



- N.B: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Attempt any **THREE** questions from remaining.
 (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Answer the following:-

[20]

- (a) State and prove De Morgan's theorems.
 (b) Implement 4:1 MUX using logic gates.
 (c) Explain the difference between combinational and sequential circuits.
 (d) Simplify the following expression using K Map.
 $F = \sum (0, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 13, 15)$

2. (a) Convert :-

[10]

- i. $(1010.101)_2$ to Decimal.
 ii. $(1085)_{10}$ to Octal.
 iii. $(1011)_2$ to Gray.
 iv. $(34FB)_{16}$ to Binary.
 v. $(177.1)_8$ to Binary.

(b) Perform: -

[05]

- i. Add $(9BDE)_{16}$ and $(ABCD)_{16}$
 ii Divide 110110 by 101

(c) Compare demultiplexer and decoder.

[05]

3. (a) Prove the following using Boolean algebra and draw the logic circuit.

[10]

- i. $(A+B)(A+\bar{B}) = A$
 ii. $AB + \bar{A}C = AB + \bar{A}C + BC$

(b) Convert JK flip-flop to T flip-flop and D flip-flop.

[10]

4. (a) Design 4 bit Binary to Gray code converter.

[10]

(b) Implement full adder using logic gates.

[10]

5. (a) Design a MOD 5 synchronous counter using JK flip flops.

[10]

(b) What is Shift register? Explain the working of 4 bit bidirectional shift register.

[10]

6. Write note on: - (any Four)

[20]

(a) PAL and PLA, (b) ALU, (c) Priority Encoder, (d) ECL Family,

(e) Basic dynamic RAM Cell.
