



Q.P. Code : 5256

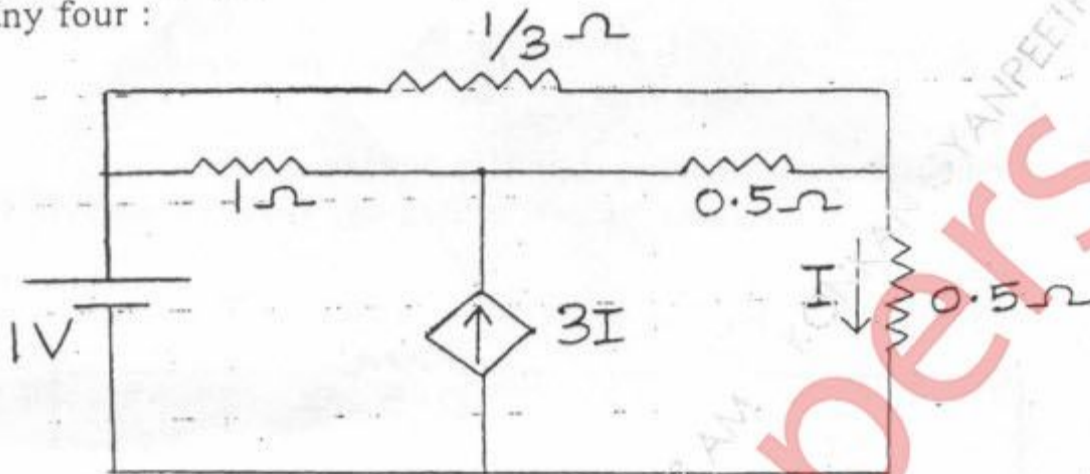
(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 80

- N.B. : (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.
 (2) Answer any three out of remaining questions.
 (3) Assumptions made should be clearly stated.

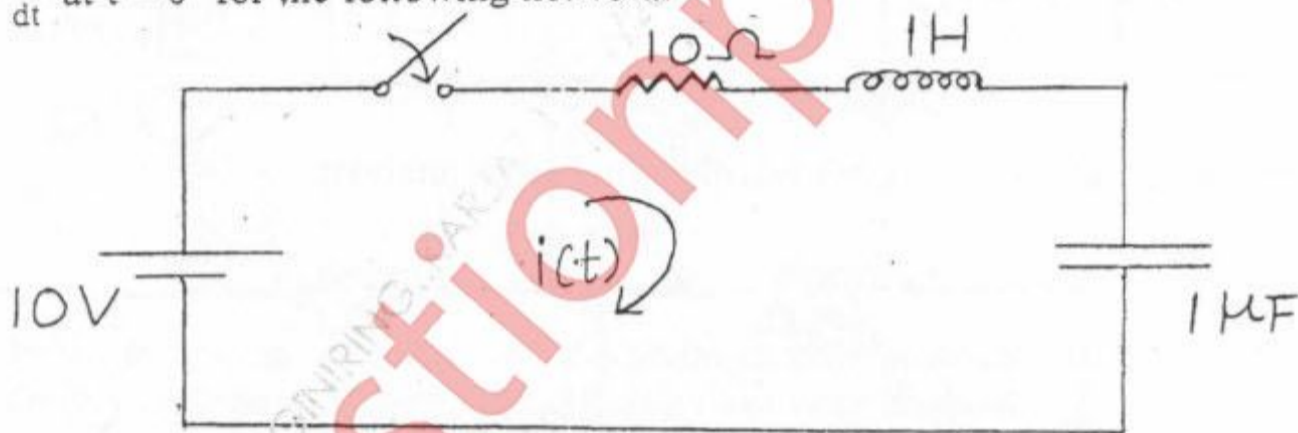
1. Attempt any four :

(a) Find V_s

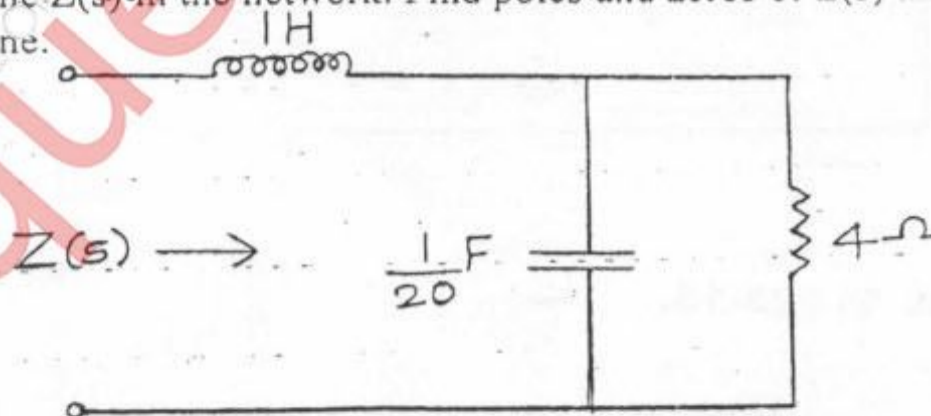


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(b) Switch is closed at $t = 0$. Assuming all initial conditions as zero, find i and $\frac{di}{dt}$ at $t = 0^+$ for the following network.



