

Time Duration: 3Hr

Total Marks: 80



N.B.:1) Question no.1 is compulsory.

2) Attempt any three questions from Q.2to Q.6.

3) Use of statistical tables permitted.

4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Maximum
Marks

- Q1. a) Evaluate $\int_C |z|dz$, where C is the left half of unit circle $|z| = 1$ from $z = -i$ to $z = i$. [5]
- b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, then find the eigen values of $4A^{-1} + 3A + 2I$. [5]
- c) If the tangent of the angle made by the line of regression of y on x is 0.6 and $\sigma_y = 2\sigma_x$, find the correlation coefficient between x and y. [5]
- d) Construct the dual of the following L.P.P. [5]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimise } z &= x_2 + 3x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } &2x_1 + x_2 \leq 3 \\ &x_1 + 2x_2 + 6x_3 \geq 5 \\ &-x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 2 \\ &x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- Q2. a) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$, where c is the circle $|z - 1| = 3$. [6]
- b) Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & 7 & -1 \\ -4 & -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ is derogatory. [6]
- c) For a normal variate with mean 2.5 and standard deviation 3.5, find the probability that (i) $2 \leq X \leq 4.5$, (ii) $-1.5 \leq X \leq 5.3$. [8]
- Q3. a) The daily consumption of electric power is a random variable X with probability [6]

$$\text{distribution function } f(x) = \begin{cases} kxe^{-\frac{x}{3}}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Find the value of k, the expectation of k and the probability that on a given day the electric consumption is more than expected value.

- b) Solve the following L.P.P. by simplex method [6]
- $$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximise } z &= 4x_1 + 10x_2 \\ \text{Subject to } &2x_1 + x_2 \leq 10 \\ &2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 20 \\ &2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 18 \\ &x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$
- c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{2}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ in the regions (i) $|z| < 1$ (ii) $1 < |z| < 2$ (iii) $|z| > 2$. [8]

- Q4. a) The incidence of an occupational disease in an industry is such that the workers have 20% chance of suffering from it. What is the probability that out of 6 workers chosen at random 4 or more will be suffering from the disease? [6]
- b) Calculate the coefficient of correlation between X and Y from the following data. [6]

X	3	5	4	6	2
Y	3	4	5	2	6

- c) Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 & 4 \\ -8 & 3 & 4 \\ -16 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. Find the transforming matrix M and the diagonal form D. [8]

Q5.a) Can it be concluded that the average life- span of an Indian is more than 70 years, if a random sample of 100 Indians has an average life span of 71.8 years with standard deviation 8.9 years? [6]

b) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{3+2\cos\theta}$, using Cauchy's residue theorem. [6]

c) Using the Kuhn – Tucker conditions, solve the following N.L.P.P. [8]

Maximise $z = x_1^2 + x_2^2$
 Subject to $x_1 + x_2 - 4 \leq 0$
 $2x_1 + x_2 - 5 \leq 0$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

Q6.a) A die was thrown 132 times and the following frequencies were observed. [6]

No obtained	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Frequency	15	20	25	15	29	28	132

Test the hypothesis that the die is unbiased.

b) Two independent samples of sizes 8 and 7 gave the following results. [6]

Sample 1	19	17	15	21	16	18	16	14
Sample 2	15	14	15	19	15	18	16	

Is the difference between sample means significant?

b) Using Penalty (Big-M) method solve the following L.P.P. [8]

Maximise $z = 3x_1 - x_2$
 Subject to $2x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 3$
 $x_2 \leq 4$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

ALL THE BEST!