

Q.P. Code :00904

[Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Marks:75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
 2. Make **suitable assumptions** wherever necessary and **state the assumptions** made.
 3. Answer to the **same question** must be **written together**.
 4. Numbers to the **right** indicate **marks**.
 5. Draw **neat labelled diagram** wherever **necessary**.
 6. Use of **Non-programmable** calculators is **allowed**.

Q.1 Attempt any three of the following:

(15)

- a. Define digital signal. With respect to digital signal explain the terms – digits and bits. Also discuss active high and active low signal.
- b. What are different numbering system used? Convert following numbers to required numbering system.
(i) $(11001011.01110)_2 = (?)_{10}$
(ii) $(1100110.011010)_2 = (?)_{16}$
- c. What are codes? Where are they used? Differentiate between weighted and non-weighted codes. Give one example of each.
- d. Explain how negative numbers are represented in binary numbering system. Discuss properties of 2's complement.
- e. Perform following arithmetic operations after converting the numbers to binary numbering system -
(i) $(10)_{10} \div (4)_{10}$
(ii) $(727)_8 - (234)_8$
(iii) $(DADA)_{16} + (BABA)_{16}$
- f. Add following BCD numbers
(i) $(56)_{10}$ and $(23)_{10}$
(ii) $(82)_{10}$ and $(34)_{10}$

Q.2 Attempt any three of the following:

(15)

- a. Draw logic circuit and make truth table to prove the following Boolean theorems-
i) $A \cdot 0 = 0$
ii) $(A \cdot B) \cdot C = A \cdot (B \cdot C)$
- b. Using rules of Boolean algebra, solve $y = (x + z) (x' + y + z)$. Draw a logic circuit using suitable gates to implement the simplified equation.
- c. What is meant by universal logic gate? Draw logic circuits showing construction of Ex-OR gate using NAND gate and using NOR gate
- d. $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m (0,1,2,5,13,15)$. Draw k-map and find minimized Boolean expression

[TURN OVER]

Q.P. Code :00904

- e. What is meant by don't care conditions? Explain how are they used in simplifying an expression using a k-map. Use the following example-

$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m (1,4,8,12,13,15) + d(3,14)$$

- f. What are disadvantages of k-map? Explain the Q- M method. Discuss the terms 'prime implicant', 'code word' and 'reduction table'.

Q.3 Attempt any three of the following: (15)

- a. A 4 bit binary number is represented by $A_3A_2A_1A_0$ where $A_3A_2A_1$ and A_0 represent the individual bits with A_0 equals to the bits with A_0 equal to the LSB. Design a logic circuit that will produce a HIGH output whenever binary number is greater than $(0010)_2$ and less than $(1000)_2$.
- b. Convert 4 bit binary to 4 bit gray. Draw the truth table, necessary k-maps and logic circuit.
- c. Design a BCD TO 7 segment decoder. Realize the circuit using NAND gates only.
- d. Implement 8 bit adder 4 bit full adder.
- e. Draw circuit and explain working of BCD sub tractor.
- f. Write a note on fast multiplier.

Q.4 Attempt any three of the following: (15)

- a. Implement following function using 8:1 Mux
 $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum M (2,4,5,7,10,14)$
- b. What are data distributor (demultiplexer)? Explain basic operation of 2 output demultiplexer.
- c. Draw block dig and explain operation of 74180 monolithic 8 bit checker/ generator.
- d. Explain the need of preset and clear pins in RS flip flop? With neat block dig and truth table explain the working of RS flip flop.
- e. Write a note on master slave JK flip flop.
- f. Discuss various applications of flip flops.

Q.5 Attempt any three of the following: (15)

- a. Explain the working of Asynchronous / ripple counter.
- b. Design mod – 4 regular sequential synchronous up counter using TFF.
- c. Write truth table for mod 6 counter in IC 7492.
- d. Explain the difference between serial shifting and parallel shifting of data in shift register.
- e. Explain how sequence generator circuit works. Explain with one example.
- f. Write a note on ring counter.