(c) Determine $Z(s)$ in the network. Find poles and zeros of $Z(s)$ and plot them on s-plane.



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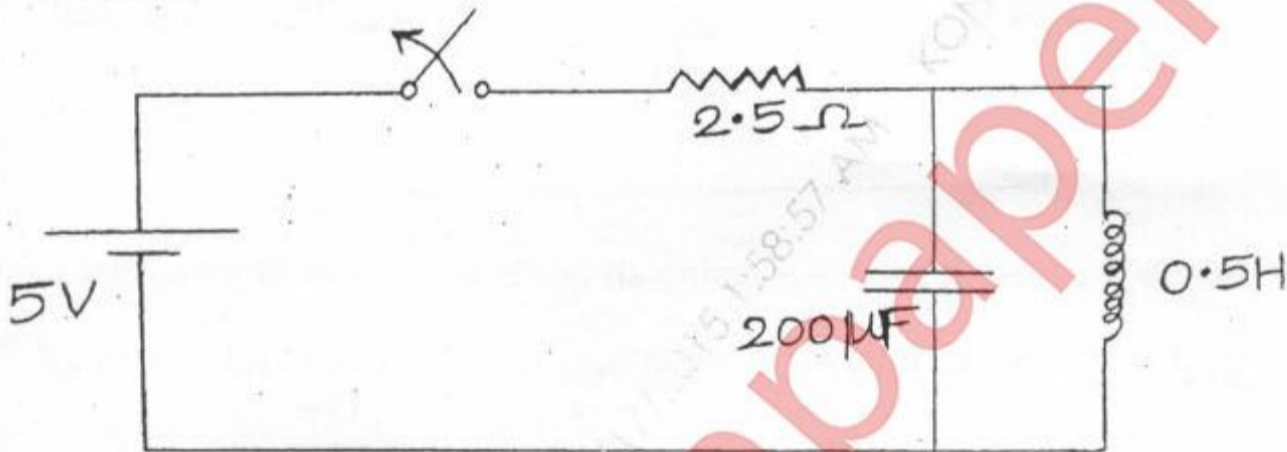
(d) Test whether the following polynomials are Hurwitz.

(i) $P(s) = s^4 + s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 12$

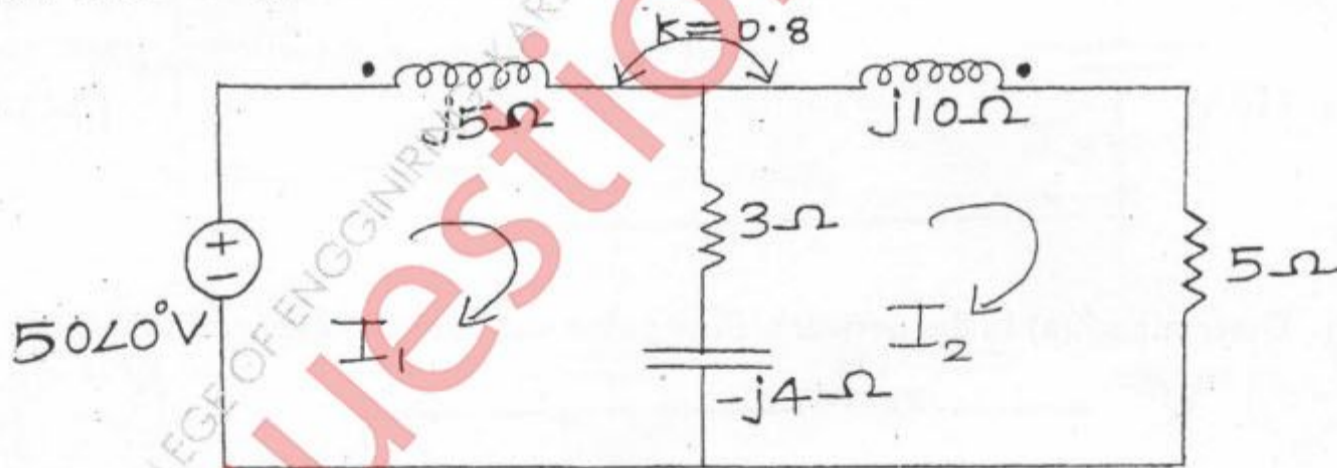
(ii) $P(s) = s^4 + 7s^3 + 6s^2 + 21s + 8$

(e) Using the relation $Y = Z^{-1}$, show that $|z| = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z_{22}}{y_{11}} + \frac{z_{11}}{y_{22}} \right)$

2. (a) For the network shown below, switch is opened at $t = 0$. If steady state is attained before switching, find the current through inductor.



