

Q.P. Code: 25119

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

N. B.

- (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining questions.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Solve any five :- 20
 - a) Explain measurement of medium resistance.
 - b) Explain classification of analog instruments.
 - c) Explain resolution and sensitivity of digital meter.
 - d) Compare slide wire potentiometer and Crompton's potentiometer.
 - e) Explain classification of Transducers in brief.
 - f) Short note on - basic Q meter.
2.
 - a) Explain working principle, construction of PMMC type meter and derive the torque equation. 10
 - b) Explain the Construction and Working of Maxwell's Bridge. Also Derive the equation for unknown inductance. Draw the phasor diagram. 10
3.
 - a) A PMMC instrument with full scale deflection of $100 \mu\text{A}$ and coil resistance of 50Ω is to be converted into a multimeter to measure voltage (0-500V) and current (0-10A). Find the suitable values of shunt and multiplier resistance required. 10
 - b) Explain the construction and working of LVDT. 10
4.
 - a) Explain with neat sketch Piezo-electric transducers and derive the expression for magnitude of voltage across the load by making simplifying assumptions. List the advantages and disadvantages. 10
 - b) Explain in detail different types of error that occur during measurement. Write expression for relative limiting error. 10
5.
 - a) Explain construction and working of Electrodynamometer type power factor meter. Also derive the torque equation. 10
 - b) Explain with block diagram: Ramp type digital voltmeter. Also write its advantages and disadvantages. 10
6. Write a short note on-
 - a) Digital frequency meter 07
 - b) Megger 07
 - c) Calibration of wattmeter 06