

Instructions:

1. Question No: 1 is compulsory.
2. Answer any three from the remaining five questions.
3. Answers to questions should be grouped and written together.

(5 x 4)

- 1
 - a) Draw the block diagram of a DC power supply system and explain the terms
a) rectification efficiency b) ripple factor c) PIV.
 - b) State the advantages of negative feedback.
 - c) Compare RC and LC oscillators.
 - d) Explain with V-I characteristics the working principle of a Schottky diode.
- 2
 - a) Explain the Barkhausen Criteria of Oscillations. (08)
 - b) Draw the hybrid equivalent model of voltage divider bias CE amplifier with R_E bypassed and derive the expression for voltage gain and input impedance. (12)
- 3
 - a) Draw the small signal equivalent circuit of an n-channel JFET amplifier with R_s bypassed and un bypassed and derive the expression of voltage gain in each case. (10)
 - b) Find the voltage gain of a two stage cascaded JFET amplifier with the following parameters. (10)
 $V_{DD} = 20V$, $R_{G1} = R_{G2} = 3.3M\Omega$, $R_{D1} = R_{D2} = 2.4K\Omega$, $R_{S1} = R_{S2} = 680\Omega$,
 $I_{DSS} = 10mA$, $V_P = -4V$.
- 4
 - a) Explain the different thermal compensation techniques in BJT amplifiers (08)
 - b) State and draw each topology of negative feedback and explain the effect on i/p impedance, o/p impedance and voltage gain for Current Series Negative Feedback. (12)
- 5
 - a) Draw the circuit diagram of dual input balanced output (DIBO) differential amplifier and derive the relevant AC parameters. (10)
 - b) Derive the equation for frequency of oscillation of RC phase shift oscillator using JFET as basic amplifier. Derive the condition of oscillation. (10)
- 6
 - a) Draw neat diagram of UJT relaxation oscillator. Explain its operation. Derive the expression for frequency of output signal. Draw various waveforms. (10)
 - b) What is Darlington configuration? Derive the expression of voltage gain of Darlington pair emitter follower. (10)