(b) Find voltage across 5Ω resistor using mesh analysis.



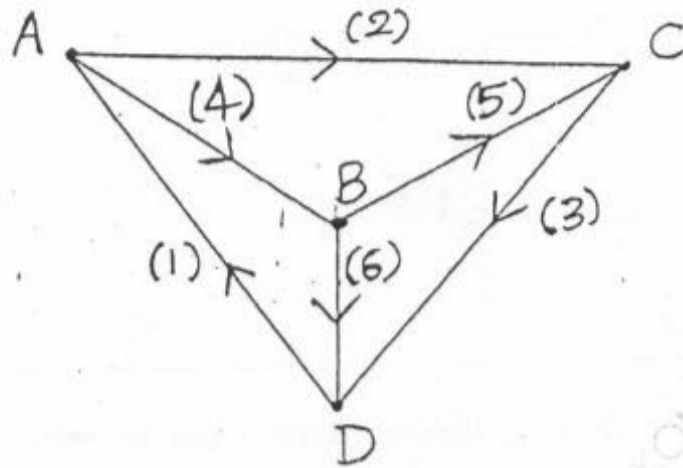
MD-Con. 11523-15.

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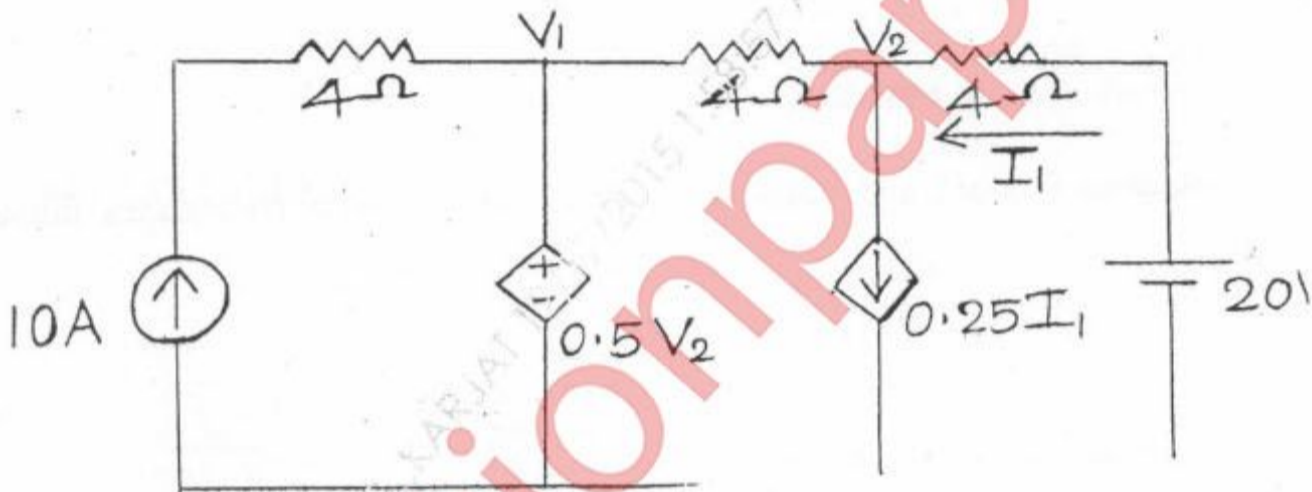
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3. (a) For the following graph of the network, write.
 (i) Incidence Matrix, (ii) Tieset Matrix and (iii) Cutset Matrix

