

Time: 03 Hours

Marks: 80

Note: 1. Question 1 is compulsory

2. Answer any three out of remaining five questions.
3. Assume any suitable data wherever required and justify the same.

- Q1 a) Define Machine Learning (ML) Briefly explain the types of learning. [5]
 b) "Entropy is a thermodynamic function used to measure the disorder of a system in Chemistry." How do you suitably clarify the concept of entropy in ML? [5]
 c) State the principle of Occam's Razar. Which ML algorithm uses this principle? [5]
 d) Explain Bayesian Belief Network with an example. [5]

- Q2 a) Use the k-means clustering algorithm and Euclidean distance to cluster the following eight 8 examples into three clusters: [10]
 $A_1 = (2, 10)$, $A_2 = (2, 5)$, $A_3 = (8, 4)$, $A_4 = (5, 8)$, $A_5 = (7, 5)$, $A_6 = (6, 4)$, $A_7 = (1, 2)$, $A_8 = (4, 9)$. Find the new centroid at every new point entry into the cluster group. Assume initial cluster centers as A_1 , A_4 and A_7 .
 b) Compare and contrast Linear and Logistic regressions with respect to their mechanisms of prediction. [10]

- Q3 a) Find predicted value of Y for one epoch and RMSE using Linear regression. [10]

X	Y-Actual
2	1
3	3
4	6
5	9
6	11
7	13
8	15
9	17
10	20

- b) Find the new revised θ for the given problem using Expectation -Maximization Algorithm for one epoch. [10]

1	H	T	T	T	H	H	T	H	T	H
2	H	H	H	H	H	T	H	H	H	H
3	H	T	H	H	H	H	H	T	H	H
4	H	T	H	T	T	T	H	H	T	T
5	T	H	H	H	T	H	H	H	T	H

$\Theta_A = 0.6$ and $\Theta_B = 0.5$

- Q4 a) For the given set of points identify clusters using single linkage and draw the dendrogram with cluster separation line emerging at 1.3. Find how many clusters are formed below the line? [10]

Dist	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	0.00	0.71	5.66	3.61	4.24	3.20
B	0.71	0.00	4.95	2.92	3.54	2.50
C	5.66	4.95	0.00	2.24	1.41	2.50
D	3.61	2.92	2.24	0.00	1.00	0.50
E	4.24	3.54	1.41	1.00	0.00	1.12
F	3.20	2.50	2.50	0.50	1.12	0.00

- b) Use Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to arrive at the transformed matrix for the given matrix A. [10]

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Q5 a) Find optimal hyper plane for the following points: [10]
 {(1, 1), (2, 1), (1, -1), (2,-1), (4, 0), (5, 1), (6, 0)}

- b) The following table consists of training data from an employee database. The data have been generalized. For example, “31 . . . 35” for age represents the age range of 31 to 35. For a given row entry, count represents the number of data tuples having the values for department, status, age, and salary given in that row. Let the status be the class-label attribute. [10]

- (i) Design a multilayer feed-forward neural network for the given data. Label the nodes in the input and output layers.
 (ii) Using the multilayer feed-forward neural network obtained in (i), show the weight values after one iteration of the back propagation algorithm, given the training instance “(sales, senior, 31 . . . 35, 46K . . . 50K)”.

Assume initial weight values and biases. Assume learning rate to be 0.9. Use binary input and draw (one input layer, one output layer and one hidden layer) neural network. Solve the problem for one epoch.

department	status	age	salary	count
sales	senior	31 ... 35	46K ... 50K	30
sales	junior	26 ... 30	26K ... 30K	40
sales	junior	31 ... 35	31K ... 35K	40
systems	junior	21 ... 25	46K ... 50K	20
systems	senior	31 ... 35	66K ... 70K	5
systems	junior	26 ... 30	46K ... 50K	3
systems	senior	41 ... 45	66K ... 70K	3
marketing	senior	36 ... 40	46K ... 50K	10
marketing	junior	31 ... 35	41K ... 45K	4
secretary	senior	46 ... 50	36K ... 40K	4
secretary	junior	26 ... 30	26K ... 30K	6

- Q6 Write short notes on any two of the following: [20]

- a) Machine Learning Applications
 b) Temporal Difference Learning
 c) Independent Component Analysis
