

University of Mumbai

Program: Chemical Engineering
Curriculum Scheme: R- 2019 ('C' Scheme)
Examination: T.E. Semester: VI
Course Code: CHDO6021
Course Name: Piping Engineering (DLOC)

Time: 2:30 hour

DATE: 31/5/2022

QP CODE:93727

Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Which valve is used when a straight line of fluid and minimum restriction is required?
Option A:	Gate valve
Option B:	Lift check valve
Option C:	Butterfly valve
Option D:	Plug valve
2	What is the ASME Code followed for design of Piping Systems in process piping (Refineries & Chemical Industries)?
Option A:	B 31.1
Option B:	B 31.3
Option C:	B 31.5
Option D:	B 31.9
3.	Minor losses do not make any serious effect in
Option A:	Short pipes
Option B:	Long pipes
Option C:	Both the short as well as long pipes
Option D:	Cannot say
4.	P&ID stands for?
Option A:	Process & Information diagram
Option B:	Process & Instrumentation diagram
Option C:	Piping & Information drawings
Option D:	Piping & Instrumentation diagram
5.	In design process, which process is followed after selecting the material?
Option A:	Selecting factor of safety
Option B:	Synthesis
Option C:	Analysis of forces
Option D:	Determining mode of failure
6.	How to calculate schedule no
Option A:	$1000 \cdot P/S$
Option B:	$P \cdot S/1000$
Option C:	$S \cdot 1000/P$

Option D:	1000/P*S
7.	What is the function of valves?
Option A:	Isolation
Option B:	Regulation
Option C:	Non Return
Option D:	All of above
8.	From which size onwards NB of pipe equal to OD of pipe?
Option A:	14 inch
Option B:	6 Inch
Option C:	4 Inch
Option D:	8 Inch
9.	In process tag XX-YYY A/B, XX is
Option A:	Instrument classification
Option B:	Equipment classification
Option C:	Valve classification
Option D:	Pipe classification
10.	Which among the following is not a type of Non-destructive testing?
Option A:	Compression test
Option B:	Visual testing
Option C:	Ultrasonic testing
Option D:	Eddy current testing

Q2. (20 Marks)	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
A	Explain with figure IRON –CARBIDE phase diagram.	
B	Name various types of valves with their application (explain any three types). Explain with neat diagram the construction, working and application of Globe Valve.	
C	What is NDT? Explain any four methods .Write down its advantages and applications.	

Q3 (20 Marks)	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
A	Explain the responsibilities of piping engineer	
B	Classify the piping materials and describe them.	
C	Explain the manufacturing process each of seamless and welded pipe.	
D	Write short notes on ASME B 31.3	
E	What are different methods of protecting above ground and underground Piping from corrosion?	
F	How to minimize Head Losses in pipe? Explain in detail	

Q4. (20 Marks)	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each
A	<p>For Miter bend following data are given .Explain pipe thickness is sufficient for miter bend</p> <p>Outer diameter of Pipe = 800 mm Design temperature = 100 °C Allowable Stress S = 950Kg/cm² Internal design Pressure P = 14.5 Kg/cm² Joint Efficiency E = 0.8 Weld Factor Y = 0.4 Corrosion allowance C = 1.6 mm Mill tolerance = 12.5% Angle of Miter Cut $\phi = 22.5$ Effective radius of Miter Bend R = 800 mm</p>
B	<p>Discuss the important factors in the selection of material of construction of pipes. Explain with examples.</p>
C	<p>Determine the thickness of CI pipe to carry 30 m³/min of compressed air at a pressure of 0.7 N/mm². The velocity of the air in pipe is limited to 8 m/s. Assume permissible tensile stress of a pipe as 15 N/mm².</p>