

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80]

N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory

(2) Assume suitable data if necessary

(3) Attempt any three questions from remaining questions

1

- (a) Convert  $(1473.45)_{10}$  into octal, binary and hexadecimal. (3)
- (b) Add  $(57)_{10}$  and  $(26)_{10}$  in BCD. (3)
- (c) Prove OR-AND configuration is equivalent to NOR-NOR configuration. (4)
- (d) Subtract using 1's and 2's complement method  $(15)_{10} - (21)_{10}$ . (4)
- (e) Encode the data bits 0 1 0 1 into a seven bit even parity Hamming code. (2)
- (f) Prove NAND as universal gate. (2)
- (g) Define a redundant group. (2)

2 (a) Given the logic expression: (10)

$$AB + A\bar{C} + C + AD + A\bar{B}C + ABC$$

1. Express in standard SOP
2. Draw the K-map for the equation
3. Minimize and realise using NAND gates only.

(b) Design 2-bit magnitude comparator. (10)

3 (a) Design a logic circuit to convert BCD to Gray code. (10)

(b) Implement a full adder using demultiplexer. (10)

4 (a) Compare different logic families with respect to fan in, fan out, speed, propagation delay and power dissipation. (5)

(b) Design 16:1 Multiplexer using 4:1 Multiplexer. (5)

(c) Explain 4 bit bidirectional shift register. (10)

5 (a) Design mod 12 asynchronous down counter. (10)

(b) Convert D flipflop to JK flipflop and SR flipflop. (10)

6 Write short note on (any four):- (20)

- (a) Multivibrators
- (b) VHDL
- (c) Race around condition
- (d) State table
- (e) Ring Counter