

N.B.: (1) Question No 1 is compulsory

(2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions

(3) Non Programmable calculator is allowed

- Q.1) a) Evaluate by Stokes' Theorem, $\oint_C (e^x dx + 2y dy - dz)$ where C is the curve bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, $z = 2$ [5]
- b) Show that the set of functions $\{\sin(2n+1)x\}, n=0,1,2,\dots$ is orthogonal in the interval $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$. Hence construct corresponding orthonormal set of functions. [5]
- c) Find the Fourier sine and cosine transforms of $f(x) = x^{m-1}$. [5]
- d) For what values of x and y the given partial differential equation is hyperbolic, parabolic, or elliptic $(y+1) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = x + y$ [5]

- Q.2) a) Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x|x|$ in the interval $(-1,1)$ [6]
- b) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = 1, |x| < a$
 $= 0, |x| > a$ [6]

Hence find the value of $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$.

- c) Verify Green's Theorem for $\oint_C (y - \sin x) dx + \cos x dy$ where C is the plane triangle bounded by the lines $y=0, x = \frac{\pi}{2}, y = \frac{2x}{\pi}$. [8]

- Q.3) a) If $\vec{F} = 2xyz\mathbf{i} + (x^2z + 2y)\mathbf{j} + (x^2y)\mathbf{k}$ then
i) Prove that \vec{F} is irrotational
ii) Find its scalar potential ϕ
iii) Find the work done in moving a particle under this force field from $(0,1,1)$ to $(1,2,0)$. [6]
- b) The vibrations of an elastic string is governed by the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$. A string is stretched and fastened to two points l apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = a \sin(\frac{\pi x}{l})$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$. Show that the displacement of any point at a distance x from one end at time t is given by $y(x,t) = a \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{\pi ct}{l}$. [6]
- c) Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = \pi x, 0 \leq x < 1$;
 $= 0, x = 1$;
 $= \pi(x-2), 1 < x < 2$ [8]

Hence deduce that $\frac{\pi^2}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$

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21/5/15

(2)

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2

- Q4) a) Find the complex form of Fourier series of $f(x) = \sin ax$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ where a is not an integer. [6]
- b) Evaluate $\iiint_S x^3 dydz + x^2 y dzdx + x^2 z dx dy$ where S is the closed surface consisting of the circular cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = a^2, z=0$ and $z=b$. [6]
- c) The equation of one dimensional heat flow is given by $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$. [8]
 A bar of 10 cm long with insulated sides has its ends A and B maintained at temperatures 50°C and 100°C respectively, until steady-state conditions prevail. The temperature at A is suddenly raised to 90°C and at the same time at B is lowered to 60°C . Find the temperature distribution in the bar at time t .
- Q5) a) Evaluate by Green's theorem $\oint_C (y^3 - xy) dx + (xy + 3xy^2) dy$ where C is the bounded by the square with vertices $(0,0), (\frac{\pi}{2}, 0), (\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}), (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$. [6]
- b) Find the Fourier sine integral of the function $f(x) = x, 0 < x < 1$ [6]
 $= 2-x, 1 < x < 2$
 $= 0, x > 2$
- c) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ for $0 < x < \pi, 0 < y < \pi$, with conditions given: $u(0,y) = u(\pi,y) = u(x,0) = 0, u(x,\pi) = \sin^2 x$. [8]
- Q6) a) Using Stokes' theorem find the work done in moving a particle once around the perimeter of the triangle with vertices at $(2,0,0), (0,3,0)$ and $(0,0,6)$ under the force field $\vec{F} = (x+y)\mathbf{i} + (2x-z)\mathbf{j} + (y+z)\mathbf{k}$. [6]
- b) Find the half range sine series of $f(x) = x, 0 \leq x \leq 2;$ [6]
 $= 4-x, 2 \leq x \leq 4$
- c) Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$. Hence derive the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ [8]