :100]

N.B. : (1) All questions are compulsory.**(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.****(3) Use of logarithmic table/non-programmable calculator is allowed .**

1. Attempt **any four** of the following:
- A. What is crystal field splitting? Explain with reference to square planar complexes. **5**
- B. Explain why $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ is a high spin and $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ is a low spin complex. **5**
- C. Explain the following with respect to the factors affecting crystal field splitting parameter.
i] Geometry of the complex **21/2**
ii] Nature of the ligands **21/2**
- D. Explain the term crystal field stabilization energy [CFSE]. Calculate CFSE for d^3 and d^8 configurations in strong field octahedral complexes. **5**
- E. Discuss in brief the merits and demerits of Crystal Field theory. **5**
- F. Discuss any two experimental evidences which proves covalent bonding in the metal complexes. **5**
2. Attempt **any four** of the following:
- A. Draw and explain a neat labelled molecular orbital diagram for hexacyanoferrate (II) ion. $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ **5**
- B. Discuss the effect of π bonding on Δ_0 values of octahedral complexes with ligands having filled π orbital. **5**
- C. What are chelating agents? Discuss their effect on stability of complexes. **5**
- D. Write a note on the Associative mechanism for ligand substitution reaction. **5**
- E. What is Russell-Saunders (*LS*) coupling? Explain with suitable example. **5**
- F. i. Calculate the ground state term for ' d^1 ' configuration of Ti^{3+} . **3**
ii. Explain spin multiplicity for two electrons. **2**
3. Attempt **any four** of the following:
- A. Write a note on ionic organometallic compound. **5**
- B. How will you prepare organometallic compound by Transmetallation reaction? **5**
- C. Explain the complex formation reaction for the organometallic compound. **5**
- D. What is ferrocene? Explain structure of ferrocene according to valence bond theory. **5**
- E. Discuss homogeneous catalysis with suitable example. **5**
- F. Discuss the following steps involved in hydrogenation of alkene using Wilkinson's catalyst. a) oxidative addition b) alkene coordination. **5**

4. Attempt **any four** of the following:
- What is meant by term metallurgy? Explain self-reduction process in pyrometallurgy. **5**
 - Define roasting. Explain different types of roasting methods used for extraction of ore. **5**
 - Describe electrolytic refining of copper with suitable diagram. **5**
 - Explain with suitable diagram Froth floatation process for concentration of ore. **5**
 - Discuss the structure of XeOF_4 molecules on the basis of VSEPR theory. **5**
 - Give an account of $\text{Na}^+ - \text{K}^+$ ion pump with suitable diagram. **5**
5. Answer the following:
- Select whether the following statements are **true** or **false** (Any five) **5**
 - Splitting of d - orbitals is maximum in tetrahedral complexes.
 - Triply degenerate set of dxy, dyz, dxz are called as t_{2g} orbitals.
 - The value of $10Dq$ does not depend on the nature of central metal atom.
 - In octahedral complexes, due to the crystal field splitting, orbital with maximum energy is $dx^2 - y^2$.
 - In the absorption spectrum of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$, one transitions are possible.
 - In an octahedral complex, metal ion with d^2 configuration has CFSE value $- 8 dq$.
 - Electrons prefer to pair up in eg orbital when $\Delta_0 < P$.
 - The effect of ligands in expanding the d-electron cloud is called Jahn -Teller effect .
 - Fill in the blank with appropriate words given in the bracket (Any five) **5**
[weakening, isomerization, unpaired electrons, microstates, even and symmetrical, less stable, two, bonding]
 - The term gerade corresponds to _____
 - If the matching orbitals overlap combines with maximum positive overlap, they form _____ molecular orbitals.
 - Presence of bulky ligands in a chelate results in _____ of metal ligand bond.
 - The complexes with forced configurations are _____
 - The reactions which involve structural changes are called _____ reactions.
 - With respect to octahedral complexes, dissociative mechanism can be considered as _____ step mechanism.
 - The allowed combinations of m_l and m_s for electrons are called _____
 - A transition is said to be spin forbidden, if it involves different number of _____

C. Select and write the appropriate answer . (Any five) 5

- a. _____ is the example of organometallic compound.
a) CH_4 b) H_2O c) CH_3MgCl d) CH_3Cl
- b. In preparation of organometallic compound by metallation reaction, Hydrogen from R-H is replaced by _____
a) carbon b) metal c) non-metal d) nitrogen
- c. In the complex formation reaction of organometallic compound, organometallic compound acts as _____
a) Lewis acid b) Lewis base c) Arrhenius acid d) Arrhenius base
- d. _____ is the best example of metallocene.
a) Ferrocene b) Ferric chloride c) Ferrous sulphate d) Ferric Hydroxide
- e. According to valence bond theory, ferrocene is _____
a) Diamagnetic b) paramagnetic c) ferromagnetic d) antiferromagnetic
- f. _____ is known as Wilkinson's Catalyst $\text{RhCl}_3(\text{PPh}_3)$
a) $\text{RhCl}_3(\text{PPh}_3)$ b) $\text{RhCl}(\text{PPh}_3)_3$ c) $\text{RhCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ d) $\text{Rh}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$
- g. In Homogeneous catalysis, if reactants and products are in gaseous phase then catalyst may be in _____ phase only
a) solid b) liquid c) gaseous d) changing
- h. Ferrocene can be prepared by oxidation of cyclopentadienyl Grignard Reagent with _____
a) KOH b) HCl c) FeCl_3 d) NaCl

D. Match the column: (Any five) 5

a.	Azurite	i.	Pyramidal geometry
b.	Gangue	ii.	Calcium deficiency
c.	Smelting	iii.	Square Planar Geometry
d.	XeF_4	iv.	Used in electronic tubes
e.	XeO_3	v.	Pyrometallurgical reduction
f.	Krypton-85	vi.	Purification of metal
g.	Rickets	vii.	Copper Ore
h.	Oxygen transfer	viii.	Concentration of Ore
		ix.	Non-Metallic Impurities
		x.	Heamoglobin
