AP-II SEM-II CBSGS 24/11/15

QP Code: 5808

## (2 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 60

N.B.:

- (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- (2) Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6
- (3) Use suitable data wherever required.
- (4) Figures to right indicate full marks.

Attempt any five of the following:

- (a) Fringes of equal thickness are observed in a thin glass wedge of R.I-1.52.

  The fringe spacing is 1mm and wavelength of light used is 5893A°. Calculate the angle of the wedge.
- (b) What is meant by diffraction? State its types and differentiate them.
- (c) The core diameter of multimode step Index fibre is 50μm. The mimerical aperature is 0.25. Calculate the no. of guided modes at an operating wavelength of 0.75μm.
- (d) Differentiate spontaneones and stimulated emission process related to laser operation.
- (e) How is phase difference between two A.C. signals measured by CRO?
- (f) What is De-Broglie wavelength of an electron which has been accelerated from rest through a potential difference of 100V?
- (g) How can the 'Maglev' train have very high speed?
- 2. (a) Show that the diameter of Newton's n'h ring is directly proportional to square root of ring number. In a Newton's ring pattern one of the dark ring due to light of wavelength 7000A° is found to coincide with the dark righ of next order due to 5000A°. If the radius of curvature of the lens is 148.8cm. Find the diameter of the overlapping dark ring.
  - (b) Define: (i) Numberical aperature
    - (ii) Total internal reflection
    - (iii) Acceptance angle

Derive the expression for numerical aperature of step index fibre.

- (a) What is Holography? Explain the construction and reconstruction of 8
   Hologram with neat diagrams.
  - Why are the fringes in Wedge shaped film striaght? Derive the conditions of maxima and minima for interference in wedge shaped film.

[TURN OVER

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ADAR PATELLES

(a) A diffraction grating used at normal incidence gives a yellow line 4. (λ=6000A°) in a certain spectral order superimposed on a blue line (λ=4800A<sup>0</sup>) of next higher order. If the angle of diffraction is sin<sup>-1</sup>(3/4), Calculate the grating element. (b) Derive Schrodingers time-independent wave equation. (c) Differentiate Type-I and Type-II super conductor. (a) The visible spectrum ranges from 4000A° to 7000A°. Find the angular 5. 5 breadth of the first order visible spectrum produced by a plane grating having 6000 lines/cm when light is incident normally on the grating. (b) Show that the energy of an electron in a box varies as the square of the 5 natural number. (c) What are carbon-nano tubes? Explain its properties? 5 (a) With single slit electron diffraction, prove Heisenberg's uncertainty 5 principle. (b) Explain the principle, construction and working of CRT with neat diagram. 5 (c) Explain the top down approach and bottom up approach to prepare 5 nanomaterials.