

Q.P. Code : 3374

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Question Number 1 is Compulsory
- 2) Attempt any Three questions from the remaining Five questions
- 3) Assumptions made should be clearly stated.
- 4) Use of normal table is permitted

- 1 Answer the following 20
- a) State and prove Bayes' s theorem.
 - b) A certain test for a particular cancer is known to be 95% accurate. A person submits to the test and the results are positive. Suppose that the person comes from a population of 100,000 where 2000 people suffer from that disease. What can we conclude about the probability that the person under test has that particular cancer?
 - c) Let X and Y be independent, uniform r.v.'s in $(-1, 1)$. Compute the pdf of $V = (X + Y)^2$.
 - d) If the spectral density of a WSS process is given by
$$S(w) = \begin{cases} b(a-|w|)/a, & |w| \leq a \\ 0 & , |w| > a \end{cases}$$
Find the autocorrelation function of the process.
- 2a) State and prove Chapman-Kolmogorov equation. 10
- b) The joint density function of two continuous r.v.'s X and Y is 10
- $$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy & 0 < x < 4, 1 < y < 5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
- i) Find the value of constant c .
 - ii) Find $P(X \geq 3, Y \leq 2)$
 - iii) Find marginal distribution function of X .
- 3a) Explain strong law of large numbers and weak law of large numbers. 05
- b) Explain the central limit theorem. 05
- c) A distribution with unknown mean μ has variance equal to 1.5. Use central limit theorem to find how large a sample should be taken from the distribution in order that the probability will be at least 0.95 that the sample mean will be within 0.5 of the population mean. 10

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- 4a) Given a r.v. Y with characteristic function 10
 $\Phi(\omega) = E\{e^{j\omega Y}\}$
 and a random process defined by $X(t) = \cos(\lambda t + Y)$, show that $X(t)$ is stationary in wide sense if
 $\Phi(1) = \Phi(2) = 0$.
- b) Define an ergodic process. Determine whether the stochastic process 10
 $X(t) = A\sin(t) + B\cos(t)$ is ergodic. Here A & B are normally distributed independent r.v.'s with zero mean and equal standard deviation.
- 5a) The joint probability function of two discrete r.v.'s X and Y is given by $f(x, y) = c(2x + y)$, 10
 where x and y can assume all integers such that $0 \leq x \leq 2$, $0 \leq y \leq 3$ and $f(x, y) = 0$ otherwise. Find $E(X)$, $E(Y)$, $E(XY)$, $E(X^2)$, $E(Y^2)$, $\text{var}(X)$, $\text{var}(Y)$, $\text{cov}(X, Y)$, and ρ .
- b) State and explain various properties of autocorrelation function and power spectral 10
 density function.
- 6a) The transition probability matrix of Markov Chain is 10

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{ccc} & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & [& 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.1] \\ 2 & [& 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3] \\ 3 & [& 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.5] \end{array} \end{array}$$

Find the limiting probabilities.

- b) Write notes on any two of the following: 10
 i) Markov chains
 ii) Little's formula
 iv) LTI systems with stochastic input
 v) M/G/1 queuing system