

(2½ Hours)

[Total Marks: 75]

- N.B. (1) All questions are compulsory.
 (2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions

(15 M)

(a) Choose the best choice for the following questions:

(5 M)

- (i) If f_1 and f_2 are two functions from R to R such that $f_1(x) = x^2$ and $f_2(x) = x - x^2$, then $(f_1+f_2)(x)$ is given by
 (a) x (b) x^2 (c) $-x$ (d) None of these
- (ii) Let $\{a_n\}$ be a sequence that satisfies the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + 3$ for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, and suppose that $a_0 = 2$. What are a_1 and a_2 ?
 (a) 5 and 8 respectively (b) 8 and 5 respectively
 (c) 3 and 5 respectively (d) None of these
- (iii) A class contains 10 students with 6 men and 4 women. Number of ways to elect a president, vice president, and treasurer is:
 (a) 132 (b) 122 (c) 120 (d) 121
- (iv) There are four bus lines between A and B , and three bus lines between B and C . Number of ways that a man can travel by bus from A to C by way of B is
 (a) 10 (b) 11 (c) 12 (d) 13
- (v) An undirected graph with no multiple edges or loops is called
 (a) tree (b) complex graph (c) simple graph (d) pseudo graph.

(b) Fill in the blanks for the following questions:

(5M)

- (i) A function f such that $f(x) = x$ for any x in the domain of f is said to be a _____ function.
- (ii) A relation R on a set A is called _____ if whenever $(a, b) \in R$ and $(b, c) \in R$, then $(a, c) \in R$, for all $a, b, c \in A$.
- (iii) The Gödel number of a word $w = a_5a_2a_3a_1a_2$ is _____
- (iv) If a first task can be done in n_1 ways and a second task in n_2 ways, and if these tasks cannot be done at the same time then there are _____ ways to do either task.
- (v) Let G be a directed graph and v be a vertex of G . The number of edges ending at v is called _____.

(c) Answer the following questions:

(5M)

- (i) Why is f , defined by $f(x) = 1/(1-x)$, not a function from R to R ?
- (ii) Find the Fibonacci numbers f_2 and f_3 .
- (iii) State the essential difference between permutations and combinations, with examples.

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- (iv) State Product rule in counting of objects.
 (v) What does it mean for a string to be derivable from a string ω by phase structure grammar G ?

2. Answer any *three* of the following:

(15 M)

- (a) Let $S = \{-1, 0, 2, 4, 7\}$. Find $f(S)$ if (i) $f(x) = 1$, (ii) $f(x) = 2x + 1$.
 (b) Define one-to-one function. Determine whether each of the following functions from $\{a, b, c, d\}$ to itself is one-to-one.
 i) $f(a) = b, f(b) = a, f(c) = c, f(d) = d$
 ii) $f(a) = b, f(b) = b, f(c) = d, f(d) = c$
 (c) Let R be the relation on the set of real numbers such that aRb if and only if $a - b$ is an integer. Is R an equivalence relation? Justify your answer.
 (d) Define a poset. Is (S, R) a poset if S is the set of all people in the world and $(a, b) \in R$, where a and b are people, if
 i) a is no shorter than b ?
 ii) a weighs more than b ?
 (e) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 4a_{n-1} - 4a_{n-2}$ for $n \geq 2, a_0 = 6, a_1 = 8$.
 (f) Describe Tower of Hanoi puzzle. Formulate a recurrence relation for it.

