

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks:-80

N.B:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from the remaining.
- 2) Assume data if necessary and specify the assumptions clearly
- 3) Draw neat sketches wherever required
- 4) Answer to the sub-questions of an individual question should be grouped and written together.

Q.1.a) A process of unknown transfer function is subjected to a unit impulse input. The output of the process is measured accurately and is found to be represented by the function

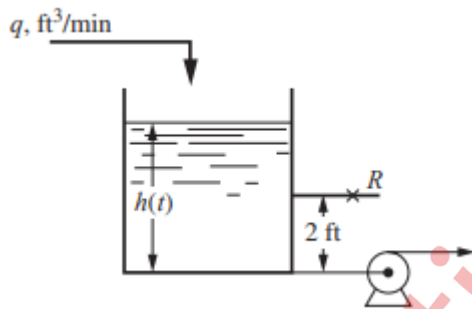
$$y(t) = te^{-t}. \text{ Determine the unit step response of this process.} \quad [05]$$

Q.1.b) Explain Phase Margin and Gain Margin? [05]

Q.1.c) A second order system is found to have a peak amplitude ratio of 1.1547 at a frequency of 0.7071 rad/min. What are the values of natural period of oscillation and the damping coefficient of the system [05]

Q.1.d) Draw a typical block diagram for a process showing all the elements of the control system and input and output from all the blocks. [05]

Q.2.a) Derive the transfer function $H(s)/Q(s)$ for the liquid level system shown in figure, when :(i) The tank level operates about the steady state values of $h_s = 1$ ft, (ii) The tank level operates about the steady state value of $h_s = 3$ ft The pump removes water at a constant rate of $10 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$. The rate is independent of head. The cross sectional area (A) of tank 1 ft^2 and resistance R is $0.5 \text{ ft}/(\text{ft}^3/\text{min})$. [10]

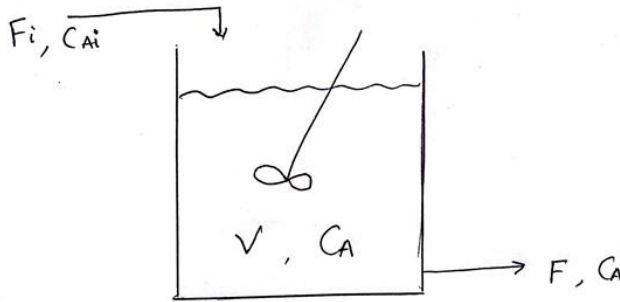


Q.2.b) Two streams w_1 and w_2 each at a constant density of 900 kg/m^3 , and carrying solute of mass fraction x_1 and x_2 respectively, enter a continuous stirred tank of 2 m^3 capacity. At steady-state, $w_{1s}=500 \text{ kg/min}$, $w_{2s}=200 \text{ kg/min}$, $x_{1s}=0.4$, and $x_{2s}=0.75$. Suddenly the inlet flow rate w_2 decreases to 100 kg/min and remains there. Determine an expression for the mass fraction of the solute $x(t)$. Assume that liquid hold up is constant. [10]

Q.3.a) A composition sensor is used to continually monitor the contaminant level in a liquid stream. The dynamic behaviour of the sensor can be described by a first-order transfer function with a time constant of 10 s, where C' is the actual contaminant concentration and C'_m is the measured value. Both are expressed as deviation variables (e.g., $C' = C - C_s$). The nominal concentration is $C_s=5 \text{ ppm}$. Both C and C_m have values of 5 ppm initially (i.e., the values at $t = 0$). An alarm sounds if the measured value exceeds the environmental limit of 7 ppm. Suppose that the contaminant concentration C gradually increases according to the expression $C(t) = 5 + 0.2t$, where t is expressed in seconds. After the actual contaminant concentration exceeds the environmental limit, what is the time interval, Δt until the alarm sounds? [10]

$$\frac{C'_m(s)}{C'(s)} = \frac{1}{10s + 1}$$

Q.3.b) Consider the stirred-tank reactor shown in below Figure. The reaction occurring is a first order reaction $A \xrightarrow{k} B$
 F_i and F are inlet and outlet volumetric flow rates.
 C_{Ai} and C_A are inlet and outlet concentrations.
 Assumptions: Well mixed tank, density of liquid and volume are constant. Derive the transfer function relating the concentration in the reactor to the feed-stream concentration. Prepare a block diagram for the reactor. [10]



Q.4.a) Discuss control valve characteristics in detail [10]

Q.4.b) A first order process is controlled with a PI controller. For the system under study assume that $G_p(s) = G_d(s) = \frac{1}{s+3}$ and $G_m(s) = G_f(s) = 1$. Find the values of the controller gain K_c and reset time τ_i that can satisfy, if possible, for the following condition when decay ratio of the closed loop response is equal to 0.25. [10]

Q.5.a) A pneumatic Proportional controller is used in the process to control the stream temperature within the range of 60 °C to 120 °C. The controller gain is adjusted so that the output pressure goes from 3 psig (valve fully closed) to 15 psig (valve fully open) as the measured temperature goes from 70 to 76 °C with the set point held constant. Find the controller gain K_c . [05]

Q.5 b) For the Given characteristic equation $s^4 + 3s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s + 2 = 0$, determine the stability by Routh criterion. [05]

Q.5.c) A unity feedback system has $G(s) = \frac{80}{s(s+2)(s+20)}$
 Draw the bode plot. Determine GM, PM, ω_{gc} , ω_{pc} . Comment on stability [10]

Q.6.a) Explain in detail ultrasonic flow measurement [10]

Q.6.b) Explain in detail Bourdon Tube instrument [10]
