

Duration: - Three Hours

Total Marks assigned to the paper: - 80

Instructions to the candidates, if any: -

Note:

- Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- Answer any **three** from the remaining five questions.
- Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the same.
- Figures to the right indicate the marks.

Q. 1 Solve any four.

20M

- A) Write short note on thyristors family.
- B) Explain the principle of operation of power MOSFET.
- C) Draw the circuit diagram of any one application using Triac & Diac and compare their V-I characteristics
- D) State the conditions for getting inversion mode of operation in case of line commutated rectifiers
- E) Why there is a restriction on the firing angle in case of ac voltage controllers feeding highly inductive load

- Q2 a Explain the concept of space vector modulation. 05M
- b Compare the properties of power BJT, power MOSFET and IGBT 05M
- c Explain with relevant circuit diagrams and waveforms the working of a single phase bidirectional phase control type AC voltage controllers connected to R load and obtain a relationship between the r.m.s. output voltage and ther.m.s. input voltage. 10M
- Q3 a Draw a neat circuit and explain the working of full wave fully controlled 6-pulse 3ϕ bridge circuit with resistive load. Draw the corresponding input and output voltage waveforms when the firing angle $\alpha=90^\circ$. 10M
- b A single phase full wave fully controlled bridge rectifier is operated with an R-L load. Calculate average D.C. output voltage, input power factor, displacement factor and Total Harmonic distortion, if a 50 Hz. Sinusoidal voltage of 220 V. peak is applied. 10M
- Q4 a Explain with a neat circuit diagram and relevant waveforms, the working of a boost regulator and derive the expression for output voltage, filter capacitance and filter inductance. 10M

- Q5 b Explain dynamic characteristics of SCR with wave forms. 10M
a Explain with relevant wave forms any one method to control the magnitude and frequency of the output voltage of the single phase inverter. 10M
c Explain with circuit diagram and waveforms, three phase bridge inverter for 120° conduction mode. 10M
- Q6 Explain the following 20M
- a Basic working principle of Matrix converter.
 - b Any two commutation circuits of SCR
 - c Comparison of fully controlled and half controlled full wave rectifier with R-L load.
 - d Snubber circuit of SCR.