3. Answer any *three* of the following:

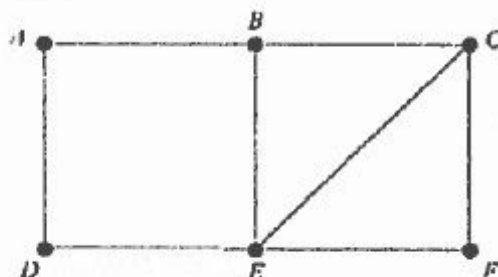
(15 M)

- (a) How many ways in which 5 men and 5 women stand in a row so that no two men and no two women are adjacent to each other?
 (b) State and prove Pascal identity.
 (c) State Pigeonhole principle. A chess player has 77 days to prepare for a serious tournament. He decides to practice by playing at least one game per day and a total of 132 games. Show that there is a succession of days during which he must have played exactly 21 games.
 (d) How many integers between 1 and 600 (both inclusive) are not divisible by 3, 5 or 7?
 (e) Define a language L over an alphabet A . Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$. Find L^* where language $L = \{a, b, c^3\}$.
 (f) Let $A = \{a, b\}$. Construct an automaton M which will accept precisely those words from A which ends in two b 's.

4. Answer any *three* of the following:

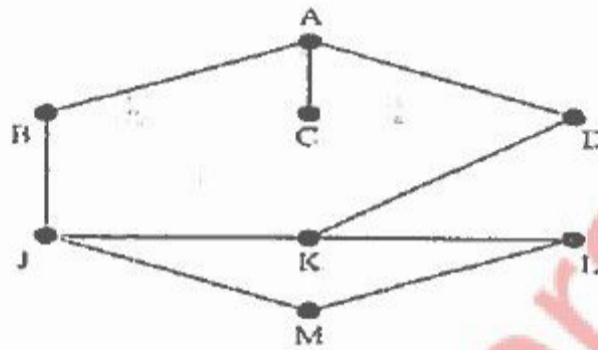
(15 M)

- (a) Consider the graph G in the following figure. Find: (i) all cycles which include vertex A , (ii) all cycles in G .



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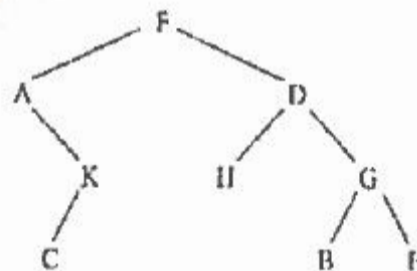
- (b) Consider the graph G in the following figure (where the vertices are ordered alphabetically). (i) Find the adjacency structure of G . (ii) Find the order in which the vertices of G are processed using a Breadth-first search algorithm beginning at vertex A .



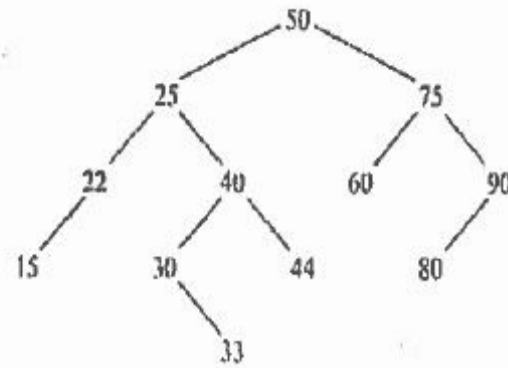
- (c) Suppose a graph G contains two distinct paths from a vertex u to a vertex v . Show that G has a cycle.
 (d) Draw the graph G corresponding to each adjacency matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (e) Consider the binary tree T in the following figure.
 (i) Traverse T using the inorder algorithm.
 (ii) Traverse T using the postorder algorithm.



- (f) Let T be the binary search tree in the following figure. Suppose nodes 22, 25, 75 are deleted one after the other from T . Find the final tree T .



5. Answer any *three* of the following:

(15 M)

- Draw the Hasse diagram for divisibility on the set $\{1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64\}$.
 - How many solutions does the equation $x+y+z=11$ have, where x, y and z are non-negative integers with $x \geq 3, y \geq 1$ and $z \geq 0$?
 - Find all solutions of the recurrence relation $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 3^n$.
 - What is the coefficient of $x^{12}y^{13}$ in the expansion $(x+y)^{25}$ using binomial theorem.
 - Draw all possible non similar binary trees T with three nodes.
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