University of Mumbai

Examination Summer 2022

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019

Examination: **TE** Semester: **VI**

Course Code: **ECCDLO6013** and Course Name: **Digital Forensic (DF)**

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

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Q1.	**Choose the correct option for the following questions. All the questions are compulsory and carry equal marks**
1.	Someone who exploits a security vulnerability in order to spread public awareness that the vulnerability exists, is called?
Option A:	White Hat Hacker
Option B:	Black Hat Hackers.
Option C:	Gray Hat Hackers.
Option D:	Red Hat Hackers.
2.	CSIRT stands for
Option A:	Computer Safety Incident Response Team
Option B:	Computer Security Incident Response Team
Option C:	Computer Security Incident Responsible Team
Option D:	Computer Security Information Response Team
3.	In which phase of Incident Response Methodology, Data Collection and Data Analysis happens
Option A:	Detection of Incident
Option B:	Formulate response strategy
Option C:	Investigate the Incident
Option D:	Reporting
4.	Which statement is not true regarding Evidence Admissibility
Option A:	Evidence should not be competent.
Option B:	Evidence should be relevant.
Option C:	Evidence should be material.
Option D:	Evidence should be obtained legally.
5.	Which of the following is the disk-search utility which is used to perform a search from a physical level?
Option A:	PsLogList
Option B:	Dumpel.exe
Option C:	dtSearch
Option D:	hosts
6.	Which statute protects the privacy of individuals' healthcare data?
Option A:	Privacy Act
Option B:	HIPAA
Option C:	Computer Fraud and Abuse Act
Option D:	DMCA
7.	A computer program that attaches itself to legitimate code and runs with the

	program.
Option A:	Virus
Option B:	Worm
Option C:	Trojan Horse
Option D:	Trapdoor
8.	What will be the response strategy for the DOS attack incidents?
Option A:	Investigate website
Option B:	Reconfigure router to minimize flooding
Option C:	Law enforcement contacted
Option D:	Monitor attackers' activities
9.	System processes and device driver activities are recorded in _____ log
Option A:	System log
Option B:	Application log
Option C:	Security log
Option D:	sysctl
10.	Which tool is used for acquiring and analyzing forensic images?
Option A:	FTK Imager
Option B:	Scalpel
Option C:	Foremost
Option D:	Volatility

Q2(20 Marks)	**Solve any Four out of Six (5 marks each)**
A	Differentiate passive and active attacks.
B	Differentiate attacks and vulnerabilities.
C	What are the different challenges of evidence handling?
D	Explain the steps of volatile data collection for the Unix system.
E	Differentiate between Virus, Worm, Trojan horse, and trap door.
F	What is packet sniffing? How is it done? What are the threats due to packet sniffing?

Q3 (20 Marks)	**Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each**
A	Define cybercrime. Discuss various cybercrime categories in detail.
B	Discuss how network based evidence is collected and analyzed?
C	Write a short note on the Acquisition, Duplication, Analysis, and Recovery of digital evidence

Q4 (20 Marks)	
A	**Solve any Two (5 marks each)**
i.	Which are possible investigation phases carried out in data collection and analysis?
ii.	Explain Incident Response Methodology (IRM) with a neat diagram.
iii.	Explain various types of law and different levels of law in detail?
B	**Solve any One (10 marks each)**
i.	What is Intrusion Detection System (IDS)? Discuss different types of IDS and types of intrusion detection systems methods.
ii.	Discuss the necessity of forensic duplication