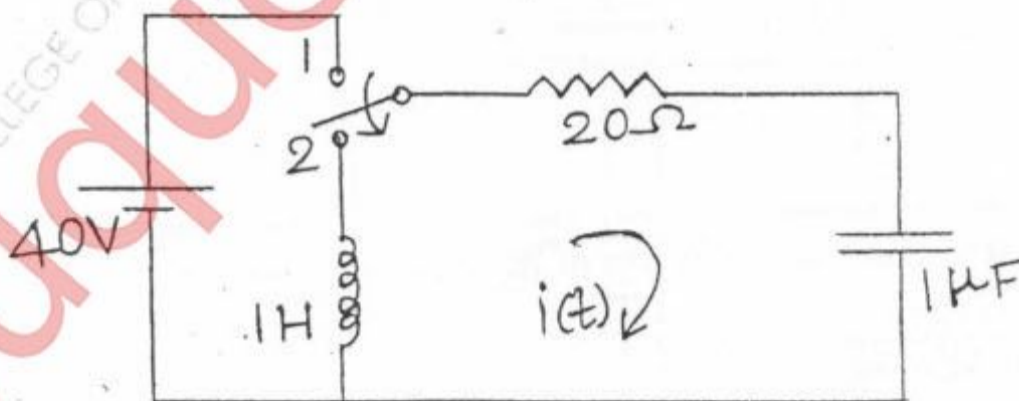


- (b) Using Superposition theorem, determine the voltages V_1 and V_2 .



4. (a) In the following network, switch is changed from position 1 to 2 at $t = 0$. Before switching, steady state condition has been attained.

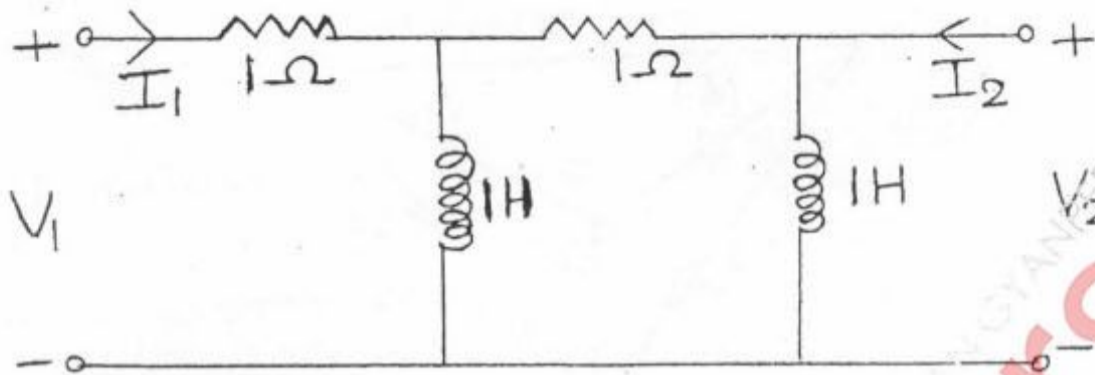
Find : i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$



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(b) Find Z parameters for the network.



5. (a) Test whether the following functions are positive real.

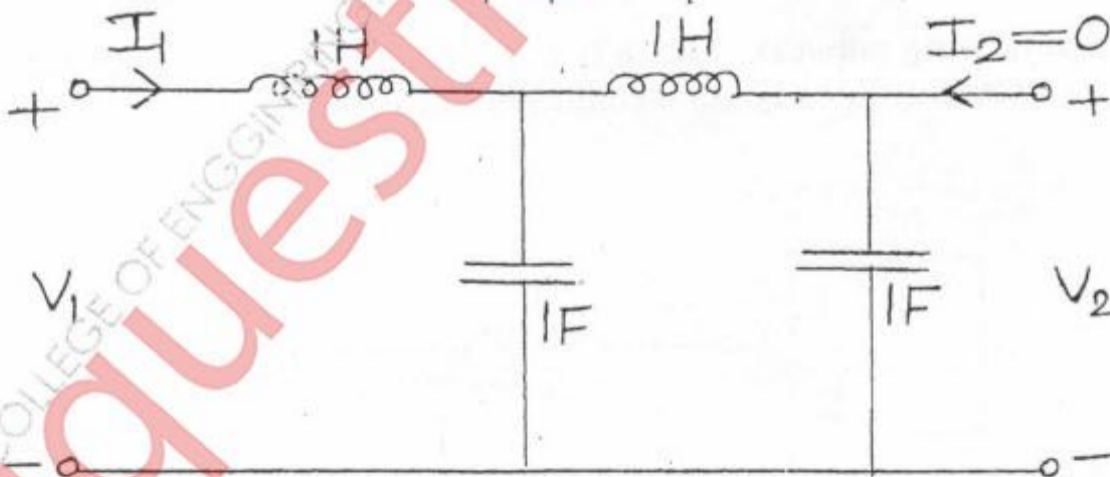
(i) $F(x) = \frac{s^2 + 6x + 5}{x^2 + 9s + 14}$

(ii) $F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s^3 + 4s}$

(b) Realize Foster I and Foster II forms of the following impedance function.

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}{s(s^2 + 2)}$$

6. (a) Find the network functions $\frac{V_1}{I_1}$, $\frac{V_2}{I_1}$ and $\frac{V_1}{I_1}$



(b) Find Cauer I and Cauer II forms of RL impedance function.

$$Z(s) = \frac{2(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)(s+6)}$$